BAY COUNTY FLORIDA

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

OF

BAY COUNTY, FLORIDA

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

PREPARED BY THE OFFICE

OF

BILL KINSAUL CLERK OF COURT AND COMPTROLLER

KATY NAIL FINANCE OFFICER

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March 29, 2023

Honorable Tommy Hamm, Chairman and Distinguished Members of the Board of County Commissioners Honorable Tommy Ford, Sheriff Honorable Mark A. Andersen, Supervisor of Elections Honorable Dan Sowell, Property Appraiser Honorable Chuck Perdue, Tax Collector Bay County, Florida

Dear Sir or Madam,

We are pleased to present to you and the citizens of Bay County the accompanying Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of Bay County, Florida (the "County") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. This report was prepared by the Division of Board Finance within the Office of the Clerk of Court & Comptroller. Responsibility for the accuracy of the presented data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Clerk as Chief Financial Officer and Comptroller of Bay County. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly represent the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. We further believe that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included.

The purpose of this letter is to give insight to the County's financial operations for the fiscal year. The ACFR is designed to meet the needs of a wide range of financial statement users.

A wealth of information is presented in this report and we encourage your careful review to obtain a clear picture of the financial position of Bay County. We would like to recommend that you read the complementary information offered in the Management's Discussion and Analysis on Page B-5.

General

The County's financial statements have been prepared to meet the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments* (GASB 34). GASB 34 establishes a reporting model that the County has reported in five parts:

- 1. Management's Discussion and Analysis: a narrative report providing significant information about the County and how the County's financial position has changed from September 30, 2021 to September 30, 2022 and the reasons for the change;
- Government-wide Financial Statements: statements which report on the governmental and business-type assets, liabilities, expenses and revenues of the County;
- 3. Fund Financial Statements: statements which report on the major individual governmental and proprietary funds of the County;
- 4. Budgetary Comparisons for the County's general fund and major special revenue funds, and
- 5. The notes to the financial statements.

Accounting System and Budgetary Control

The accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis with revenue being recorded upon determination that it is both available and measurable. Expenditures for general governmental operations are recorded when the services or goods are received and the liabilities incurred. Accounting records for enterprise and internal service funds are converted to the full accrual basis of accounting at fiscal year-end for reporting purposes.

In developing and evaluating the accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of the internal control structure. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding, (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that, (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework.

State law requires counties and their elected officials to develop balanced budgets to provide for the operation of their offices. Details of expenditures to be made and the resources available to meet these proposed obligations must be included in the budget. Upon adoption, the budget document becomes the legal basis for carrying out the activities of the County. Except as noted within the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, the Board of County Commissioners adopts budgets for all funds. The Property Appraiser and the Tax Collector's budgets are approved by the Florida Department of Revenue. The Sheriff and Supervisor of Elections prepare budgets for their General Funds, which are submitted to and approved by the Board. The Clerk of Court & Comptroller, as ex-officio Clerk to the Board, prepares and submits a budget for services provided to the Board of County Commissioners for their approval. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except as noted in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Expenditures cannot exceed the total amount budgeted for each fund. Budget control is maintained by a computerized encumbrance system, which restricts budgetary amounts upon input. Purchase orders that exceed account appropriations are not released until additional appropriations are made available. All appropriations lapse at year-end. If required, encumbrances are reestablished at the beginning of the new fiscal year if the funds are appropriated in the annual budget.

The Reporting Entity and Its Services

Bay County is a non-chartered county established under the legal authority of the Constitution and the Laws of the State of Florida. The County provides a full range of services. These include tax assessments and collections, state and county courts, public safety (law enforcement, fire and EMS), physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human services and general administrative services. In addition, the County also operates four enterprise activities. The County's Component Units consist of the Panama City Beach Convention & Visitors Bureau, Inc., the Mexico Beach Community Development Council, Inc., the Panama City Community Development Council, Inc and the Bay County Transportation Planning Organization. These are included in the County's reporting entity due to the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the County. For more information regarding the Component Units, please refer to Note 1 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Condition and Outlook

During fiscal year 2022, Bay County continued to respond to challenges raised by natural disasters and local and national emergencies. Recovery work continues from Hurricane Michael that struck Bay County in 2018, as well as the COVID 19 Pandemic that followed in 2020. In Spring of 2022, Bay County experienced several wildfires, four of which required multi-agency response from across the state. These fires reached approximately 35,000 acres and were eventually extinguished after almost two weeks.

Bay County was awarded more than \$47.5 million in Hurricane Mitigation Grant Program funds due to Hurricane Michael. Projects for this program include paving rural dirt roads, hardening county buildings to ensure durability during storms and bad weather events, and construction of new community centers and facilities that will also serve as public long-term emergency shelters in the northern part of the county. To date, Bay County has repaid \$150 million in debt borrowed to cover Hurricane Michael recovery costs.

The County, along with leadership within the Bay County Chamber of Commerce, continues to encourage entrepreneurship, recruitment and retention of new business and industry. This has been especially crucial since Hurricane Michael, as the support from local governments and agencies sparked county-wide growth and revitalization. Although restoration has become a pivotal aspect of its operations, the County continues to carry out its Comprehensive Plan and will ensure that any future growth will promote an economically secure and ecologically safe environment in which to live. With multiple tax abatements in process, it is estimated these will bring in over 800 new jobs to Bay County.

Bay County has defined itself by its warm welcoming atmosphere, diverse economy, and more recently, its strength and resilience. Bay County's economy is focused in the areas of aerospace, technology, manufacturing, distribution/logistics, retail and tourism. Incorporated in 1913, the County lies within the heart of the Florida Panhandle on the Gulf of Mexico. Serving as a home for two major military installations, Tyndall Air Force Base and the Naval Surface Warfare Center, the County's economy has greatly benefitted from the reliability of this local aerospace supplier sector. The inherent level of protection offered by these installations also stimulates labor trends and reinforces the sense of security felt throughout the area.

Major Initiatives

For the Year

With the launch of the new Housing Department, Bay County expended over \$18 million in state funding. The Purchase Assistance Program awarded more than \$6 million to 104 families/first time homebuyers and an additional \$5 million to assist in the purchase of their forever home. More than \$20,000 was awarded for foreclosure prevention, homelessness prevention and rental assistance. During fiscal year 2022, Bay County approved contributions to three rental development projects in the amount of \$6 million, all of which will break ground in 2023. Approximately 308 multi-family units will be constructed and house low-income families at or below 80 percent of the area median income. The County also expended or encumbered more than \$16.6 million of the \$36 million in Hurricane Housing Recovery Program Funding received in 2021.

During fiscal year 2022, the Capital Projects division of Bay County managed approximately \$3 million in vertical construction projects, including grant funded projects, renovations and construction of new buildings. With the closure of the Waste to Energy Facility in 2021, building demolition was underway in 2022 and is set to be completed in fiscal year 2023. The construction of the new Community Center at Bay Dunes was approximately 90 percent complete at year end.

Since Hurricane Michael, restoring and rebuilding Bay County assets to a more durable and safe condition continues to be a priority. Capital Improvement projects related to Hurricane Michael completed during fiscal year 2022 include the Bay County Jail, Bay County Finance Office at 225 McKenzie Avenue, Harder's Park Improvements and various Waste Water Treatment Plant Building Improvements.

The County continues to improve the road system and increase neighborhood safety through pedestrian paths and sidewalks to schools, reducing neighborhood flooding and traffic congestion using funds collected from the half-cent sales tax that voters passed in November 2016. There have been over 42 projects completed with the use of these funds, including resurfacing 18 county roads, dirt road stabilization and drainage projects, bridge repair and replacement and roadway safety projects. Projects completed during fiscal year 2022 include Jenks Avenue Widening, County Road 2297 Cooks Bayou Bridge and Moylan Road and Panama City Beach Parkway Turn Lane. Continuing projects include Titus Road-SR 390 Connector Road, Nehi Road Stabilization, County Road 30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk and Magnolia Beach Road Multi-Use Path.

In addition, Bay County's millage rate remained unchanged during the year and is among the lowest in the state at 4.43 mills.

For the Future

Bay County will continue to focus on the restoration and improvement of its facilities and infrastructure. Some significant projects that are currently in process for future completion include the new Juvenile Justice Facility, Bay County Skate Park, Community Center at Bay Dunes, and Bay County Library Hardening, all set to be completed in 2023. Re-opening the East Pass (also known as the Old Pass) continues to be a future priority for Bay County. The P25 Public Safety Radio System continued during 2022 and is set to be completed in fiscal year 2023. This project, totaling more than \$12 million, gives the County the capability of reliably meeting communication needs operationally, functionally and reliably.

Anticipated future repair/upgrade projects related to Hurricane Michael are estimated to be over \$6 million. These include Lift Station Hardening, various Water Treatment Plant Pump Repairs and Replacements, and various park improvements.

Bay County Housing Division will continue to advocate and provide families and first time homebuyers with purchase assistance services, home repairs and improvements, counseling, foreclosure prevention and rental assistance. With approximately \$14 million of HHRP funding available and continued annual state funding, Bay County will be able to continue assisting families with these needs.

Bay County encourages citizen participation in determining its future initiatives through development of informative web sites and access to elected officials through e-mail.

Independent Audit

In compliance with the laws of the State of Florida, Bay County was audited by independent certified public accountants. The opinion of Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC may be found on Page B-1 of this report. The reports relating specifically to the single audit are included in the section entitled "Compliance".

Reporting Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Bay County for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR of which the contents conform to program standards. An ACFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. Bay County has been awarded the Certificate of Achievement for thirty-two consecutive years (fiscal years ended September 30, 1989 through 2021). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA for approval.

Acknowledgments

Preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Clerk's Division of Board Finance, the County Manager, the County's Legal Staff, the Office of Management and Budget, and the various directors of the County departments, as well as, staff of the County Constitutional offices.

We would also like to thank the Constitutional Officers; Tommy Ford, Dan Sowell, Mark Andersen, Chuck Perdue; County Commissioners: Tommy E. Hamm, Robert L. Carroll, William T. Dozier, Douglas Moore and Clair Pease for their interest and support in administering the financial operations of the County during the fiscal year presented.

Respectfully submitted,

Bill Kinsaul Clerk of Court & Comptroller

Katy Nail Finance Officer

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Bay County, Florida is located in the Northwest portion of the State on the Gulf of Mexico. The County's 764 square miles are home to approximately 174,410 people. The County has seven incorporated municipalities: Panama City, Panama City Beach, Lynn Haven, Springfield, Callaway, Parker and Mexico Beach.

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Tommy Hamm Commissioner District I

> Robert Carroll Commissioner District II



William T. Dozier Commissioner District III

> Doug Moore Commissioner District IV



Clair Pease Commissioner District V

County Officials Bay County, Florida







Mark Andersen Supervisor of Elections

> Bill Kinsaul Clerk of Court & Comptroller



Dan Sowell Property Appraiser

> Chuck Perdue Tax Collector



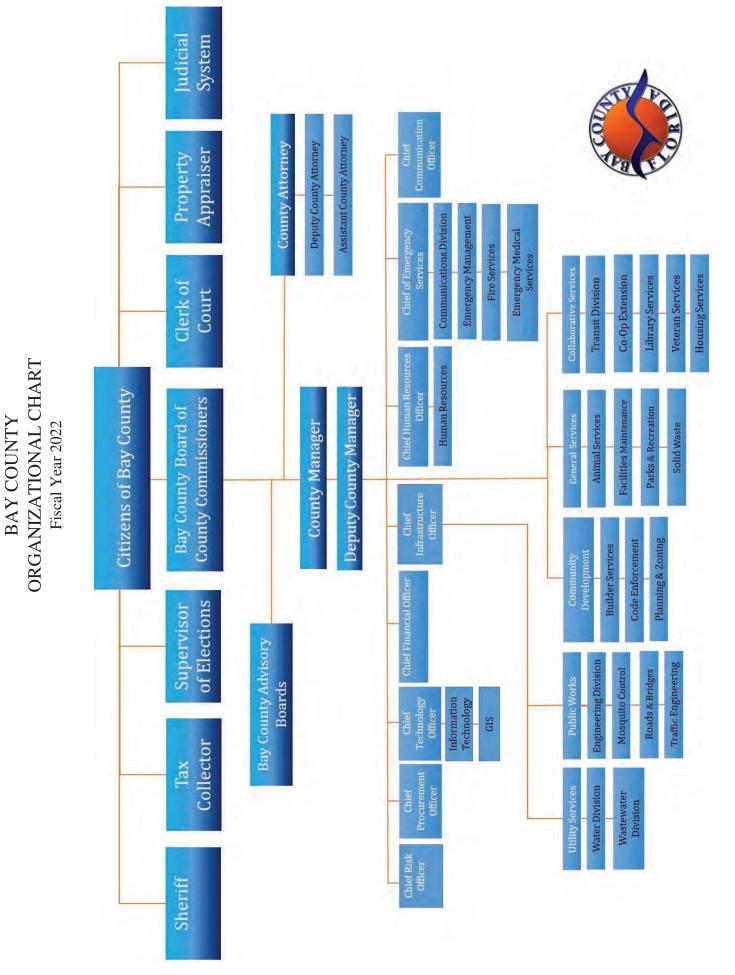
Tommy Ford Sheriff

County Officials Bay County, Florida





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Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Bay County, Florida for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Bay County Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

Christopher P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO

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Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 14101 Panama City Beach Parkway Suite 200 Panama City Beach, FL 32413

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable County Commissioners Bay County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bay County, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to basic financial statements, which collectively comprise Bay County, Florida's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bay County, Florida, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Tourist Development, Transportation, and Hurricane Michael Funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Bay County, Florida and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 23 to the financial statements, in 2022, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

The Honorable County Commissioners Bay County, Florida Page Two

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Bay County, Florida's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bay County, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Bay County, Florida's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

The Honorable County Commissioners Bay County, Florida Page Three

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages B-5 through B-16, the schedule of Bay County, Florida's proportionate share of the net pension liability on page B-116, the schedule of Bay County, Florida's contributions on page B-117, and the schedule of changes in Bay County, Florida's total other postemployment benefits liability and related ratios on page B-118 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bay County, Florida's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor governmental, internal service, discretely presented component unit fund statements, and fiduciary fund financial statements, budgetary schedules listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and Chapter 10.550, State of Florida Rules of the Auditor General, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor governmental, internal service, discretely presented component unit fund statements, and fiduciary fund financial statements, budgetary schedules listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Honorable County Commissioners Bay County, Florida Page Four

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2023, on our consideration of Bay County, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Bay County, Florida's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Bay County, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023

Management's discussion and analysis is designed to provide an objective, user-friendly analysis of Bay County, Florida's (the County) financial activities. The analysis reflects on significant events that occurred during the fiscal year and how they relate to the County's financial condition as well as the overall health of the County. This section should be read in conjunction with the County's financial statements in the following section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total assets and deferred outflows of the County exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows by \$411,025,174 (net position). Of this amount, \$19,082,548 is a deficit in unrestricted net position for governmental activities and \$45,069,252 is unrestricted net position for business-type activities, while \$199,054,853 is restricted net position for governmental activities and \$25,306,873 is restricted net position for business-type activities.
- The County's total assets decreased by \$1,100,131 or approximately 0.1 percent during fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, an increase of \$34,202,078 is attributable to governmental activities and a decrease of \$35,302,209 is attributable to business-type activities.
- The County's total liabilities increased by \$77,264,999 or approximately 15 percent during fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, an increase of \$80,171,831 is attributable to governmental activities and a decrease of \$2,906,832 is attributable to business-type activities.
- Total County's total net position decreased by \$9,794,474. Of this amount, an increase of \$18,849,283 is attributable to governmental activities and a decrease of \$28,643,757 is attributable to business-type activities.
- As of September 30, 2022, the general fund's unassigned fund balance was \$40,834,470 or 27 percent of the general fund's total expenditures.
- Governmental activities' revenues and expenditures increased during the year to \$280,679,814 (approximate 10% increase) and \$259,064,159 (approximate 11% increase), respectively. Conversely, Business-type activities revenues and expenses decreased during the year to \$49,132,268 (approximate 5% decrease) and \$43,985,880 (approximate 7% decrease), respectively.
- The County's outstanding bonded debt decreased by \$18,795,369 or 12 percent during fiscal year 2022 while notes payable increased by \$12,172,8002 or about 6 percent. These changes are primarily attributable to scheduled debt service principal payments during the fiscal year and the issuance of new debt for the Southport Sports Park.
- The County's total deferred outflows of resources increased by \$6,476,586 or approximately 24 percent. Of this amount, an increase of \$6,133,227 is attributable to governmental activities and an increase of \$343,359 is attributable to business-type activities.
- The County's total deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$62,094,070 or approximately 77 percent. Of this amount, a decrease of \$58,685,809 is attributable to governmental activities and a decrease of \$3,408,261 is attributable to business-type activities

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) *government-wide financial statements*, 2) *fund financial statements*, and 3) *notes to the financial statements*. The *government-wide financial statements* present an overall picture of the County's financial position and results of operations. The *fund financial statements* present financial information for the County's major funds. The *notes to the financial statements* provide additional information concerning the County's finances that are not otherwise disclosed in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. These statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's financial position in a manner similar to that of private-sector companies. Emphasis is placed on the net position of governmental activities and business-type activities as well as the change in net position. Governmental activities are primarily supported by property taxes, sales taxes, federal and state grants, charges for services, and state shared revenues, while business-type activities are supported by charges to the users of those activities, such as water, sewer, and solid waste disposal charges.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of the County, with the difference between them reported as *net position*. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows and net position are reported separately for governmental activities and business-type activities. Increases or decreases in net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of the County's improving or declining financial position.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on all revenues and expenses of the County and the change in net position for the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement of activities for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused vacation leave).

Expenses are reported by major function, along with program revenues relating to those functions, providing the net cost of all functions provided by the County. In order to better understand the County's operations, governmental activities expenses, include among others, general government services, public safety, culture and recreation, transportation, and economic environment. Business-type activities' expenses, which are financed by user fees and charges, include water and sewer services, solid waste disposal, and building permitting and inspection services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the following legally separate component units: Mexico Beach Community Development Council, Inc., Panama City Community Development Council, Inc., Panama City Beach Convention and Visitor's Bureau, Inc., and Bay County Transportation Planning Organization. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the County's financial information.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific purposes or objectives. Individual funds have been established by the County to account for revenues that are restricted to certain uses, comply with legal requirements, or account for the use of federal and state grants. The three major categories of funds found in the County's *fund financial statements* include: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial statements provide financial information for the County's major funds and more detailed information about the County's activities. Governmental fund financial statements provide information on the *current* assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in *current* financial resources (revenues and expenditures), and *current* available resources. The proprietary funds financial statements provide information on all assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in the economic resources (revenues and expenses), and total economic resources. The fiduciary fund statement provides information concerning assets held in trust by the County for the benefit of parties outside the government.

Fund financial statements for all governmental funds include a **Balance Sheet** and a **Statement** of **Revenues**, **Expenditures**, and **Changes in Fund Balance**. The County's general fund and major special revenue funds include a **Statement of Revenues**, **Expenditures**, and **Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual**. For the proprietary funds, which include internal service funds in addition to business-type activities, a **Statement of Net Position**, a **Statement of Revenues**, **Expenses**, and **Changes in Fund Net Position**, and a **Statement of Cash Flows** are presented. A **Statement of Fiduciary Net Position** is presented for the County's agency funds.

The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The enterprise funds account for the fiscal activities relating to solid waste disposal, the wholesale water system, retail water and wastewater utilities, and builders service activities. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the various County functions. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, the internal service funds have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements provide different presentations of the County's financial position. Categorized by governmental activities and business-type activities, the government-wide financial statements provide an overall picture of the County's financial standing. These statements, which are comparable to private-sector companies, provide a good understanding of the County's overall financial health and present the means used to pay for various activities, or functions provided by the County. All assets of the County, including buildings, land, roads, and bridges are reported in the *Statement of Net Position*, as well as all liabilities, including outstanding principal on debt, capital leases, and future employee benefits obligated but not yet paid by the County. The *Statement of Activities* includes depreciation on all long-lived assets of the County, but all transactions between different functions of the County have been eliminated to avoid duplication of the revenues and expenses.

The *fund financial statements* provide a presentation of the County's major funds, along with a column for all non-major funds. In the case of governmental activities, outlays for long lived assets are reported as expenditures and long-term liabilities, such as general obligation bonds, are

not included in the fund financial statements. To facilitate a comparison between the *fund financial statements* and the *government-wide financial statements*, a reconciliation is provided.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional detail concerning the financial activities and financial balances of the County. Additional information about the accounting practices of the County, investments of the County, and long-term debt are just a few of the items included in the notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY

The following schedule provides a summary of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position of the County:

				Γ	vet	Position									
		Governmental Activities Business-type Activities								Total					
September 30,		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021			
Current and other assets	\$	393,454,440	\$	368,880,826	9	6 100,068,609	\$	95,205,332	\$	493,523,049	\$	464,086,158			
Capital assets		368,833,549		359,205,085		136,051,591		176,217,077		504,885,140		535,422,162			
Total assets		762,287,989		728,085,911		236,120,200		271,422,409		998,408,189		999,508,320			
Deferred outflows of															
resources		31,867,960		25,734,733		1,830,078		1,486,719		33,698,038		27,221,452			
Current and other liabilities	5	82,007,368		70,905,288		10,621,692		10,011,755		92,629,060		80,917,043			
Long-term liabilities		407,429,840		338,360,089		102,565,250		106,082,019		509,995,090		444,442,108			
Total liabilities		489,437,208		409,265,377		113,186,942		116,093,774		602,624,150		525,359,151			
Deferred inflows of															
resources		16,652,016		75,337,825		1,804,887		5,213,148		18,456,903		80,550,973			
Net investment in capital															
assets		108,094,420		120,938,759		52,582,324		85,408,521		160,676,744		206,347,280			
Net position-restricted		199,054,853		174,469,887		25,306,873		23,506,603		224,361,726		197,976,490			
Net position-unrestricted		(19,082,548)		(26,191,204)		45,069,252		42,687,082		25,986,704		16,495,878			
Total net position	\$	288,066,725	\$	269,217,442	\$	122,958,449	\$	151,602,206	\$	411,025,174	\$	420,819,648			

Bay County, Florida Net Position

Investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and equipment), net of any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets, represents the County's largest portion of net position (39%). These capital assets are utilized to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. It should be noted that although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

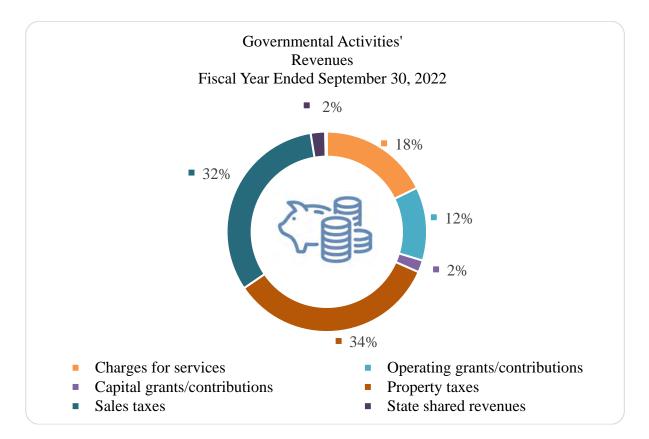
The *restricted net position*, representing 55% of the County's net position at \$224,361,726, is subject to external restrictions, and thus is limited as to how it may be used. The balance of *unrestricted* net position is \$25,986,704.

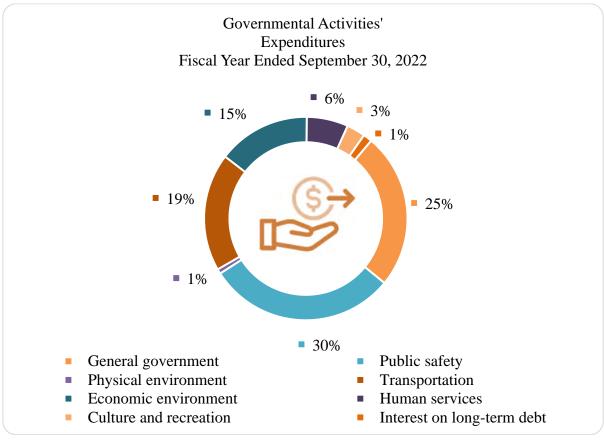
Governmental activities long-term liabilities increased by \$69,069,751 during 2022, while business-type activities long-term liabilities decreased by \$3,516,769. A substantial increase in net pension liability accounts for the majority of the increase in governmental activities. The County recognized an increase of \$68,373,649 in governmental activities' net pension liability, while business-type activities had an increase of \$3,898,613. These figures are adjusted annually in accordance with updated valuations prepared by the State of Florida for the Florida Retirement System's Pension Plan, in which Bay County participates. Regularly scheduled debt service payments due on bonds and notes payable was the largest factor in the decrease of long-term liabilities for business-type activities. The County's proportions of the net pension liability, as recorded, are determined by calculating the County's share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The recognition of these liabilities is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net position:

	Governm	ental Act	tivities	Business-ty	pe Ac	tivities	Т	otal	
Year ended September 30,	2022		2021	2022		2021	2022		2021
Program revenues									
Charges for services	\$ 49,901,290	\$	35,010,781	\$ 44,057,946	\$	45,715,790	\$ 93,959,236	\$	80,726,571
Operating grants/contributions	33,301,062		34,183,855	25,927		341,186	33,326,989		34,525,041
Capital grants/contributions	5,486,406		3,801,596	4,475,020		4,444,947	9,961,426		8,246,543
General revenues						, ,			
Property taxes	95,141,991		85,706,636	-		-	95,141,991		85,706,636
Sales taxes	89,556,226		84,964,163	2,700		1,100	89,558,926		84,965,263
State shared revenues – unrestricted	6,575,457		5,118,893	_		_	6,575,457		5,118,893
Other	717,382		6,718,197	570,675		997,626	1,288,057		7,715,823
Total revenues	280,679,814		255,504,121	49,132,268		51,500,649	329,812,082		307,004,770
			•	•		•	•		
Expenses									
General government	64,293,176		60,318,488	-		-	64,293,176		60,318,488
Public safety	77,704,743		63,386,157	-		-	77,704,743		63,386,157
Physical environment	1,941,335		7,337,452	-		-	1,941,335		7,337,452
Transportation	48,600,739		45,958,641	-		-	48,600,739		45,958,641
Economic environment	38,180,350		32,212,367	-		-	38,180,350		35,212,367
Human services	17,061,983		9,999,680	-		-	17,061,983		9,999,680
Culture and recreation	7,654,642		7,540,895	-		-	7,654,642		7,540,895
Interest on long-term debt	3,627,191		4,192,989	-		-	3,627,191		4,192,989
Wholesale water system	-		-	17,909,903		16,575,079	17,909,903		16,575,079
Retail water and wastewater	-		-	13,228,101		13,035,165	13,228,101		13,035,165
Solid waste	-		-	10,187,092		15,111,930	10,187,092		15,111,930
Building services	-		-	2,660,784		2,388,445	2,660,784		2,388,445
Total expenses	259,064,159		233,946,669	43,985,880		47,110,619	303,050,039		281,057,288
Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers	21,615,655		21,557,452	5,146,388		4,390,030	26,762,043		25,947,482
Transfers	(3,040,888)		(6,070,901)	3,040,888		6,070,901	-		-
Special item-asset impairment				 (36,831,033)			 (36,831,033)		
Changes in net position	18,574,767		15,486,551	 (28,643,757)		10,460,931	 (10,068,990)		25,947,482
Net position - beginning	269,217,442		257,561,525	151,602,206		137,283,056	420,819,648		394,844,581
Prior period adjustment	274,516		(3,830,634)	-		3,858,219	274,516		27,585
Net position – beginning (as restated)	269,491,958		253,730,891	 151,602,206		141,141,275	 421,094,164		394,872,166
Net position – ending	\$ 288,066,725	\$	269,217,442	\$ 122,958,449	\$	151,602,206	\$ 411,025,174	\$	420,819,648

Bay County, Florida Changes in Net Position





As reflected in the Statement of Activities, the County's net position decreased by \$9,794,474 (approximately 2%) County wide, revenues and expenses increased in fiscal year 2022, 7% and 8% respectively, with revenues exceeding expenses overall. The predominant factor in the decrease of net position was the recognition of a significant impairment loss (\$36,831,033) on the closed incinerator site. The site is no longer operational and is in the process of being decommissioned, therefore no longer serves its intended purpose. The County continues to receive funding from various State and Federal agencies to help offset Hurricane Michael recovery costs as well as to assist in the hardening of County facilities. The American Rescue Plan also continues to support County projects, such as those aimed at relieving stormwater drainage issues, as well as by providing an offset for eligible public safety & human services costs. Early in fiscal year 2022, an ordinance was passed establishing the Bay County Local Provider Participation Fund Non-Ad Valorem Special Assessment, which allows for the levy of an annual special assessment on area hospitals. This special assessment is intended to pave a way for the hospitals to receive higher reimbursement percentages on Medicaid-eligible patient costs. Currently, the hospitals are only reimbursed for approximately 60% of these costs. As funding is received each year, it will be transferred to the Agency for Healthcare Administration (AHCA) to be added to State funds allocated back to hospitals to assist in covering their Medicaid shortfall. During fiscal year 2022, \$10,209,285 was received and submitted to AHCA in relation to this program. These factors played a part in the increase in total revenues of \$22,807,312 from the prior year, which scaled back the overall decrease to net position. Governmental activity revenues exceeded expenses by \$21,615,655, while business-type activities revenues exceeded expenses by \$5,146,388. Total expenses increased by \$21,963,816 from fiscal year 2021.

Property taxes continue to be a vital source of County's governmental activities' revenues (34%). Taxes levied during the year increased approximately 11% over the prior year, with property values increasing by about 16%. The County was able to continue holding their overall millage rate constant for fiscal year 2022.

The County's governmental resources are utilized in a variety of ways. Expenses related to general government operations account for 25% of all governmental outflows, while public safety and transportation account for 30% and 19% respectively. Economic Environment expenses represent roughly 15% of these expenses.

The County's business-type activities are supported primarily by charges for services (90%) as well as federal and state grants (9%). During fiscal year 2022, the majority of business-type activities' expenses were comprised of wholesale water expenses (41%) and retail water and wastewater expenses (30%).

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The main operating fund of the County is the general fund. As of September 30, 2022, total assets were \$142,902,513 and total liabilities were \$67,011,451. At the end of fiscal year 2022, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$40,834,470 while total fund balance equaled \$73,938,694. Total assets of the general fund increased \$9,670,762 from fiscal year 2021. The general fund supports the transportation fund annually, transferring funds for general operations.

During fiscal year 2022, general fund transferred \$13,400,083 to transportation. Due to the growing size and complexity of its funding sources and expenditures related to Hurricane Michael, during fiscal year 2021, the County decided to create a separate fund for all related activity. In order to properly reallocate prior year activity, the general fund recorded additional transfers of \$3,805,393 to the fund. General fund's revenues, in line with County wide revenues, increased in fiscal year 2022 by \$16,610,342. A significant portion of this is represented by the Bay County Local Provider Participation Fund special assessments that were introduced in fiscal year 2022, amounting to \$10,209,285. Also impactful during the year was a large increase in the amount of assistance provided to local citizens for housing needs. In total, the County was the recipient of over \$36 million in funding to help bridge the gap for citizens struggling with securing low-income housing in the area. The funds can also be used to rehabilitate homes and prevent eviction or foreclosure for those eligible, amongst other strategies. During fiscal year 2022, approximately \$8.2 million was utilized from this program to directly meet those needs. With housing shortages, a competitive market and inflation on the rise, this program has been very beneficial to many County citizens in need of extra financial support.

Each Constitutional Officer remitted excess fees to the County in fiscal year 2022, the majority of which were above budgeted amounts.

Transportation Fund

The transportation fund accounts for the use of gas taxes restricted for transportation improvements, such as roads and bridges. This fund also accounts for the maintenance of the County's roadways, as well as, its road signs and traffic signals, and storm water management. Transportation's fund balance decreased \$12,523,119 in fiscal year 2022, not including other financing sources. During the year, the County brought several projects to a close, such as the Cooks Bayou Bridge at CR2297, the paving of several dirt roads, stabilization of Silver Lake Road, improvements to Wildwood Road, and the widening of Jenks Avenue between Highway 390 and Baldwin Road. Projects that continued to progress during the year included construction of CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalks, Laird Street Outfall Canal Drainage improvements, the stabilization of Nehi Road, and construction of the Titus SR390 Connector Road. New projects that came online during fiscal year 2022 included the paving of County Line Road, the stabilization of Linger Longer Road, improvements to Sherman Avenue from 11th Street to the 15th Street intersection, signalization improvements for the intersection of N. Lagoon Drive and Joan Avenue, and roadway and drainage design improvements to Sweetwater Branch Road and Minge Branch Drive. Traffic pattern analysis is conducted continuously to help improve the safety and convenience of the County's roadways in agreement with the County's Comprehensive Plan. Several of these projects have been made possible by the half-cent sales tax passed by voters in fiscal year 2017, which is strictly to be used on betterments to transportation in Bay County. The County continues to monitor and prioritize areas in need of improvement as it progresses on previously approved projects. In total, the County estimated an amount in excess of \$100 million required for necessary improvements and has plans to address these needs by 2026, when the tax is scheduled to sunset (unless reapproved by voters). A Citizen Oversight Committee ensures that these tax dollars are spent appropriately. For more detailed information on these projects, you can visit www.bayhalfcent.com.

Tourist Development Fund

The *tourist development fund* is used to account for the local option sales and use tourism tax, also known as the Tourist Development Tax, which is utilized to promote tourism in Bay County. Four of the five cents collected are designated for tourism promotion, while one cent is designated for maintenance and protection of the local beaches. Fund balance increased by 19% in fiscal year 2022. In comparison to fiscal year 2021, the growth of the Tourist Development Tax revenue continued, increasing another 2% over the prior record-setting year. With the slowdown of COVID-19 and this influx of funds, the Convention and Visitors Bureau was able to plan and hold more events while also heightening their marketing strategies to help retain and attract new visitors for future tourist seasons. The Publix Sports Park also aided in bringing new visitors to the area, exceeding budgeted revenues for the year with several tournaments and other sporting events that welcomed teams and their families to the area year-long. The Bay County Tourist Development Tax office, a department of the Bay County Clerk & Comptroller, continues to strive to inform and educate collectors of the tax about its benefits, which far exceed its cost.

Hurricane Michael Fund and Other Governmental Funds

All activity related to recovery efforts post Hurricane Michael is housed in a separate governmental fund so that it is not commingled with normal County operations. This includes all revenues and their related expenditures. During the year, \$3,805,393 was transferred to the fund, representing additional insurance proceeds received post-storm. The *MSTU-fire protection fund* accounts for the provision of fire services throughout the County. Its primary source of revenue is ad valorem taxes, which comprised 92% of its revenues in 2022. The fund had a decrease in fund balance of approximately 7% over the prior year.

Proprietary Funds

The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the governmentwide financial statements, but in greater detail. All proprietary funds are reported as major funds.

Unrestricted net position of proprietary funds, after including prior period and restatement adjustment at the end of the year is presented below.

	2022		2021			
FUND	Unrestricted Net Position	Unrestricted Net Position				
Wholesale water system	\$ 22,007,831	\$	22,153,447			
Retail water and wastewater	21,506,063		18,055,827			
Solid waste fund	(7,648,926)		(6,104,824)			
Building services	9,204,284		8,582,632			
Total	\$ 45,069,252	\$	42,687,082			

The *wholesale water system fund* is used to account for the operations of the County's wholesale water system. Impact fees charged to and paid by new customers must be used to expand and enhance the water system which provides service to those individuals. Charges for services increased \$821,107 over fiscal year 2021. Total operating expenditures increased from fiscal year

2021 to fiscal year 2022 in the amount of \$1,457,644. New construction continued to flourish in fiscal year 2022, especially for prominent developers installing complete neighborhoods. Factors such as this along with continued rehabilitation and replacement of capital assets helped the fund continue to grow, seeing an overall net position increase of \$4,453,330.

The County's *solid waste fund* accounts for the operations and maintenance of the County's landfill. In fiscal year 2022, \$9,187,266 was generated by charges for services; this represents a decrease of \$2,189,529 from the prior year. This decrease, in part, is to be expected as the County closed the Incinerator operation during fiscal year 2021. The County reduced the tipping fee by 37% during fiscal year 2021 as a response to the closure of the plant. This action was done in efforts to relieve haulers of additional commuting costs to travel to the landfill and was possible considering the significant costs savings that are anticipated with the closing of the incinerator. Also, as we move further away from clean-up efforts post Hurricane Michael, tip fee revenue is expected to decline. As required by the Department of Environmental Protection, the County has set aside, as of the end of the current fiscal year, \$8,243,431 for closure costs of its landfill. As of September 30, 2022, the County has accrued a total liability for landfill closure and post closure care of \$10,625,912 and total net position was \$7,888,589, a decrease of approximately 83%. This decrease is reflective of a large capital asset impairment loss recorded during the year on the Incinerator Facility, which is no longer operational.

CAPITAL ASSETS ACTIVITY

The following schedule provides a summary of the County's capital assets activity. The County's total investment in capital assets for both its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2022, was \$504,885,140 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in process.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Construction was completed on County Road 2297 Cooks Bayou Bridge Replacement. No additional costs were incurred during the year, though project close-out activities were finalized and approved early in fiscal year 2022.
- The Jenks Avenue Widening project was completed during the year, with total final project costs of \$2,582,333 incurred during the year.
- The County substantially completed upgrades to the P-25 Public Safety Radio System, with costs of \$6,260,472 incurred during the year.

(net of depreciation)										
	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-	type Activities	То	tal				
September 30,	2022	2021 (as restated)	2022	2021	2022	2021 (as restated)				
Land Construction in	\$ 21,010,594	\$ 19,461,820	\$ 6,365,111	\$ 5,727,643	\$ 27,375,705	\$ 25,189,463				
progress	15,790,858	50,200,297	3,726,178	4,367,640	19,517,036	54,567,937				
Books Buildings and	805,622	766,033	-	-	805,622	766,033				
improvements Furniture and	161,387,935	149,589,992	13,069,279	3,170,646	174,457,214	152,760,638				
equipment	24,978,675	23,281,574	6,129,659	6,199,409	31,108,334	29,480,983				

Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Infrastructure	143,199,241	115,383,283	106,761,364	156,751,739	249,960,605	272,135,022
Right-to-use assets	1,660,624	1,850,581	-	-	1,660,624	1,850,581
Total	\$ 368,833,549	\$ 360,533,580	\$ 136,051,591	\$ 176,217,077	\$ 504,885,140	\$ 536,750,657

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in note 8 – Capital Assets, of the notes to basic financial statements of this report.

DEBT MANAGEMENT

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$142,501,967. This debt amount represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

			8			
	Govern	nmental	Busines	s-type		
	Activ	vities	Activ	ities	То	tal
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenue Bonds	\$72,176,337	\$84,570,954	\$70,325,630	\$76,726,382	\$142,501,967	\$161,297,336

Outstanding Bonded Debt

The County's total bonded debt outstanding decreased by \$18,795,369 during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. This decrease is representative of scheduled debt service payments throughout the year.

The Florida Constitution, along with Bay County, does not set legal debt limits on revenue bonds. More detailed information about the County's liabilities is presented in notes 12 and 13 of the notes to basic financial statements.

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

- Taxable assessed property values continue to grow, increasing approximately 16% over fiscal year 2021. Over the past five years, values have risen by approximately 45%.
- As of fiscal year 2022, the County's general millage rate has remained stable for six years at 4.4362 mills. Inflation rose over 4% during the year, though signs of relief began to show towards year-end.
- In fiscal year 2022, half-cent sales tax distributions to Bay County were \$17,867,287, which was an increase of 8.57% over the prior year. Heightened tourism traffic and inflation are two likely causes of this increase.
- The unemployment rate continued to improve during 2022, moving from 3.9% down to 2.5%. Specifically, county-wide employment increased approximately 3%.

The County is combatting economic pressures with the strategic use of intergovernmental revenue sources, such as grant funding from State and Federal agencies. The County continues to progress on projects with the use of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding as well as making strides with citizen home ownership via the Hurricane Housing Recovery Program (HHRP). During the year, the County made use of ARPA funds by tackling stormwater drainage in certain areas that have been identified as problem areas, amongst various other projects. This included purchasing properties in ideal locations for placement of new drainage infrastructure. Tax abatement is an ongoing program offered by the County to industries looking to expand to the area. During the year, several new businesses were granted property tax exemptions in return

for anticipated future job opportunities for Bay County citizens. Other projects on the horizon include the Water and Wastewater Utility System Hydraulic Modeling project, which will assist the County in making informed decisions by being able to analyze detailed and measurable data related to specific scenarios system wide. The design of the Southport Sports Complex kicked off during fiscal year 2022 along with planning work on the Septic to Sewer Utility Services project. The Panama City Beach Skate Park construction continued during the year and should be complete in the near future for locals and visitors to enjoy.

This report was prepared by Board Finance department under the direction of the Clerk of Court and Comptroller. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Bay County Board Finance, P.O. Box 2269, Panama City, Florida 32402, Attention: Katy Nail.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	September 30, 202 Primary Government											
			-1 During the second									
	C	overnmental Activities	1	Business-type Activities		Total	Con	nponent Unit				
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,075,112	\$	2,325,184	\$	20,400,296	\$	5,501,10				
Investments		221,691,603		45,172,489		266,864,092		1,641,68				
Accounts receivable, net		13,778,356		3,950,620		17,728,976		121,79				
Lease receivable		949,620		-		949,620						
Special assessments receivable		108,776		-		108,776						
Accrued interest receivable		382,410		111,793		494,203						
Due from other governments		48,279,387		2,084,898		50,364,285		1,201,77				
Due from primary government		-		-		-		1,336,44				
Due from component units		350,088		-		350,088						
Prepaids		25,144,333		151,840		25,296,173		719,06				
Inventory		-		668,262		668,262		10,90				
Notes receivable		285,663		2,180,204		2,465,867						
Investment in joint venture		-		7,650,229		7,650,229						
Restricted assets												
Cash and cash equivalents		3,145,348		1,747,285		4,892,633		5				
Investments		61,263,744		34,025,805		95,289,549		94				
Capital assets												
Nondepreciable		36,801,452		10,091,289		46,892,741		867,93				
Depreciable, net		330,371,473		125,960,302		456,331,775		9,299,67				
Right-to-use lease assets		1,660,624		-		1,660,624						
Total assets		762,287,989		236,120,200		998,408,189		20,701,35				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Deferred loss on refunding		1,466,807		120,154		1,586,961						
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		556,790		47,236		604,026		10,94				
Deferred outflows related to pension		29,844,363		1,662,688		31,507,051						
Total deferred outflows of resources		31,867,960		1,830,078		33,698,038		10,94				
LIABILITIES		20 510 008		2 207 054		22 717 062		2 482 07				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Internal balances		20,510,008		2,207,954		22,717,962		2,482,97				
		(3,375,319)		3,375,319		2 501 709						
Due to other governments		3,390,810		130,918		3,521,728		250.00				
Due to primary government		-		-		-		350,08				
Due to component units		1,336,440		-		1,336,440		04.60				
Unearned revenues		58,600,321		3,033,287		61,633,608		84,60				
Accrued interest payable		562,798		268,118		830,916		1,07				
Advances		950,000		-		950,000						
Customer deposits Long-term liabilities		32,310		1,606,096		1,638,406						
e												
Due within one year		1 001 410				1 001 410						
Estimated liability for self insured losses		1,081,419		-		1,081,419		49.01				
Accrued compensated absences		2,571,496		227,555		2,799,051		48,01				
Notes payable		8,704,682		1,493,158		10,197,840						
Lease liability		381,129		-		381,129						
Finance purchase liability		194,498		17,137		211,635						
Bonds payable		1,501,000		6,191,000		7,692,000						
Due in more than one year		2 219 591				2 219 591						
Estimated liability for self insured losses		3,218,581		-		3,218,581		1475				
Accrued compensated absences		3,452,381		325,415		3,777,796		14,75				
Other postemployment benefits		12,086,337		775,060		12,861,397		116,73				
Net pension liability		108,132,022		5,936,601		114,068,623		1 0 0 0 4 4				
Notes payable		193,783,614		12,809,536		206,593,150		1,239,44				
Lease liability		1,275,451		-		1,275,451						
F ¹ 1 1 1 1 1 1				29,246		401,139						
Finance purchase liability		371,893										
Finance purchase liability Bonds payable Landfill postclosure liability		70,675,337		64,134,630 10,625,912		134,809,967 10,625,912						

Continued

Bay County, Florida Statement of Net Position (Continued) September 30, 2022

			Prim	ary Government			
	C	Governmental Activities	Ι	Business-type Activities	Total	Cor	nponent Units
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred gain on refunding	\$	-	\$	848,714	\$ 848,714	\$	-
Deferred inflows-lease revenue		903,134		-	903,134		-
Deferred inflows related to pension		8,363,627		229,845	8,593,472		-
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		7,385,255		726,328	8,111,583		166,435
Total deferred inflows of resources		16,652,016		1,804,887	18,456,903		166,435
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		108,094,420		52,582,324	160,676,744		8,928,160
Restricted for							
Debt service		3,726,554		7,714,744	11,441,298		1,061
Impact fees		3,616,689		17,592,129	21,208,818		-
General government		40,965,131		-	40,965,131		-
Public safety		11,955,915		-	11,955,915		-
Court function		3,000,290		-	3,000,290		-
Transportation		52,280,249		-	52,280,249		-
Recreation		4,713,597		-	4,713,597		-
Economic environment		59,619,977		-	59,619,977		-
Physical environment		19,176,451		-	19,176,451		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		(19,082,548)		45,069,252	25,986,704		7,278,952
Total net position	\$	288,066,725	\$	122,958,449	\$ 411,025,174	\$	16,208,173

				Prog	ram Revenues	
	Expenses	ſ	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and contributions	Capital Grants and ontributions
Functions/Programs	•					
Primary Government						
Governmental activities						
General government	\$ 64,293,176	\$	22,981,708	\$	10,389,491	\$ 835,343
Public safety	77,704,743		8,523,926		14,055,027	354,226
Physical environment	1,941,335		50,388		105,869	213,782
Transportation	48,600,739		5,548,401		123,906	3,568,521
Economic environment	38,180,350		2,436,247		8,576,250	59,310
Human services	17,061,983		10,360,620		50,519	-
Culture and recreation	7,654,642		-		-	455,224
Interest on long-term debt	3,627,191		-		-	-
Total governmental activities	259,064,159		49,901,290		33,301,062	5,486,406
Business-type activities						
Wholesale water system	17,909,903		17,659,999		20,051	1,919,588
Retail water and wastewater	13,228,101		13,600,686		5,876	2,555,432
Solid waste	10,187,092		9,187,266		-	-
Building services	2,660,784		3,609,995		-	-
Total business-type activities	43,985,880		44,057,946		25,927	4,475,020
Total primary government	\$ 303,050,039	\$	93,959,236	\$	33,326,989	\$ 9,961,426
Component Units	\$ 23,812,950	\$	19,129,539	\$	6,638,619	\$ 370,990
		Pro Sai Sta Inv Mi Transfe To	I revenues operty taxes, levi les taxes tte shared revenu vestment earning scellaneous Fotal general rever tal general rever ange in net positi	ies - ur s venues nues an	d transfers	1
		Sp	ecial item-asset	impari	ment	
		Ch	ange in net posit	tion		
		Restate Net po	sition - beginnin ement and/or prio sition - beginnin	or perio		
		NT .	sition - ending			

Bay County, Florida Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2022

	· .	es) Revenues and in Net Position	
	Primary Government		
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units
			_
\$ (30,086,634) (54,771,564)	\$ - -	\$ (30,086,634) (54,771,564)	\$ - -
(1,571,296) (39,359,911) (27,108,542)	-	(1,571,296) (39,359,911) (27,108,542)	-
(27,108,543) (6,650,844) (7,199,418)	-	(27,108,543) (6,650,844) (7,199,418)	-
(3,627,191) (170,375,401)		(3,627,191) (170,375,401)	
_	1,689,735	1,689,735	
-	2,933,893 (999,826)	2,933,893 (999,826)	-
-	<u>949,211</u> 4,573,013	949,211 4,573,013	-
(170,375,401)	4,573,013	(165,802,388)	
-			2,326,198
95,141,991		95,141,991	-
89,556,226 6,575,457 (2,614,316)	2,700 - 16,207	89,558,926 6,575,457 (2,598,109)	- - 11,419
3,331,698 191,991,056	554,468 573,375	3,886,166 192,564,431	14,798 26,217
(3,040,888) 188,950,168	3,040,888 3,614,263	192,564,431	26,217
18,574,767	8,187,276	26,762,043	2,352,415
	(36,831,033)	(36,831,033)	
18,574,767	(28,643,757)	(10,068,990)	2,352,415
269,217,442 274,516	151,602,206	420,819,648 274,516	14,178,329 (322,571)
269,491,958 \$ 288,066,725	151,602,206 \$ 122,958,449	421,094,164 \$ 411,025,174	13,855,758 \$ 16,208,173

		General	Γ	Tourist Development	T	ransportation		Hurricane Michael	G	Other overnmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,190,838	\$	2,850,308	\$	1,495,394	\$	3,123,143	\$	5,925,366	\$	17,585,049
Accounts receivable, net		7,039,054		2,899,810		6,698		-		3,694,054		13,639,616
Leases receivable		567,975		-		-		-		381,645		949,620
Special assessments receivable		108,776		-		-		-		-		108,776
Accrued interest receivable		135,680		92,638		42,872		85,907		13,939		371,036
Investments		59,407,520		55,505,545		29,120,600		60,818,621		7,310,691		212,162,977
Due from other funds		5,838,738		661,726		466,012		-		514,740		7,481,216
Due from other governments		4,634,485		45,684		5,575,340		37,416,041		598,680		48,270,230
Advances to other funds		1,823,785		-		-		-		-		1,823,785
Due from component units		-		350,000		-		-		-		350,000
Prepaids		644,608		21,922,361		-		-		163,703		22,730,672
Notes receivable		285,663		-		-		-		-		285,663
Restricted assets				60 40 7								
Cash and cash equivalents		2,843,313		68,185		-		4,955		228,895		3,145,348
Investments		55,382,078		1,327,796		-		96,484		4,457,386		61,263,744
Total assets	\$	142,902,513	\$	85,724,053	\$	36,706,916	\$	101,545,151	\$	23,289,099	\$	390,167,732
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	5,519,233	\$	1,085,554	\$	4,200,193	\$	5,200,264	\$	3,833,650	\$	19,838,894
Unearned revenues		58,557,276		-		43,036		-		9		58,600,321
Due to other funds		677,758		-		61,338		-		5,295		744,391
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-		1,944,730		1,944,730
Due to other governments		1,274,874		3,486		-		2,107,484		4,966		3,390,810
Due to component units				1,336,440		-		-		-		1,336,440
Advances		950,000		-		-		-		-		950,000
Customer deposits		32,310		-		-		-		-		32,310 86,837,896
Total liabilities		67,011,451		2,425,480		4,304,567		7,307,748		5,788,650		86,837,896
Deferred inflows of resources												
Deferred revenue-lease revenue		557,268		-		-		-		345,866		903,134
Unavailable revenue - other receivables		1,395,100		-		-		-		-		1,395,100
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,952,368		-		-		-		345,866		2,298,234
Fund balances												
Nonspendable		2,468,393		21,922,361		-		-		163,703		24,554,457
Restricted		21,237,450		61,036,437		21,353,245		94,237,403		16,969,377		214,833,912
Assigned		9,398,381		339,775		11,049,104		-		21,503		20,808,763
Unassigned		40,834,470		-		-		-		-		40,834,470
Total fund balances		73,938,694		83,298,573		32,402,349		94,237,403		17,154,583		301,031,602
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	142,902,513	\$	85,724,053	\$	36,706,916	\$	101,545,151	\$	23,289,099		
Amounts reported for governmental activ				-	iffere	ent because:						
Capital assets used in governmental therefore are not reported in the fu		ies are not finar	ncial	resources and								368,106,262
Internal service funds are used by ma	-	-										
to individual funds. The assets, lia internal service funds are included												2,506,726
Deferred outflows and deferred inflo		U				are not financia	1					16 054 560
statement resources or liabilities a Interest on long-term debt is not accr			•			gnized						16,054,569
as expenditure when paid.		nt fiscal war -	ofor-	d until future -	orio	ls on the						(562,531)
Revenues not available for use in the governmental funds balance sheet	curre	in fiscal year de	eleffe	a unui iuture p	1100	is on the						1,395,100
Long-term liabilities, including bond period and therefore are not reported	~ -		e and	payable in the	curre	ent						(400,465,003)
· · · · · ·											¢	
Net position of governmental activiti	les										\$	288,066,725

Bay County, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

Year Ended September 30, 2022

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		General	D	Tourist	Т	ransportation	Hurricane Michael	G	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Licenses and permits 4.488	REVENUES									
Intergovermental 50.885.15 67.073 7.092.096 10.006,718 812.426 68.867.428 Charges for services 19.730.405 1.689.008 2.717.871 9.497.809 33.635.093 Fines and forfeitures 60.236.673 - - 66.2346 Special assessments 10.259.673 - - 66.331.01 7.54.341 Miscellanceos 4.954.847 201.239 216.515 1.074 174.155 5.547.830 Contributions and donations 397.286 1.09.311.134 41.478.613 35.728.411 9.476.240 28.700.041 28.473.439 Current General government 24.833.303 - - 5.682.064 4.525.712 35.04.1079 Public anfery 75.094.243 - - 5.082.064 4.927.718 88.8977.602 Physical environment 11.345.971 24.416.625 - - 3.5962.966 Human services 15.646.090 - - 1.419.687 17.056.777 Culture and recreation 6.606.13	Taxes	\$ 83,378,620	\$	40,118,286	\$	25,508,411	\$ -	\$	11,763,371	\$ 160,768,688
Charges for services 19,73,0405 1,889,008 2,717,871 - 9,497,809 33,635,009 Fines and forbitmes 652,846 - - - - 10,259,673 - - - 10,259,673 - - 10,259,673 - - 10,259,673 - - 10,259,673 - - 10,259,673 - - 10,259,673 - - 10,259,673 - - 10,259,673 - - 6,633,191 7,543,441 MaceIlaneous 4,954,847 201,239 216,6515 1,074 174,155 5,542,604 4,525,712 35,041,079 Current Current 0 75,049,243 - - 5,082,064 4,525,712 35,041,079 - 35,742,41 Transportation 34,041,079 - 35,742,41 - 35,742,41 Transportation 36,402,071 - 35,742,41 - 13,742,41 Transportation 4,043,071 - 1,35,742 - 1,49,867 1,70,05,777 </td <td>Licenses and permits</td> <td>4,468</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>4,468</td>	Licenses and permits	4,468		-		-	-		-	4,468
Fines and forfatures 652,846 - - 652,846 Special assessments 10,259,673 - - 10,259,673 Investment earnings (055,526) (59,693) (20,044) (53,152) (140,911) (2,545,703) Contributions and donations 4951,847 201,229 216,515 1.074 174,155 5,547,830 Carrent General government 24,833,303 - - 5,682,064 4,525,712 35,041,079 Public safery 75,004,243 - - 5,082,064 4,525,712 35,041,079 Public safery 75,004,243 - - 5,062,064 4,525,712 35,041,079 Public safery 75,004,243 - - 5,062,064 4,025,717 13,742 Transportation 10,454,571 24,416,625 - - 1,419,687 17,065,777 Cutree and recreation 6,666,163 - - 81,479 - 7,47,458 Opolic safety 3,346,028 - 4,86	Intergovernmental	50,888,515		67,073		7,092,696	10,006,718		812,426	68,867,428
Special assessments 10.259/073 - - - 10.259/073 Investment aernings (255.556) (259.693) (230.440) (531.552) (140.911) (2.545.028) Toni revenues 109.311.134 41.478.613 55.728.411 9.476.240 28,740.041 28,747.459 EXPENDITURES Current General government 24.833.033 - - 5.682.064 4,525.712 35.01.079 Public safety 75.094.243 - - 5.080.051 13.382.788 88.977.682 Physical environment 11.545.971 24.416.625 4.301.088 - 40.437.071 - 15.7424 Transportation 304.111 - 5.581.055 4.301.908 - 40.437.071 - 3.574.24 Toninsportation 6.605.163 - - 1.419.687 17.065.777 Cuitor and recreation 6.606.163 - - 1.419.687 1.70.65.774 Cuitor and recreation 6.605.163 - - 1.474.580 -	Charges for services	19,730,405		1,689,008		2,717,871	-		9,497,809	33,635,093
Investment earnings (955,526) (969,693) (220,046) (512,064) (-6,633,191) (224,5028) Contributions and domations 4954,847 201,239 216,515 1,074 174,155 5,547,830 Total revenues 169,311,134 41,478,613 35,728,411 9,476,240 28,740,041 224,734,439 EXPENDIT RES Current Canceral government 24,833,303 - - 5,682,004 4,525,712 35,041,079 Public safety 75,094,243 - - 500,651 3,382,78 88,977,632 Physical environment 11,545,971 24,416,625 - - 35,902,596 Hurma services 15,646,009 - - 1,419,687 17,065,772 Culture and recreation 6,660,163 - - 851,479 - 7,437,642 Capital outlay - - 309,112 - 466 8,311,645 11,854,542 Public safety 3,546,028 - - 466 8,311,645 11,858,783 <td>Fines and forfeitures</td> <td>652,846</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>652,846</td>	Fines and forfeitures	652,846		-		-	-		-	652,846
Contributions and domains 397,286 512,964 - 6,633,191 7,434,441 Miscellaneous 169,311,134 41,478,613 35,728,411 9,476,240 28,740,041 224,734,449 EXPENDITURES Current General government 24,833,303 - - 5,682,004 4,525,712 35,041,079 Public adety 75,094,243 - - 5,006,01 1,338,2788 88,977,682 Physical environment 810,729 - 1,7224 469,471 - 1,357,424 Transportation 304,111 - 35,831,055 4,301,908 - 40,37,074 Capital outlay - - 5,662,004 - - - 5,562,664 4,525,712 35,041,079 - 1,537,642 - - 3,592,556 - - - 5,562,664 4,043,7074 2,005,777 62,065,163 - - 5,1479 - 7,457,642 Capital outlay - - 1,683,287 - - 1,633,194	Special assessments	10,259,673		-		-	-		-	10,259,673
Miscellaneous 4.99.48.47 201.239 216.515 1.074 174.155 5.547.830 Total revenues 169.311.34 41.478.613 35.728.411 9.476.240 28.70.041 284.734.439 Current General government 2.48.33.303 - - 5.682.064 4.525.712 55.041.079 Public safety 75.094.243 - - 500.651 13.382.788 88.977.682 Physical environment 870.729 - 17.224 469.471 - 1.537.424 Transportation 304.111 - 35.821.055 4.0437.071 - 1.357.424 Conomic environment 11.545.971 24.16.625 - - - 35.062.396 Human services 15.646.090 - - - 1.49.871.706.5777 Culture and recreation 6.60.163 - - 81.479 - 7.475.642 Capital outlay - - 4.46.83.287 - - 4.66.11.463.1148 1.88.576.567 - - 7.7	Investment earnings	(955,526)		(596,993)		(320,046)	(531,552)		(140,911)	(2,545,028)
Total revenues 169.311,134 41,478,613 35,728,411 9,476,240 28,740,041 284,734,439 EXPENDITURES Current General government 24,833,303 - - 5,682,064 4,525,712 35,041,079 Public safety 75,094,243 - - 5,682,064 4,525,712 35,041,079 Public safety 75,094,243 - - 5,682,064 4,525,712 35,041,079 Public safety 75,094,243 - - 5,682,064 4,525,712 40,437,071 - 1,557,424 Transportation 304,111 - 35,831,055 4,301,008 - 40,337,071 Culture and recreation 6,666,163 - - 851,479 - 47,475,642 Capital outloy 6,666,163 - - 851,479 - 4,471,657 Public safety 3,546,028 - - 3,091,293 - 47,24,580 Public safety 3,546,028 - - 1,934,629 2,31,193	Contributions and donations	397,286		-		512,964	-		6,633,191	7,543,441
EXPENDITURES Current General government 24.833.303 - - 5.682.064 4.525.712 35.041.079 Public safety 75.094.243 - - 500.651 13.382.788 88.977.682 Physical environment 11.545.771 24.416.625 - - - 35.906.2506 Human services 15.646.0900 - - - 1.419.687 17.065.777 Culture and recreation 6.606.163 - - 851.479 - 7.457.642 Capital outlay General government 1.633.287 - - 3.091.293 - 4.724,580 Public safety 3.54.6028 - - 486 8.311.645 11.858.199 Public safety 3.54.6028 - - 2.941.795 - 4.734.580 Public safety 3.54.6028 - - 7.99.478 - - 7.99.478 Broomic environment 1.685.273 - - 1.870.319 1.1954.629 <td>Miscellaneous</td> <td>4,954,847</td> <td></td> <td>201,239</td> <td></td> <td>216,515</td> <td>1,074</td> <td></td> <td>174,155</td> <td>5,547,830</td>	Miscellaneous	4,954,847		201,239		216,515	1,074		174,155	5,547,830
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Total revenues	169,311,134		41,478,613		35,728,411	9,476,240		28,740,041	284,734,439
General government 24,833,303 - - 5,682,064 4,525,712 35,041,073 Physical environment 870,729 - 17,224 469,471 - 1,357,424 Transportation 304,111 - 35,831,055 4,301,908 - 40,437,074 Economic environment 11,545,571 24,416,625 - - 35,762,596 Human services 15,646,090 - - 1,419,687 17,065,777 Culture and recreation 6,606,163 - - 851,479 - 7,457,642 Capital outlay - - 3,091,293 - 4,724,580 Public safety 3,546,028 - - 4,868,811,645 11,358,159 Physical environment 1,689,399 - - 2,941,795 - 4,431,0172 Economic environment 1,926,273 - - 1,920,373 - - 1,920,373 Otture and fiscal charges 2,400,247 640,877 448,614 -	EXPENDITURES									
Public safety 75,094,243 - - 500,651 13,382,788 88,897,682 Physical environment 13,57,29 - 17,224 469,471 - 1,357,424 Transportation 304,111 - 35,83,055 4,501,098 - 464,37,074 Economic environment 11,545,971 24,416,625 - - - 35,962,396 Human services 15,646,090 - - 1,419,687 17,065,777 Culture and recreation 6,606,163 - - 851,479 - 7,457,642 Capital outay - 2,841,795 - 4,742,580 - 486 8,311,645 11,858,159 Public safety 3,546,028 - - 486 8,311,645 14,701,772 Economic environment 1,839,399 - 2,941,795 - 4,704,7172 Economic environment - 739,478 - - 739,478 Human services - - 19,62,373 -<	Current									
Physical environment 870,729 - 17.224 409,471 - 15.37,424 Transportation 304,111 - 35.83,1055 4.301,908 - 40,437,074 Economic environment 11,545,971 24,416,625 - - - 5,962,566 Human services 15,646,090 - - 1,419,687 17,065,777 Culture and recreation 6,606,163 - - 851,479 - 7,457,642 Capital outlay - - 3,091,293 - 4,724,580 Public safety 3,54,6028 - - 486 8,311,645 11,858,159 Physical environment 1,689,399 - - 2,941,795 - 4,631,194 Transportation 1,962,373 - - - 739,478 - - 739,478 Uman services - - 739,478 - - - 739,478 Debt service - - 1962,373 -	General government	24,833,303		-		-	5,682,064		4,525,712	35,041,079
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Public safety	75,094,243		-		-	500,651		13,382,788	88,977,682
Economic environment 11,545,971 24,416,625 .	Physical environment	870,729		-		17,224	469,471		-	1,357,424
Human services 15,646,090 - - 1,419,687 17,065,777 Capital outlay - - 851,479 - 7,457,642 General government 1,633,287 - - 3,091,293 - 4,724,550 Pubic safety 3,546,028 - - 486 8,311,645 11,858,159 Physical environment 1,689,399 - - 2,941,795 - 4,631,194 Transportation 445,524 - 11,934,629 2,321,619 - 14,701,772 Economic environment - 739,478 - - 739,478 Human services - - 187,399 187,399 Culture and recreation 1,962,373 - - 1,962,373 Debt service - - 86,195 - 225,755 Total expenditures 153,274,715 27,991,689 48,251,530 20,796,578 30,763,609 281,078,121 Excess (deficit) of revenues over - -	Transportation	304,111		-		35,831,055	4,301,908		-	40,437,074
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Economic environment	11,545,971		24,416,625		-	-		-	35,962,596
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Human services	15,646,090		-		-	-		1,419,687	17,065,777
General government $1,633,287$ $3,091,293$ - $4,724,580$ Public safety $3,546,028$ 486 $8,311,645$ $11,888,159$ Physical environment $1,689,399$ - $2,941,795$ - $4,631,1445$ Transportation $445,524$ - $11,934,629$ $2,321,619$ - $14,701,772$ Economic environment- $739,478$ $739,478$ Human services187,399187,399Culture and recreation $1,962,373$ 1,962,373Debt service1,962,373Principal $6,557,687$ $2,194,709$ $20,008$ $549,617$ $2,554,293$ $11,876,314$ Interest and fiscal charges $2,400,247$ $640,877$ $448,614$ - $382,085$ $3,871,823$ Bond issuance costs $139,560$ $86,195$ - $225,755$ Total expenditures $16,036,419$ $13,486,924$ $(12,523,119)$ $(11,320,338)$ $(2.023,568)$ $3.656,318$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in $49,488$ - $13,400,083$ $3,805,393$ $1,321,682$ $18,576,646$ Transfers out $(18,578,595)$ $(18,578,595)$ Proceeds from issuance of debt $11,521,018$ - $99,886,218$ - $109,391,218$ Proceeds from issuance of capital assets $221,715$ $52,326$ - 27	Culture and recreation	6,606,163		-		-	851,479		-	7,457,642
Public safety 3,546,028 - - 486 8,311,645 11,858,159 Physical environment 1,689,399 - - 2,941,795 - 4,631,194 Transportation 445,524 - 11,934,629 2,321,619 - 14,701,772 Economic environment - 739,478 - - 739,478 Human services - - - 187,399 187,399 187,399 Culture and recreation 1,962,373 - - - 1962,373 Debt service - - 88,0195 2,254,293 11,876,314 Interest and fiscal charges 2,400,247 640,877 448,614 - 382,085 3,871,823 Bond issuance costs 139,560 - - 86,195 - 225,755 Total expenditures 16,036,419 13,486,924 (12,523,119) (11,320,338) (2,023,568) 3,656,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - (18,578,595)	Capital outlay									
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	General government	1,633,287		-		-	3,091,293		-	4,724,580
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Public safety	3,546,028		-		-	486		8,311,645	11,858,159
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	1,689,399		-		-	2,941,795		-	4,631,194
Human services - - - - 187,399 187,399 Culture and recreation 1,962,373 - - - 1,962,373 Debt service - - - - - 1,962,373 Debt service - - - - - 1,962,373 Debt service - 6,557,687 2,194,709 20,008 549,617 2,554,293 11,876,314 Interest and fiscal charges 2,400,247 640,877 448,614 - 382,085 3,871,823 Bond issuance costs 139,560 - - 86,195 - 225,755 Total expenditures 153,274,715 27,991,689 48,251,530 20,796,578 30,763,609 281,078,121 Excess (deficit) of revenues over - - 66,194 11,3486,924 (12,523,119) (11,320,338) 2,023,568) 3,656,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - (18,578,595) - - - (18,578,595) <td>-</td> <td>445,524</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>11,934,629</td> <td>2,321,619</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>14,701,772</td>	-	445,524		-		11,934,629	2,321,619		-	14,701,772
Human services - - - - 187,399 187,399 Culture and recreation 1,962,373 - - - 1,962,373 Debt service - - - - 1,962,373 Debt service - - - - 1,962,373 Debt service - - - - - 1,962,373 Debt service - - - - - 1,962,373 Bott service - - - - - - - 2,554,293 11,876,314 Interest and fiscal charges 2,400,247 640,877 448,614 - 382,085 3,871,823 Bond issuance costs 153,274,715 27,991,689 48,251,530 20,796,578 30,763,609 281,078,121 Excess (deficit) of revenues over - - 66,174 - - - (18,578,595) Transfers in 49,488 - 13,400,083 3,805,393 1,321,68	Economic environment	-		739,478		-	-		-	739,478
Culture and recreation 1,962,373 - - - 1,962,373 Debt service - - - - 1,962,373 Principal 6,557,687 2,194,709 20,008 549,617 2,554,293 11,876,314 Interest and fiscal charges 2,400,247 640,877 448,614 - 382,085 3,871,823 Bond issuance costs 139,560 - - 86,195 - 225,755 Total expenditures 153,274,715 27,991,689 48,251,530 20,796,578 30,763,609 281,078,121 Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures 16,036,419 13,486,924 (12,523,119) (11,320,338) (2,023,568) 3,656,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - (18,578,595) - - - (18,578,595) Proceeds from insuance of debt 11,521,018 - 69,174 - 110,822 11,701,014 Issuance of refunding debt 9,505,000 - - 99,886,218 - <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>187.399</td> <td></td>		-		-		-	-		187.399	
Debt servicePrincipal $6,557,687$ $2,194,709$ $20,008$ $549,617$ $2,554,293$ $11,876,314$ Interest and fiscal charges $2,400,247$ $640,877$ $448,614$ - $382,085$ $3,871,823$ Bond issuance costs $139,560$ $86,195$ - $225,755$ Total expenditures $153,274,715$ $27,991,689$ $48,251,530$ $20,796,578$ $30,763,609$ $281,078,121$ Excess (deficit) of revenues over(under) expenditures $16,036,419$ $13,486,924$ $(12,523,119)$ $(11,320,338)$ $(2,023,568)$ $3,656,318$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in $49,488$ - $13,400,083$ $3,805,393$ $1,321,682$ $18,576,646$ Transfers out $(18,578,595)$ $(18,578,595)$ Proceeds from issuance of debt $11,521,018$ - $69,174$ - $110,822$ $11,701,014$ Issuance of refunding debt $9,505,000$ $99,886,218$ - $109,391,218$ Payment to refunded bond escrow agent $(9,505,000)$ - $(99,886,218)$ - $(109,391,218)$ Proceeds from sales of capital assets $221,715$ $52,326$ $274,041$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(6,786,374)$ - $13,521,583$ $3,805,393$ $1,432,504$ $11,973,106$ Net change in fund balance $9,250,045$ $13,486,924$ $998,464$ $(7,514,945)$ $(591,064)$ $15,629,424$ Fund balance - beg	Culture and recreation	1,962,373		-		-	-			
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $, ,								, ,
Interest and fiscal charges $2,400,247$ $640,877$ $448,614$ - $382,085$ $3,871,823$ Bond issuance costs $139,560$ $86,195$ - $225,755$ Total expenditures $153,274,715$ $27,991,689$ $48,251,530$ $20,796,578$ $30,763,609$ $281,078,121$ Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures $16,036,419$ $13,486,924$ $(12,523,119)$ $(11,320,338)$ $(2,023,568)$ $3,656,318$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in (18,578,595) $49,488$ - $13,400,083$ $3,805,393$ $1,321,682$ $18,576,646$ Transfers out $(18,578,595)$ (18,578,595)Proceeds from issuance of debt $11,521,018$ - $69,174$ - $110,822$ $11,701,014$ Issuance of refunding debt $9,505,000$ $99,886,218$ - $109,391,218$ Payment to refunded bond escrow agent $(9,505,000)$ $274,041$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(6,786,374)$ - $13,521,583$ $3,805,393$ $1,432,504$ $11,973,106$ Net change in fund balance $9,250,045$ $13,486,924$ $998,464$ $(7,514,945)$ $(591,064)$ $15,629,424$ Fund balance - beginning (as previously stated) $64,554,842$ $69,811,649$ $31,403,885$ $101,752,348$ $17,745,647$ $285,268,371$ Prior period adjustment $133,807$ $133,807$ $133,807$ Fund balance - begin	Principal	6.557.687		2.194.709		20,008	549.617		2,554,293	11.876.314
Bond issuance costs 139,560 - - 86,195 - 225,755 Total expenditures 153,274,715 27,991,689 48,251,530 20,796,578 30,763,609 281,078,121 Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures 16,036,419 13,486,924 (12,523,119) (11,320,338) (2,023,568) 3,656,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 49,488 - 13,400,083 3,805,393 1,321,682 18,576,646 Transfers out (18,578,595) - - - (18,578,595) Proceeds from issuance of debt 11,521,018 - 69,174 - 110,822 11,701,014 Issuance of refunding debt 9,505,000 - - 99,886,218 - 023,91,218 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (9,505,000) - - 99,886,218 - 109,391,218 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,786,374) - 13,521,583 3,805,393 1,432,504 11,973,106 Net change in fund balance 9,250,045 <td< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	-					,				
Total expenditures 153,274,715 27,991,689 48,251,530 20,796,578 30,763,609 281,078,121 Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures 16,036,419 13,486,924 (12,523,119) (11,320,338) (2,023,568) 3,656,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 49,488 - 13,400,083 3,805,393 1,321,682 18,576,646 Transfers out (18,578,595) - - - (18,578,595) Proceeds from issuance of debt 11,521,018 - 69,174 - 110,822 11,701,014 Issuance of refunding debt 9,505,000 - - 99,886,218 - 109,391,218 Proceeds from sales of capital assets 221,715 - 52,326 - - 274,041 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,786,374) - 13,521,583 3,805,393 1,432,504 11,973,106 Net change in fund balance 9,250,045 13,486,924 998,464 (7,514,945) (591,064) 15,629,424 Fund balance - beginning (as previously s	6					-	86.195			
(under) expenditures 16,036,419 13,486,924 (12,523,119) (11,320,338) (2,023,568) 3,656,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 49,488 - 13,400,083 3,805,393 1,321,682 18,576,646 Transfers out (18,578,595) - - - - (18,578,595) Proceeds from issuance of debt 11,521,018 - 69,174 - 110,822 11,701,014 Issuance of refunding debt 9,505,000 - - 99,886,218 - 010,391,218 Proceeds from sales of capital assets 221,715 - 52,326 - - 274,041 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,786,374) - 13,521,583 3,805,393 1,432,504 11,973,106 Net change in fund balance 9,250,045 13,486,924 998,464 (7,514,945) (591,064) 15,629,424 Fund balance - beginning (as previously stated) 64,554,842 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,268,371 Prior period adjustment <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>27,991,689</td> <td></td> <td>48,251,530</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>30,763,609</td> <td></td>				27,991,689		48,251,530			30,763,609	
(under) expenditures 16,036,419 13,486,924 (12,523,119) (11,320,338) (2,023,568) 3,656,318 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 49,488 - 13,400,083 3,805,393 1,321,682 18,576,646 Transfers out (18,578,595) - - - - (18,578,595) Proceeds from issuance of debt 11,521,018 - 69,174 - 110,822 11,701,014 Issuance of refunding debt 9,505,000 - - 99,886,218 - 010,391,218 Proceeds from sales of capital assets 221,715 - 52,326 - - 274,041 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,786,374) - 13,521,583 3,805,393 1,432,504 11,973,106 Net change in fund balance 9,250,045 13,486,924 998,464 (7,514,945) (591,064) 15,629,424 Fund balance - beginning (as previously stated) 64,554,842 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,268,371 Prior period adjustment <td>Excess (deficit) of revenues over</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Excess (deficit) of revenues over									
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 49,488 - 13,400,083 3,805,393 1,321,682 18,576,646 Transfers out (18,578,595) - - - (18,578,595) Proceeds from issuance of debt 11,521,018 - 69,174 - 110,822 11,701,014 Issuance of refunding debt 9,505,000 - - 99,886,218 - 109,391,218 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (9,505,000) - - 99,886,218 - 109,391,218 Proceeds from sales of capital assets 221,715 - 52,326 - - 274,041 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,786,374) - 13,521,583 3,805,393 1,432,504 11,973,106 Net change in fund balance 9,250,045 13,486,924 998,464 (7,514,945) (591,064) 15,629,424 Fund balance - beginning (as previously stated) 64,554,842 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,268,371 Prior period adjustment <t< td=""><td></td><td>16 036 419</td><td></td><td>13 486 924</td><td></td><td>(12 523 119)</td><td>(11 320 338)</td><td></td><td>(2.023.568)</td><td>3 656 318</td></t<>		16 036 419		13 486 924		(12 523 119)	(11 320 338)		(2.023.568)	3 656 318
Transfers in49,488-13,400,0833,805,3931,321,68218,576,646Transfers out(18,578,595)(18,578,595)Proceeds from issuance of debt11,521,018-69,174-110,82211,701,014Issuance of refunding debt9,505,00099,886,218-109,391,218Payment to refunded bond escrow agent(9,505,000)(99,886,218)-(109,391,218)Proceeds from sales of capital assets221,715-52,326274,041Total other financing sources (uses)(6,786,374)-13,521,5833,805,3931,432,50411,973,106Net change in fund balance9,250,04513,486,924998,464(7,514,945)(591,064)15,629,424Fund balance - beginning (as previously stated)64,554,84269,811,64931,403,885101,752,34817,745,647285,268,371Prior period adjustment133,807133,807Fund balance - beginning (as restated)64,688,64969,811,64931,403,885101,752,34817,745,647285,402,178		10,050,115		15,100,921		(12,525,117)	(11,520,550)		(2,023,500)	5,050,510
Transfers out (18,578,595) - - - - (18,578,595) Proceeds from issuance of debt 11,521,018 - 69,174 - 110,822 11,701,014 Issuance of refunding debt 9,505,000 - - 99,886,218 - 109,391,218 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (9,505,000) - - (19,391,218) - (109,391,218) Proceeds from sales of capital assets 221,715 - 52,326 - - 274,041 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,786,374) - 13,521,583 3,805,393 1,432,504 11,973,106 Net change in fund balance 9,250,045 13,486,924 998,464 (7,514,945) (591,064) 15,629,424 Fund balance - beginning (as previously stated) 64,554,842 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,268,371 Prior period adjustment 133,807 - - - 133,807 Fund balance - beginning (as restated) 64,688,649 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,402,178	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from issuance of debt 11,521,018 - 69,174 - 110,822 11,701,014 Issuance of refunding debt 9,505,000 - - 99,886,218 - 109,391,218 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (9,505,000) - - (99,886,218) - (109,391,218) Proceeds from sales of capital assets 221,715 - 52,326 - - 274,041 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,786,374) - 13,521,583 3,805,393 1,432,504 11,973,106 Net change in fund balance 9,250,045 13,486,924 998,464 (7,514,945) (591,064) 15,629,424 Fund balance - beginning (as previously stated) 64,554,842 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,268,371 Prior period adjustment 133,807 - - - 133,807 Fund balance - beginning (as restated) 64,688,649 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,402,178				-		13,400,083	3,805,393		1,321,682	18,576,646
Issuance of refunding debt 9,505,000 - - 99,886,218 - 109,391,218 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (9,505,000) - - (99,886,218) - (109,391,218) Proceeds from sales of capital assets 221,715 - 52,326 - - 274,041 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,786,374) - 13,521,583 3,805,393 1,432,504 11,973,106 Net change in fund balance 9,250,045 13,486,924 998,464 (7,514,945) (591,064) 15,629,424 Fund balance - beginning (as previously stated) 64,554,842 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,268,371 Prior period adjustment 133,807 - - - 133,807 Fund balance - beginning (as restated) 64,688,649 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,402,178	Transfers out	(18,578,595)		-		-	-		-	(18,578,595)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (9,505,000) - - (99,886,218) - (109,391,218) Proceeds from sales of capital assets 221,715 - 52,326 - - 274,041 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,786,374) - 13,521,583 3,805,393 1,432,504 11,973,106 Net change in fund balance 9,250,045 13,486,924 998,464 (7,514,945) (591,064) 15,629,424 Fund balance - beginning (as previously stated) 64,554,842 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,268,371 Prior period adjustment 133,807 - - - 133,807 Fund balance - beginning (as restated) 64,688,649 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,402,178	Proceeds from issuance of debt	11,521,018		-		69,174	-		110,822	11,701,014
Proceeds from sales of capital assets 221,715 - 52,326 - - 274,041 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,786,374) - 13,521,583 3,805,393 1,432,504 11,973,106 Net change in fund balance 9,250,045 13,486,924 998,464 (7,514,945) (591,064) 15,629,424 Fund balance - beginning (as previously stated) 64,554,842 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,268,371 Prior period adjustment 133,807 - - - 133,807 Fund balance - beginning (as restated) 64,688,649 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,402,178	Issuance of refunding debt	9,505,000		-		-	99,886,218		-	109,391,218
Total other financing sources (uses) (6,786,374) - 13,521,583 3,805,393 1,432,504 11,973,106 Net change in fund balance 9,250,045 13,486,924 998,464 (7,514,945) (591,064) 15,629,424 Fund balance - beginning (as previously stated) 64,554,842 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,268,371 Prior period adjustment 133,807 - - - 133,807 Fund balance - beginning (as restated) 64,688,649 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,402,178	Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(9,505,000)		-		-	(99,886,218)		-	(109,391,218)
Net change in fund balance 9,250,045 13,486,924 998,464 (7,514,945) (591,064) 15,629,424 Fund balance - beginning (as previously stated) 64,554,842 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,268,371 Prior period adjustment 133,807 - - - 133,807 Fund balance - beginning (as restated) 64,688,649 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,402,178	Proceeds from sales of capital assets	221,715		-		52,326	-		-	274,041
Fund balance - beginning (as previously stated) 64,554,842 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,268,371 Prior period adjustment 133,807 - - - 133,807 Fund balance - beginning (as restated) 64,688,649 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,402,178	Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,786,374)		-		13,521,583	3,805,393		1,432,504	11,973,106
Prior period adjustment 133,807 - - 133,807 Fund balance - beginning (as restated) 64,688,649 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,402,178	Net change in fund balance	9,250,045		13,486,924		998,464	(7,514,945)		(591,064)	15,629,424
Fund balance - beginning (as restated) 64,688,649 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,402,178	Fund balance - beginning (as previously stated)	64,554,842		69,811,649		31,403,885	101,752,348		17,745,647	285,268,371
Fund balance - beginning (as restated) 64,688,649 69,811,649 31,403,885 101,752,348 17,745,647 285,402,178	Prior period adjustment	133,807		-		-	-		-	133,807
Fund balance - ending \$ 73,938,694 \$ 83,298,573 \$ 32,402,349 \$ 94,237,403 \$ 17,154,583 \$ 301,031,602	Fund balance - beginning (as restated)			69,811,649		31,403,885	101,752,348		17,745,647	
	Fund balance - ending	\$ 73,938,694	\$	83,298,573	\$	32,402,349	\$ 94,237,403	\$	17,154,583	\$ 301,031,602

Bay County, Florida Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page B-21) are different because:	
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds (page B-23)	\$ 15,629,424
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation or amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization in the current period.	13,848,328
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, impairments, and donations) is a decrease in net position.	(2,386,621)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(1,983,883)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of workers compensation and insurance costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(1,115,287)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(2,318,595)
Capital contributions of capital assets from governmental activities to proprietary funds do not require the use of current financial resorurces and do not impact net position.	(3,117,650)
The issuance of long-term debt (i.e., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these	
differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	 19,051
Change in net position of governmental activities (page B-21)	\$ 18,574,767

Bay County, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2022

					Actual Amounts		
	 Budgeted	Am			Budgetary		ariance with
	Original		Final		Basis	F	inal Budget
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 81,514,090	\$	81,514,090	\$	83,378,620	\$	1,864,530
Licenses and permits	3,400		3,400		4,468		1,068
Intergovernmental	26,099,231		34,163,643		34,397,662		234,019
Charges for services	21,497,406		21,620,432		19,630,255		(1,990,177)
Fines and forfeitures	329,000		519,000		652,846		133,846
Special assessments	-		-		10,209,285		10,209,285
Investment earnings	280,000		280,000		(544,395)		(824,395)
Contributions and donations	736,361		795,581		397,286		(398,295)
Miscellaneous	5,773,423		2,060,123		4,923,615		2,863,492
Total revenues	136,232,911		140,956,269		153,049,642		12,093,373
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government	29,911,920		46,032,068		23,726,492		22,305,576
Public safety	73,807,905		76,196,792		71,734,837		4,461,955
Physical environment	402,071		579,279		530,501		48,778
Economic environment	2,326,715		7,233,930		2,781,383		4,452,547
Human services	9,847,152		5,823,317		15,407,024		(9,583,707)
Culture and recreation	7,719,192		8,041,843		6,406,951		1,634,892
Capital outlay	1,119,190		0,011,015		0,100,991		1,051,052
General government	670,904		1,656,551		1,633,287		23,264
Public safety	1,074,374		1,503,141		3,546,028		(2,042,887)
Culture and recreation	11,228,000		12,465,764		1,962,373		10,503,391
Debt service	11,220,000		12,100,701		1,502,575		10,000,001
Principal	4,880,397		5,939,397		6,519,116		(579,719)
Interest and fiscal charges	3,679,857		2,937,959		2,396,688		541,271
Bond issuance costs			_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		139,560		(139,560)
Total expenditures	145,548,493		168,410,041		136,784,240		31,625,801
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(9,315,582)		(27,453,772)		16,265,402		43,719,174
					, ,		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			000 100		40,400		(0.40,001)
Transfers in	-		998,409		49,488		(948,921)
Transfers out	(14,457,690)		(16,281,475)		(17,352,217)		(1,070,742)
Proceeds from issuance of debt	10,000,000		10,000,000		11,521,018		1,521,018
Issuance of refunding debt	-		-		9,505,000		9,505,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-		-		(9,505,000)		(9,505,000)
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	- (4.457.600)		-		221,715		221,715
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,457,690)		(5,283,066)		(5,559,996)		(276,930)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (13,773,272)	\$	(32,736,838)	=	10,705,406	\$	43,442,244
Fund balance - beginning					64,474,736	_	
Prior period adjustment					133,807		
Fund balance - beginning (restated)					64,608,543		
Fund balance - ending				\$	75,313,949	_	

Note: The general fund includes funds that are maintained as special revenue funds for accounting purposes, but do not meet the criteria for separate reporting in these financial statements. Therefore, the budgetary comparison statement above, only includes the legally adopted budget for the general fund. A reconciliation between the actual amounts on the budgetary basis above and the actual amounts on the GAAP basis for the general fund amount listed in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds is provided in note 3 of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

Bay County, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Tourist Development Fund Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts		Actual	V	ariance with
		Original		Final		Amounts	F	inal Budget
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	25,901,390	\$	27,966,187	\$	40,118,286	\$	12,152,099
Intergovernmental	Ŧ	1,388,692	-	1,410,081	+	67,073	-	(1,343,008)
Charges for services		-		-		1,689,008		1,689,008
Investment earnings		225,500		225,500		(596,993)		(822,493)
Miscellaneous		221,285		221,285		201,239		(20,046)
Total revenues		27,736,867		29,823,053		41,478,613		11,655,560
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Economic environment		22,288,629		29,163,700		24,416,625		4,747,075
Capital outlay								
Economic environment		-		23,375,643		739,478		22,636,165
Debt service								
Principal		2,190,000		2,190,000		2,194,709		(4,709)
Interest and fiscal charges		640,416		640,416		640,877		(461)
Total expenditures		25,119,045		55,369,759		27,991,689		27,378,070
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures		2,617,822		(25,546,706)		13,486,924		39,033,630
Net change in fund balance	\$	2,617,822	\$	(25,546,706)	=	13,486,924	\$	39,033,630
Fund balance - beginning						69,811,649	-	
Fund balance - ending					\$	83,298,573	=	

Bay County, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Transportation Fund Year Ended September 30, 2022

	ŭ	Amounts	Actual	V	ariance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	F	inal Budget
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 18,624,770	\$ 18,624,770	\$ 25,508,411	\$	6,883,641
Intergovernmental	3,439,714	9,459,484	7,092,696	Ψ	(2,366,788)
Charges for services	2,718,280	2,718,280	2,717,871		(409)
Investment earnings	101,000	101,000	(320,046)		(421,046)
Contributions and donations	500,000	666,468	512,964		(153,504)
Miscellaneous			216,515		216,515
Total revenues	25,383,764	31,570,002	35,728,411		4,158,409
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Physical environment	-	16,100	17,224		(1,124)
Transportation	47,029,364	32,186,672	35,831,055		(3,644,383)
Capital outlay					
Transportation	415,000	27,689,830	11,934,629		15,755,201
Debt service					
Principal	-	-	20,008		(20,008)
Interest and fiscal charges	1,509,848	1,613,019	448,614		1,164,405
Total expenditures	48,954,212	61,505,621	48,251,530		13,254,091
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(23,570,448)	(29,935,619)	(12,523,119)		17,412,500
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in	13,400,083	13,573,348	13,400,083		(173,265)
Transfers out		(28,240)			28,240
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	-	69,174		69,174
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	-	-	52,326		52,326
Total other financing sources	13,400,083	13,545,108	13,521,583		(23,525)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (10,170,365)	\$ (16,390,511)	998,464	\$	17,388,975
Fund balance - beginning			31,403,885	-	
Fund balance - ending			\$ 32,402,349	=	

Bay County, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Hurricane Michael Fund Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgetec	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with		
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget		
REVENUES	¢	¢ 5.0 (0)	¢ 10.006 7 10	¢ 1727.000		
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 5,269,638	\$ 10,006,718	\$ 4,737,080		
Investment earnings	-	-	(531,552)	(531,552)		
Miscellaneous	-	-	1,074	1,074		
Total revenues	-	5,269,638	9,476,240	4,206,602		
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	200,000	4,494,756	5,682,064	(1,187,308)		
Public safety	-	2,509,949	500,651	2,009,298		
Physical environment	28,696,108	10,648,604	469,471	10,179,133		
Transportation	10,000,000	26,313	4,301,908	(4,275,595)		
Economic environment	-	5,380	-	5,380		
Culture and recreation	-	1,179,340	851,479	327,861		
Capital outlay		, ,	,	,		
General government	-	2,691,493	3,091,293	(399,800)		
Public safety	-	44,430	486	43,944		
Physical environment	-	7,761,377	2,941,795	4,819,582		
Transportation	-	15,435,404	2,321,619	13,113,785		
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	549,617	(549,617)		
Bond issuance costs	-	-	86,195	(86,195)		
Total expenditures	38,896,108	44,797,046	20,796,578	24,000,468		
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(38,896,108)	(39,527,408)	(11,320,338)	28,207,070		
	((()))	- , ,		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in	-	631,300	3,805,393	3,174,093		
Issuance of refunding debt	38,896,108	38,896,108	99,886,218	60,990,110		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	(99,886,218)	(99,886,218)		
Total other financing sources	38,896,108	39,527,408	3,805,393	(35,722,015)		
Net change in fund balance	\$-	\$-	(7,514,945)	\$ (7,514,945)		
Fund balance - beginning			101,752,348			
Fund balance - ending			\$ 94,237,403			

Bay County, Florida Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2022

		Business-tv	ype Activities Enter	orise Funds		Governmental Activities
	Wholesale	Retail Water	1	Building		Internal
	Water System	& Wastewater	Solid Waste	Services	Total	Service Funds
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,058,406	\$ 741,372	\$ 1,500	\$ 523,906	\$ 2,325,184	\$ 490,063
Accounts receivable, net	1,687,475	1,413,831	806,395	42,919	3,950,620	138,740
Accrued interest receivable	52,005	37,757	7,460	14,571	111,793	11,374
Due from component units	-	-	-	-	-	88
Prepaid expenses	597	1,868	3,724	145,651	151,840	2,413,661
Investments	20,610,907	14,369,019	-	10,192,563	45,172,489	9,528,626
Inventory	418,072	250,190	-	-	668,262	-
Due from other funds	534,246	316,406	137,575	-	988,227	111,548
Due from other governments	-	2,084,898	-	-	2,084,898	9,157
Total current assets	24,361,708	19,215,341	956,654	10,919,610	55,453,313	12,703,257
Noncurrent assets						
Restricted assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	854,479	459,318	426,600	6,888	1,747,285	-
Investments	16,639,713	8,944,539	8,307,413	134,140	34,025,805	-
Notes receivable	-	2,180,204	-	-	2,180,204	-
Advances to other funds	-	-	-	120,945	120,945	-
Investment in joint venture	-	7,650,229	-	-	7,650,229	-
Capital assets						
Land	261,192	4,714,000	1,389,919	-	6,365,111	-
Construction in progress	2,444,442	1,281,736	-	-	3,726,178	8,678
Buildings	5,820,306	49,680	6,360,115	-	12,230,101	516,699
Improvements	3,828,732	527,543	97,633	-	4,453,908	222,946
Furniture and equipment	4,712,828	2,192,723	8,949,741	1,021,398	16,876,690	1,084,495
Infrastructure	119,348,922	38,187,036	38,616,415	-	196,152,373	-
Less: accumulated depreciation	(58,478,283)	(26,629,833)	(18,214,354)	(430,300)	(103,752,770)	(1,105,531)
Total capital assets, net	77,938,139	20,322,885	37,199,469	591,098	136,051,591	727,287
Total noncurrent assets	95,432,331	39,557,175	45,933,482	853,071	181,776,059	727,287
Total assets	119,794,039	58,772,516	46,890,136	11,772,681	237,229,372	13,430,544
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred loss on refunding	-	-	120,154	-	120,154	-
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	11,482	17,070	10,765	7,919	47,236	18,658
Deferred outflows related to pension	414,420	591,866	337,926	318,476	1,662,688	561,097
Total deferred outflows of resources	425,902	608,936	468,845	326,395	1,830,078	579,755

Continued

Bay County, Florida Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds September 30, 2022

				Business-t	ype A	ctivities Enter	prise I	Funds			overnmental Activities	
	Whol	esale	R	etail Water	71		•	Building			Internal	
	Water System		& Wastewater		S	olid Waste		Services	Total		Service Funds	
LIABILITIES												
Current liabilities												
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	743,311	\$	743,719	\$	311,287	\$	409,637	\$ 2,207,954	\$	671,114	
Due to other funds		2,456		7,110		4,411,025		63,900	4,484,491		3,352,109	
Due to other governments		-		108,940		-		21,978	130,918		-	
Accrued interest payable		125,426		88,022		54,551		119	268,118		267	
Estimated liability for self insured losses, current		-		-		-		-	-		1,081,419	
Accrued compensated absences, current		39,805		89,618		44,709		53,423	227,555		104,738	
Capital leases payable, current		5,155		3,963		5,156		2,863	17,137		11,454	
Notes payable, current	1,	020,859		472,299		-		-	1,493,158		-	
Bonds payable, current		055,000		710,000		3,426,000		-	6,191,000		-	
Total current liabilities	3,	992,012		2,223,671		8,252,728		551,920	15,020,331		5,221,101	
Noncurrent liabilities		,										
Estimated liability for self insured losses, net		-		-		-		-	-		3,218,581	
Customer deposits		-		1,300,426		164,642		141,028	1,606,096		-	
Unearned revenue		-		3,033,287		-		-	3,033,287		-	
Accrued compensated absences		62,887		130,026		66,522		65,980	325,415		180,495	
Other postemployment benefits		234,914		182,831		180,504		176,811	775,060		150,852	
Net pension liability	1,	325,848		2,104,593		1,272,890		1,233,270	5,936,601		2,203,875	
Capital leases payable, net		6,799		9,963		4,310		8,174	29,246		13,423	
Notes payable, net	11,	101,629		1,707,907		-		-	12,809,536		-	
Bonds payable, net	21,	152,950		24,306,680		18,675,000		-	64,134,630		-	
Landfill postclosure liability	,	-		-		10,625,912		-	10,625,912		-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	33,	885,027		32,775,713		30,989,780		1,625,263	99,275,783		5,767,226	
Total liabilities	37,	877,039		34,999,384		39,242,508		2,177,183	114,296,114		10,988,327	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Deferred gain on refunding		528,228		220,486		-		-	848,714		-	
Deferred inflows related to pension		96.476		73,942		61.613		(2,186)	229,845		179,036	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		140,064		280,259		166,271		139,734	726,328		336,210	
Total deferred inflows of resources		864,768		574,687		227,884		137,548	1,804,887		515,246	
NET POSITION												
Net investment in capital assets	41	967,519		(5,174,413)		15,209,157		580,061	52,582,324		702,410	
Restricted for	Ŧ1,			(0,17,1,115)		10,209,107		200,001	22,002,024		, 02, 110	
Debt service 4,852,519			2,533,867		328,358		_	7,714,744		-		
Impact fees 12,650,265			4,941,864		520,550			17,592,129				
Unrestricted		007,831		21,506,063		(7,648,926)		9,204,284	45,069,252		1,804,316	
Total net position (deficit)		478,134	\$	23,807,381	\$	7,888,589	\$	9,784,345	\$ 122,958,449	\$	2,506,726	

Bay County, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended September 30, 2022

				e Act	ivities Enterpr			G	overnmental Activities
	Wholesale		Retail Water			Building		Internal	
	Wa	ater System	& Wastewater	S	Solid Waste	Services	Total	Se	ervice Funds
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	17,659,999	\$ 13,600,686	\$	9,187,266	\$ 3,609,995	\$ 44,057,946	\$	12,652,318
Miscellaneous	Ψ	24,026	251,594	Ψ	87,803	131,069	494,492	Ψ	1,026,436
Total operating revenues		17,684,025	13,852,280		9,275,069	3,741,064	44,552,438		13,678,754
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Personal services		1,646,499	3,430,202		1,888,736	1,868,510	8,833,947		3,565,082
Contracted services		1,752,346	1,863,699		2,159,616	478,123	6,253,784		410,136
Repairs and maintenance		1,351,976	479,659		1,130,163	10,472	2,972,270		835,551
Utilities		2,487,884	300,903		39,590		2,828,377		394,750
Depreciation		4,873,333	1,646,047		3,086,847	76,471	9,682,698		143,373
Materials		4,075,555	1,040,047		3,000,047	70,471	9,002,090		2,740,321
Insurance claims						_			2,038,782
Other operating expenses		4,697,756	4,457,879		949,214	226,176	10,331,025		4,678,329
Total operating expenses		16,809,794	12,178,389		9,254,166	2,659,752	40,902,101		14,806,324
Total operating expenses		10,809,794	12,178,389		9,234,100	2,039,132	40,902,101		14,800,524
Operating income (loss)		874,231	1,673,891		20,903	1,081,312	3,650,337		(1,127,570)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Intergovernmental revenues-grants		20,051	827,330		-	-	847,381		1,131
Investment earnings (loss)		(320,281)	467,958		(46,151)	(85,319)	16,207		(70,600)
Interest and fiscal charges		(1,099,462)	(1,049,712)		(815,311)	(1,032)	(2,965,517)		(3,707)
Taxes		-	-		2,700	-	2,700		-
Gain(Loss) on disposal of capital assets		(647)	-		(117,615)	-	(118,262)		6,745
Insurance proceeds		-	-		59,976	-	59,976		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(1,400,339)	245,576		(916,401)	(86,351)	(2,157,515)		(66,431)
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		(526,108)	1,919,467		(895,498)	994,961	1,492,822		(1,194,001)
Capital contributions		4,979,438	1,736,823		-	-	6,716,261		54,958
Transfers in		-	-,		27,681	-	27,681		23,756
Transfers out		-	-			(49,488)	(49,488)		
						(1),100)	(1),100)		
Change in net position before special item		4,453,330	3,656,290		(867,817)	945,473	8,187,276		(1,115,287)
Special item-asset impairment		-	-		(36,831,033)	-	(36,831,033)		-
Change in net position		4,453,330	3,656,290		(37,698,850)	945,473	(28,643,757)		(1,115,287)
Total net position (deficit) - beginning		77,024,804	20,151,091		45,587,439	8,838,872	151,602,206		3,622,013
Total net position (deficit) - ending	\$	81,478,134	\$ 23,807,381	\$	7,888,589	\$ 9,784,345	\$ 159,789,482	\$	2,506,726
roun net position (derien) ending	Ψ	51,170,154	φ <u>2</u> 2,007,201	Ψ	,,000,007	φ ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	φ 107,707, 7 02	Ψ	2,200,720

Bay County, Florida Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended September 30, 2022

										G	lovernmental
					Activitie						
V					Solid Waste		Building Services		Total	S	Internal ervice Funds
	·										
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$, ,	\$	12,754,436
							131,070		494,494		1,026,436
	(10,097,505)		(6,992,484)		(2,997,826)		(446,883)		(20,534,698)		(10,345,840)
	(1,629,768)		(3,352,641)		(1,847,173)		(1,790,152)		(8,619,734)		(3,470,528)
	5,761,301		2,280,728		4,943,823		1,424,228		14,410,080		(35,496)
	-		-		27,681		-		27,681		23,756
	-		-		-		(49,488)		(49,488)		-
	-		-		-		58,135		58,135		-
	-		-		2 700						-
	20.051		827 330		2,700						1,131
	20,051		027,550						047,501		1,151
	20,051		827,330		30,381		8,647		886,409		24,887
	,		,		,		,		,		,
	(1 642 524)		(1.082.800)		(722 100)		(1.428)		(2 160 862)		(4,111)
							(1,420)				
							-				(11,264)
					7,371		11,037				-
	1,919,588		1,733,978		-		-				-
	-		-		59,976		-				-
	19,138		-		-		-		19,138		6,745
	(1,170,023)		(1,099,197)		(707,405)		(411,329)		(3,387,954)		(39,180)
					-						
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	(3,811,738)		(1,590,543)		(4,667,399)		(401,720)		(10,471,400)		(47,810)
	43.413.276		26.201.844		10.007.933		11.418.974		91.042.027		12,079,349
											(12,257,283)
	(10,100,210)				(10,100,000)		(12,001,021)				(12,207,200)
	216.176				35 356		61 281				60,179
					55,550		01,201				00,179
	(2,497,215)		(1,805,998)		(436,799)		(1,151,069)		(5,891,081)		(117,755)
	(527 601)		(200 402)		(120.004)		(110.014)		(1.065.002)		(176,174)
	2,440,486		1,489,173		558,094		650,708		5,138,461		666,237
\$	1,912,885	\$	1,200,690	\$	428,100	\$	530,794	\$	4,072,469	\$	490,063
\$	1,058,406	\$	741,372	\$	1,500	\$	523,906	\$	2,325,184	\$	490,063
	854,479		459,318		426,600		6,888		1,747,285		-
\$	1,912,885	\$	1,200,690	\$	428,100	\$	530,794	\$	4,072,469	\$	490,063
\$	10,175	\$	12,381	\$	7,371	\$	11,037	\$	40,964	\$	3,155
	\$ 	24,027 (10,097,505) (1,629,768) 5,761,301 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Water System & \$ 17,464,547 \$ 24,027 (10,097,505) (1,629,768) (1,629,768) - - - - - - - - - - - 20,051 - - - - - - - - 20,051 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Wholesale Water SystemRetail Water & Wastewater\$17,464,547\$12,374,259 24,027251,594 (10,097,505)(6,992,484) (1,629,768)(3,352,641) 3,352,641)5,761,3012,280,728 <td>Wholesale Water System Retail Water & Wastewater \$ 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,259 \$ 24,027 251,594 (10,097,505) (6,992,484) (1,629,768) (3,352,641) 5,761,301 2,280,728 - - - - - - - - - - - - - 20,051 827,330 20,051 827,330 20,051 827,330 - - 20,051 827,330 - - 10,174 12,381 1,919,588 1,733,978 - - - - 19,138 - - - (1,470,023) (1,099,197) - - - - - - - (3,811,738) (1,590,543) - - 43,413,276 26,201,844 (46,466,940) (28,674,424) - - - 3,867 - - -<td>Wholesale Water System Retail Water & Wastewater Solid Waste \$ 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,259 \$ 9,701,019 24,027 251,594 87,803 (10,097,505) (6,992,484) (2,997,826) (1,629,768) (3,352,641) (1,847,173) 5,761,301 2,280,728 4,943,823 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 2,700 20,051 827,330 30,381 (1,642,534) (1,083,800) (733,100) (2,948,081) (1,153,905) (3,294,241) 10,174 12,381 7,371 1,919,588 1,733,978 -</td><td>Wholesale Water System Retail Water & Wastewater Solid Waste S 17,464,547 S 12,374,259 S 9,701,019 S 24,027 251,594 87,803 (10,097,505) (6,992,484) (2,997,826) (1,629,768) (3,352,641) (1,847,173) 5,761,301 2,280,728 4,943,823 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 27,681 - - - - - 2,700 20,051 827,330 - - 20,051 827,330 30,381 - - - - - 10,174 12,381 7,371 1,919,588 1,733,978 -</td><td>Water System & Wastewater Solid Waste Services \$ 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,259 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 24,027 221,594 87,803 131,070 (446,4583) (1,697,505) (6,992,484) (2,997,826) (446,4583) (1,629,768) (3,352,641) (1,847,173) (1,790,152) 5,761,301 2,280,728 4,943,823 1,424,228 - - - 58,135 - - - - 27,681 - 20,051 827,330 30,381 8,647 20,051 827,330 30,381 8,647 10,174 12,381 7,371 11,037 1,919,588 1,733,978 - - - - - - - 1,91,38 (1,590,543) (4,667,399) (401,720) - 3,867 - - - - 3,867 - - -</td><td>Wholesale Water System Retuil Water & Wastewater Solid Waste Building Services \$ 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,259 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 24,027 251,594 \$ 7,803 131,070 (10,097,505) (6,992,484) (2,997,826) (446,883) (1,629,768) (1,429,768) 1,424,228 5,761,301 2,280,728 4,943,823 1,424,228 1,424,228 1,424,228 - - - - 5,81,35 - - - - - - 5,81,35 - - 20,051 827,330 30,381 8,647 - - 20,051 827,330 30,381 8,647 - - 10,174 12,381 7,371 11,037 - - - 19,158 1,733,978 - - - - - - 19,158 - - - - - - -</br></td><td>Wholesale Retail Water Solid Wase Building S 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,229 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,229 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ 24,027 251,594 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ (1,629,789) (3,352,641) (1,347,173) (1,790,152) (8,619,734) \$ - - 27,681 - 27,681 - - 27,681 - 27,00 2,0051 \$827,330 - \$ 847,381 20,051 \$827,330 30,381 \$ 8,647 \$ 10,174 12,381 7,371 11,037 40,963 12,945,88 1,733,978 - - 3,633,566 - - - - 1,91,38 (1,170,023) (1,</td><td>Basiness-type Artivities Enterprise Funds Water System Retail Water Solid Waste Building S 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,259 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ 24,027 221,554 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ 24,027 221,524 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ 24,027 231,524 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 494,494 (10,097,505) \$<</td></td>	Wholesale Water System Retail Water & Wastewater \$ 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,259 \$ 24,027 251,594 (10,097,505) (6,992,484) (1,629,768) (3,352,641) 5,761,301 2,280,728 - - - - - - - - - - - - - 20,051 827,330 20,051 827,330 20,051 827,330 - - 20,051 827,330 - - 10,174 12,381 1,919,588 1,733,978 - - - - 19,138 - - - (1,470,023) (1,099,197) - - - - - - - (3,811,738) (1,590,543) - - 43,413,276 26,201,844 (46,466,940) (28,674,424) - - - 3,867 - - - <td>Wholesale Water System Retail Water & Wastewater Solid Waste \$ 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,259 \$ 9,701,019 24,027 251,594 87,803 (10,097,505) (6,992,484) (2,997,826) (1,629,768) (3,352,641) (1,847,173) 5,761,301 2,280,728 4,943,823 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 2,700 20,051 827,330 30,381 (1,642,534) (1,083,800) (733,100) (2,948,081) (1,153,905) (3,294,241) 10,174 12,381 7,371 1,919,588 1,733,978 -</td> <td>Wholesale Water System Retail Water & Wastewater Solid Waste S 17,464,547 S 12,374,259 S 9,701,019 S 24,027 251,594 87,803 (10,097,505) (6,992,484) (2,997,826) (1,629,768) (3,352,641) (1,847,173) 5,761,301 2,280,728 4,943,823 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 27,681 - - - - - 2,700 20,051 827,330 - - 20,051 827,330 30,381 - - - - - 10,174 12,381 7,371 1,919,588 1,733,978 -</td> <td>Water System & Wastewater Solid Waste Services \$ 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,259 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 24,027 221,594 87,803 131,070 (446,4583) (1,697,505) (6,992,484) (2,997,826) (446,4583) (1,629,768) (3,352,641) (1,847,173) (1,790,152) 5,761,301 2,280,728 4,943,823 1,424,228 - - - 58,135 - - - - 27,681 - 20,051 827,330 30,381 8,647 20,051 827,330 30,381 8,647 10,174 12,381 7,371 11,037 1,919,588 1,733,978 - - - - - - - 1,91,38 (1,590,543) (4,667,399) (401,720) - 3,867 - - - - 3,867 - - -</td> <td>Wholesale Water System Retuil Water & Wastewater Solid Waste Building Services \$ 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,259 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 24,027 251,594 \$ 7,803 131,070 (10,097,505) (6,992,484) (2,997,826) (446,883) (1,629,768) (1,429,768) 1,424,228 5,761,301 2,280,728 4,943,823 1,424,228 1,424,228 1,424,228 - - - - 5,81,35 - - - - - - 5,81,35 - - 20,051 827,330 30,381 8,647 - - 20,051 827,330 30,381 8,647 - - 10,174 12,381 7,371 11,037 - - - 19,158 1,733,978 - - - - - - 19,158 - - - - - - -</br></td> <td>Wholesale Retail Water Solid Wase Building S 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,229 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,229 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ 24,027 251,594 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ (1,629,789) (3,352,641) (1,347,173) (1,790,152) (8,619,734) \$ - - 27,681 - 27,681 - - 27,681 - 27,00 2,0051 \$827,330 - \$ 847,381 20,051 \$827,330 30,381 \$ 8,647 \$ 10,174 12,381 7,371 11,037 40,963 12,945,88 1,733,978 - - 3,633,566 - - - - 1,91,38 (1,170,023) (1,</td> <td>Basiness-type Artivities Enterprise Funds Water System Retail Water Solid Waste Building S 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,259 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ 24,027 221,554 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ 24,027 221,524 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ 24,027 231,524 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 494,494 (10,097,505) \$<</td>	Wholesale Water System Retail Water & Wastewater Solid Waste \$ 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,259 \$ 9,701,019 24,027 251,594 87,803 (10,097,505) (6,992,484) (2,997,826) (1,629,768) (3,352,641) (1,847,173) 5,761,301 2,280,728 4,943,823 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 2,700 20,051 827,330 30,381 (1,642,534) (1,083,800) (733,100) (2,948,081) (1,153,905) (3,294,241) 10,174 12,381 7,371 1,919,588 1,733,978 -	Wholesale Water System Retail Water & Wastewater Solid Waste S 17,464,547 S 12,374,259 S 9,701,019 S 24,027 251,594 87,803 (10,097,505) (6,992,484) (2,997,826) (1,629,768) (3,352,641) (1,847,173) 5,761,301 2,280,728 4,943,823 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 27,681 - - - - - 2,700 20,051 827,330 - - 20,051 827,330 30,381 - - - - - 10,174 12,381 7,371 1,919,588 1,733,978 -	Water System & Wastewater Solid Waste Services \$ 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,259 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 24,027 221,594 87,803 131,070 (446,4583) (1,697,505) (6,992,484) (2,997,826) (446,4583) (1,629,768) (3,352,641) (1,847,173) (1,790,152) 5,761,301 2,280,728 4,943,823 1,424,228 - - - 58,135 - - - - 27,681 - 20,051 827,330 30,381 8,647 20,051 827,330 30,381 8,647 10,174 12,381 7,371 11,037 1,919,588 1,733,978 - - - - - - - 1,91,38 (1,590,543) (4,667,399) (401,720) - 3,867 - - - - 3,867 - - -	Wholesale Water System Retuil Water & Wastewater Solid Waste Building 	Wholesale Retail Water Solid Wase Building S 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,229 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,229 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ 24,027 251,594 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ (1,629,789) (3,352,641) (1,347,173) (1,790,152) (8,619,734) \$ - - 27,681 - 27,681 - - 27,681 - 27,00 2,0051 \$827,330 - \$ 847,381 20,051 \$827,330 30,381 \$ 8,647 \$ 10,174 12,381 7,371 11,037 40,963 12,945,88 1,733,978 - - 3,633,566 - - - - 1,91,38 (1,170,023) (1,	Basiness-type Artivities Enterprise Funds Water System Retail Water Solid Waste Building S 17,464,547 \$ 12,374,259 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ 24,027 221,554 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ 24,027 221,524 \$ 9,701,019 \$ 3,530,193 \$ 43,070,018 \$ 24,027 231,524 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 494,494 (10,097,505) \$<

Continued

			Business-tyr		tivities Enterp	rico	Funde			overnmental Activities
	 Wholesale	R	etail Water	JE AL	uvities Enterp		Building			Internal
	ater System		Wastewater	S	olid Waste		Services	Total	Se	ervice Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Operating income (loss)	\$ 874,231	\$	1,673,891	\$	20,903	\$	1,081,312	\$ 3,650,337	\$	(1,127,570)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities										
Depreciation	4,873,333		1,646,047		3,086,847		76,471	9,682,698		143,373
(Increase) decrease in assets										
Accounts receivable, net	(74,341)		109,670		218,812		(9,099)	245,042		101,862
Prepaid expenses	-		(1,000)		-		(145,651)	(146,651)		(294,313)
Inventory	176,903		368,690		-		-	545,593		-
Due from other funds	(121,111)		(126,273)		296,983		-	49,599		260
Due from other governments	-		(700,961)		-		-	(700,961)		(9,134)
Due from component unit	-		-		-		-	-		(25)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	15,503		(214,948)		55,059		356,748	212,362		170,217
Unearned revenues	-		(667,211)		-		-	(667,211)		-
Due to other funds	52		621		924,011		62,114	986,798		1,066,041
Due to other governments	-		(44,707)		-		(5,322)	(50,029)		-
Customer deposits	-		159,348		(2,042)		(70,703)	86,603		-
Accrued compensated absences	(11,660)		19,663		2,752		40,440	51,195		11,527
Other postemployment benefits	8,836		18,901		9,615		6,398	43,750		18,645
Net pension liability	702,106		1,448,521		912,958		835,028	3,898,613		1,916,426
Landfill postclosure liability	-		-		301,687		-	301,687		-
Estimated liability for self insured losses	-		-		-		-	-		(180,761)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension	(81,362)		(167,859)		(105,797)		(96,766)	(451,784)		(222,079)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to OPEB	(4,575)		(9,786)		(4,978)		(3,312)	(22,651)		(9,653)
Increase in deferred inflows related to OPEB	(13,182)		(28,198)		(14,344)		(9,544)	(65,268)		(27,813)
Decrease in deferred inflows related to pension	(583,432)		(1,203,681)		(758,643)		(693,886)	(3,239,642)		(1,592,499)
Total adjustments	4,887,070		606,837		4,922,920		342,916	10,759,743		1,092,074
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 5,761,301	\$	2,280,728	\$	4,943,823	\$	1,424,228	\$ 14,410,080	\$	(35,496)

Bay County, Florida Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2022

	(Custodial Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,713,125
Accounts receivable, net		61
Total assets	\$	15,713,186
LIABILITIES		
Deposits	\$	2,102,452
Due to others		1,041,790
Due to other governments		2,963,718
Total liabilities	\$	6,107,960
NET POSITION		
Restricted		
Held for others	\$	9,605,226
Total net position	\$	9,605,226

	Cu	stodial Funds
Additions		
Funds held for others	\$	119,996,794
Court costs		1,050
Property taxes collected for other governments		269,866,564
Seizures		213,695
Bonds, purges, and levies		98,417
Total additions	\$	390,176,520
Deductions		
Funds held for others		119,159,645
Court costs		25,546
Property taxes distributed to other governments		269,866,564
Seizures		208,030
Bonds, purges, and levies		92,468
Total deductions	\$	389,352,253
Changes in Net Position	\$	824,267
Net position - beginning of year	\$	8,780,959
Net position - end of year	\$	9,605,226

Bay County, Florida Statement of Net Position - Discretely Presented Component Units September 30, 2022

					Compo	onent Unit	s			
	Panama Ci Beach Conventio and Visito Bureau, In	n rs	H Cor Dev	fexico Beach nmunity elopment ncil, Inc.	Pana Com Deve	ma City munity lopment icil, Inc.	B Tra	Bay County ansportation Planning rganization		Total
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,854,9	963	\$	21,621	\$	540,219	\$	84,300	\$	5,501,103
Investments	+ .,	_	Ŧ				Ŧ	1,641,685	Ŧ	1,641,685
Accounts receivable, net	113,	646		-		-		8,145		121,791
Due from other governments		-		-		_		1,201,770		1,201,770
Prepaid expenses	631,	336		-		_		87,727		719,063
Inventory	10,9			_		_				10,903
Other postemployment assets	10,	/05		-		-		4,597		4,597
	1,126,	-		1.042	,	-		4,397		
Due from primary government	1,120,0	052		1,943		207,865		-		1,336,440
Restricted assets								50		50
Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-		52		52
Investments		-		-		-		945		945
Capital assets										
Nondepreciable		-		-		-		867,934		867,934
Depreciable, net	530,			31,046		340,183		7,397,620		9,299,671
Total assets	7,268,3	302		54,610	2,0	088,267		11,294,775		20,705,954
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred outflows of resources - other postemployment benefits	7,9	975		1,111		-		1,856		10,942
Total deferred outflows of resources	7,9	975		1,111		-		1,856		10,942
								· · ·		
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,051,5			30,656		50,402		350,330		2,482,971
Due to primary government	250,0	000		-		100,000		88		350,088
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		84,609		84,609
Accrued interest payable		-		-		-		1,079		1,079
Long-term liabilities										
Due within one year										
Accrued compensated absences		-		-		35,891		12,124		48,015
Due in more than one year										
Accrued compensated absences		-		-		-		14,754		14,754
Other postemployment benefits	113,4	410		7,917		-		-		121,327
Notes payable	,	-				-		1,239,445		1,239,445
Total liabilities	2,414,9	993		38,573		186,293		1,702,429		4,342,288
DEFENDED NIELOWG OF DESOLDOES										
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources - other postemployment benefits	125,	150		9,759				31,517		166,435
Total deferred inflows of resources						-				
Total deferred innows of resources	125,	139		9,759		-		31,517		166,435
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets	530,	822		31,046	1,	340,183		7,026,109		8,928,160
Restricted for										
Debt service		-		-		-		1,061		1,061
Unrestricted	4,205,2	303		(23,657)		561,791		2,535,515		7,278,952

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	Expenses	(Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions	G	Capital rants and ntributions
Functions/Programs							
Component Units							
Panama City Beach Convention							
and Visitors Bureau, Inc.	\$ 15,579,680	\$	16,205,562	\$	98,241	\$	-
Mexico Beach Community							
Development Council, Inc.	393,227		390,550		-		-
Panama City Community							
Development Council, Inc.	1,862,512		2,037,526		-		-
Bay County Transportation							
Planning Organization	5,977,531		495,901		6,540,378		370,990
Total component units	\$ 23,812,950	\$	19,129,539	\$	6,638,619	\$	370,990

Investment earnings

Program Revenues

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Prior period adjustment

Net position - beginning (as restated)

Net position - ending

Bay County, Florida Statement of Activities - Discretely Presented Component Units Year Ended September 30, 2022

			· •	es) Revenues and n Net Position			
			Compo	onent Units			
 Panama City Beach Convention and Visitors Bureau, Inc.	E	Mexico Beach Community Development Council, Inc.	C D	anama City Community evelopment ouncil, Inc.	Tr	Bay County ansportation Planning rganization	Total
\$ 724,123	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 724,123
-		(2,677)		-		-	(2,677)
-		-		175,014		-	175,014
 -		-		-		1,429,738	1,429,738
 724,123		(2,677)		175,014		1,429,738	2,326,198
9,654		15 3,897		446		1,304 10,901	11,419 14,798
 9,654		3,912		446		12,205	26,217
 733,777		1,235		175,460		1,441,943	2,352,415
4,002,348		6,154		1,726,514		8,443,313	14,178,329
 -		-		-		(322,571)	(322,571)
\$ 4,002,348 4,736,125	\$	6,154 7,389	\$	1,726,514 1,901,974	\$	8,120,742 9,562,685	\$ 13,855,758 16,208,173

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Bay County, Florida (County) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting.

The County is a political subdivision of the State of Florida, established under the legal authority of the state's constitution, and operates under an elected legislative body consisting of five commissioners who are governed by state statutes and regulations. The County provides the following services to its residents: general government, public safety, physical environment, human services, transportation, economic environment and culture and recreation. In addition, the County operates water and sewer systems, solid waste, building services. The Law Library is accounted for within the General Fund.

Reporting Entity

The Bay County Board of County Commissioners (Board) and the offices of the Clerk of Court and Comptroller, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, Tax Collector and Property Appraiser are operated as separate County agencies in accordance with applicable provisions of Florida Statutes. The office of the Tax Collector operates on a fee system, whereby the officer retains fees, commissions and other revenue to pay all operating expenditures, including statutory compensation. Any excess income is remitted to the Board after the end of the fiscal year. The offices of the Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, Clerk of Court and Comptroller and the Property Appraiser operate on a budget system, whereby County appropriated funds are received from the Board and any unexpended appropriations at the end of the year are required to be returned to the Board.

The accompanying financial statements present the County (as the primary government composed of the Board and Constitutional Officers) and its component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County. The accounting policies of the County conform to GAAP as applied to governmental units. The more significant accounting policies used by the County are described below.

In evaluating the County as a reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units in accordance with Section 2100: *Defining the Financial Reporting Entity* of the GASB Codification.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are reported in the statement of net position and activities – discretely presented component units financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The following are discretely presented component units of the County:

The Panama City Beach Convention and Visitors Bureau, Inc. (Bureau) is a nonprofit corporation organized in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 617, *Florida Statutes*, whose purpose is to provide support for the Bay County Tourist Development Council, the Board of County Commissioners of Bay County, Florida, and where not in conflict with those two, the City of Panama City Beach, Florida. Its capital assets are the property of the County and are included in the County's capital assets. The Bureau is presented as a discretely presented component unit with a fiscal year end of September 30. Complete financial statements for the Bureau may be obtained from the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's Office at P.O. Box 2269, Panama City, Florida 32402.

The Bay County Tourist Development Council board members are each appointed as members of the Bureau's governing body. The majority of the Bay County Tourist Development Council board members are appointed by the Bay County Board of County Commissioners. The Board has the ability to appoint, hire, reassign or dismiss persons responsible for the Bureau's operations. Because the County appoints a voting majority and is able to impose its will on and is obligated to provide specific financial benefits to the Bureau, the Bureau is considered a component unit and the discrete presentation method has been used to report the Bureau's financial position and results of operations.

The Mexico Beach Community Development Council, Inc. (Mexico Beach CDC) is organized in accordance with provisions of Chapter 617, *Florida Statutes*, as a nonprofit corporation whose purpose is to provide support for the Bay County Tourist Development Council, the Board of County Commissioners of Bay County, Florida, and where not in conflict with those two, the City of Mexico Beach, Florida. Its capital assets are the property of the County and are included in the County's capital assets. The Mexico Beach CDC is presented as a discretely presented component unit with a fiscal year of September 30. Complete financial statements for the Mexico Beach CDC may be obtained from the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's Office at P.O. Box 2269, Panama City, Florida 32402.

The Board has the authority to appoint a voting majority of the Mexico Beach CDC's governing body, and to remove appointed members. The County is also legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the Mexico Beach CDC. Because the County appoints a voting majority and is able to impose its will on and is obligated to provide specific financial support to the Mexico Beach CDC, the Mexico Beach CDC is considered a component unit and the discrete presentation method has been used to report the Mexico Beach CDC's financial position and results of operations.

Discretely Presented Component Units (continued)

The Panama City Community Development Council, Inc. (Panama City CDC) is organized in accordance with provisions of Chapter 617, *Florida Statutes*, as a nonprofit corporation whose purpose is to provide support for the Bay County Tourist Development Council, the Board of County Commissioners of Bay County, Florida, and where not in conflict with those two, the City of Panama City, Florida. The Panama City CDC is presented as a discretely presented component unit with a fiscal year of September 30. Complete financial statements for the Panama City CDC may be obtained from the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's Office at P.O. Box 2269, Panama City, Florida 32402.

The Board has the ability to provide ongoing accountability to the Panama City CDC. The County is also legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the Panama City CDC. Because the County has the ability to provide ongoing accountability and is able to impose its will on and is obligated to provide specific financial support to the Panama City CDC, the Panama City CDC is considered a component unit and the discrete presentation method has been used to report the Panama City CDC's financial position and results of operations.

The Bay County Transportation Planning Organization (TPO) is an intergovernmental organization organized in accordance with the provisions of 23 CFR Part 450, 23 CFR Part 771, and Chapter 339, *Florida Statutes* to establish a cooperative, comprehensive, and continuing planning process. The board is comprised of local government officials, including Bay County and local Bay County municipal officials, who make decisions regarding transportation at a regional level. Effective fiscal year ending September 30, 2021, it was determined that the TPO was fiscally dependent and provided a financial burden to Bay County and therefore would be presented as a component unit of Bay County. The TPO does not issue its own financial statements. Fund financial statements of the TPO are included as supplementary information.

Blended Component Units

Blended component units are legally separate entities but are in substance, part of the government's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. There are no blended component units included in the County's financial reporting entity.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary fund and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility and timing requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, gas taxes, various other taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The proprietary and custodial funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate the County's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the County's wholesale water, retail water and wastewater, solid waste, and building services functions and various other functions of the County. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, and internal service funds and fiduciary funds each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others that cannot be used to support the government's own programs. Custodial funds are purely custodial and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's general operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The *Tourist Development Fund* is used to account for the local option sales and use tourism tax, which is utilized to promote tourism in the County and maintain and protect the beaches of the County. Financing is provided principally by local option tourist development taxes.

The *Transportation Fund* is used to account for the operations of the road, bridge and stormwater departments. Financing is provided principally by ad valorem taxes, gasoline taxes and stormwater assessments.

The *Hurricane Michael Fund* is used to record all grant related revenues and expenditures related to Hurricane Michael. Financing is provided principally by federal and state grant revenues for Hurricane Michael recovery.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Wholesale Water System fund* is used to account for activities related to the operations of the County's wholesale water system.

The *Retail Water and Wastewater fund* is used to account for activities related to the County's retail water and sewer operations.

The *Solid Waste fund* is used to account for activities related to solid waste collection within the County.

The *Building Services fund* is used to account for the operations of the building department which is financed by fees from permits, licenses and inspections.

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes other than capital projects.

Internal Service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis. The services provided by these funds are facilities, lab, purchasing, workers' compensation, insurance and utilities administration.

The custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the County as a custodian for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. The assets are held and disbursed for fines and forfeitures collected pursuant to law, collections related to property foreclosures, documentary stamps and intangible taxes remitted to the State, and other miscellaneous funds collected on behalf of individuals and organizations.

During the course of operations, the County has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Budgetary Information

Budgetary basis of accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds, except those indicated in Note 3, and all proprietary funds. Budgets are prepared and adopted on a basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except as described in Note 3. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Certain special revenue funds do not have appropriated budgets since other means control the use of these resources (e.g., grant awards and endowment requirements) and sometimes span a period of more than one fiscal year.

The annual budgets serve as the legal authorization for expenditures. Expenditures cannot legally exceed the total amount budgeted for each fund. All budget amendments, which change the legally adopted total appropriation for a fund, are approved by the Board.

Florida Statutes provide that it is unlawful to make expenditures that exceed the total amount budgeted for each fund. Therefore, the fund level is the legal level of control for budget considerations. Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, governs the manner in which the budget may be legally amended once it has been approved. Pursuant to Chapter 129, only the Board can approve budget amendments that change the total approved budget appropriation of an individual fund.

If during the fiscal year additional revenue becomes available for appropriations in excess of those estimated in the budget, the Board by resolution may make supplemental appropriations for the year up to the amount of such excess. During the current fiscal year, various supplemental appropriations were approved by the Board.

Budgetary data presented in the accompanying basic financial statements in the final budgeted amounts column represents the final budgetary data. In this column, the effects of budget amendments have been applied to original budgetary data.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended September 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Intergovernmental Radio Communications Fund by \$3,094,691 and in the Court Fund by \$64,086.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments of the County are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices) except for the position in the Goldman Sachs money market account and the position in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (pool), hereinafter Florida PRIME, administered by the State of Florida State Board of Administration (SBA). This external investment pool has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirements of GASB 79 and the fair value of the assets in the pools are equal to the value of the pools' shares. Such investments are stated at amortized cost.

Accounts Receivable

Water and sewer services are billed at various dates throughout the month. Special assessments due from property owners are recorded as receivables when the final assessment role is approved.

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. As of September 30, 2022, the allowance for doubtful accounts in the General Fund is \$35,782,517 and total accounts receivable for the fund is \$42,821,571. As of September 30, 2022, the accounts receivable of all other funds are considered collectible; as such, no allowance for doubtful accounts is recorded.

Interfund Activities and Transactions

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" within the fund financial statements. Long-term borrowings between funds are classified as "advances to other funds" or "advances from other funds" in the fund financial statements. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any residual balance outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities at the end of the fiscal year, which are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Interfund transactions are reflected as services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Services provided, deemed to be at or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when on fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefitting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or business-type funds are funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory in the proprietary funds is valued at cost (first-in, first-out) and consists of expendable supplies. Governmental fund inventory is valued at cost (first-in, first-out). The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. At the fund reporting level, an equal amount of fund balance is reported as nonspendable, showing this amount is not in spendable form.

Miscellaneous Revenue

Miscellaneous revenue consist of various revenues including rental income, fees charged for nonrecurring services, donations, gifts and insurance proceeds. The General Fund's miscellaneous revenue as of September 30, 2022 of \$4,954,847 consisted primarily of an \$800,000 payment for a mediated settlement with Intermedix related to EMS overbilling, \$988,470 of payments from the Statewide Medicaid Managed Care's Public Emergency Transportation program, \$988,010 of payments related to phone commissions for Bay County Sheriff's Office Inmate Welfare Fund, and \$1,206,918 from the release of the Bay County Public Health Unit liability. The Building Service Fund's miscellaneous revenue of \$131,069 consisted primarily of various charges including credit card fees, copies, temporary power, etc. in the amount of \$119,934. The Workers' Compensation Fund's miscellaneous revenue of \$1,026,436 consisted primarily of \$955,496 related to excess reimbursement related to various claims.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, leased assets, right-to-use assets, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, beach renourishment, water and sewer distribution systems and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, except for infrastructure assets, are defined by the County as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. For infrastructure assets the same estimated minimum useful life is used (in excess of one year), but only those infrastructure projects that cost more than \$100,000 are reported as capital assets.

Capital Assets (continued)

The Board holds legal title to the capital assets used in the operations of the Board, Clerk of Court and Comptroller, Property Appraiser, Supervisor of Elections and Tax Collector, and is accountable for them by Florida Law. The Sheriff is accountable for and maintains capital asset records pertaining only to equipment used in his operations. These assets have been combined with the Board's governmental activities' capital assets in the statement of net position. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital asset classes	Lives
Buildings	20 - 50
Furniture and equipment	3 - 15
Improvements	20 - 50
Infrastructure	10 - 50
Utility plants	35 - 50
Books	2 - 5

Right-to-Use Lease Assets and Lease Liability

Lease contracts that provide the County with control of a nonfinancial asset, such as land, buildings or equipment, for a period of time in excess of twelve months are reported as a leased asset with a related lease liability. The lease liability is recorded at the present value of future lease payments, including fixed payments, variable payments based on an index or fixed rate and reasonably certain residual guarantees. The intangible leased asset is recorded for the same amount as the related lease liability plus any prepayments and initial direct costs to place the asset in service. Leased assets are amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the lease term. The lease liability is reduced for lease payments made, less the interest portion of the lease payment.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds and is recorded as an adjustment to interest expense. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In accordance with GASB Codification Section I30: *Interest Costs – Imputation*, bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred except for prepaid insurance costs.

Long-term Obligations (continued)

In the governmental fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues reported in government-wide financial statements represent revenues received in advance of the earnings process. The unearned revenues will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year they are earned in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. Unearned revenues reported in governmental fund financial statements represent unearned revenues or revenues which are measurable but not available, in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Capital Contributions

The capital contributions accounted for in the proprietary fund types represent contributions from other funds, developers, state and federal grant programs, and impact fees charged to new customers for their anticipated burden on the existing system. The contributions are reported after nonoperating revenues and expenses on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to grant employees who resign or retire, payment of annual leave earned up to 240 hours and 336 hours, depending upon type of employment. The annual leave policy allows for full-time employees to accumulate 16 to 24 hours a month, depending on employment type. All part-time employees accumulate annual leave at the same rate, prorated for hours actually worked.

It is the Bay County Supervisor of Elections' policy to grant employees who resign or retire payment of paid time off hours earned up to 480 hours, based on a payout service schedule and the availability of the budget. The paid time off policy allows for full-time employees to accumulate 14 to 22 hours a month depending on the length of service. Part-time and temporary employees are not eligible for paid time off.

It is the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's policy to grant paid absences for paid time off. Employees are permitted to accumulate up to 480 hours of earned, but unused, paid time off benefits, which will be paid to employees in good standing upon termination, based on a payout service schedule. The paid time off policy allows for full-time employees to accumulate 14 to 22 hours a month depending on the length of service.

It is the Bay County Property Appraiser's policy to grant employees who leave in good standing payment for up to 500 hours of earned, unused paid time off. The paid time off policy allows for full-time employees to accumulate 16 to 20 hours a month, depending on the length of service. Eligible part-time employees earn a prorated amount of leave.

It is the Bay County Tax Collector's policy to grant employees who leave in good standing payment for up to 240 hours of earned, unused paid time off. The paid time off policy allows for full-time employees to accumulate 13 to 22 hours a month, depending on the length of service. Eligible part-time employees earn a prorated amount of leave.

It is the Sheriff's policy to provide vacation and sick leave. A limited amount of accumulated sick leave is paid upon termination of employment with the Sheriff, to those employees that are retiring after at least six years of employment or have been employed a minimum of ten years and meet certain criteria. Employees may accrue compensatory time for overtime worked up, to a maximum of 240 hours. The paid time off policy allows for full-time employees to accumulate 8 to 13 hours a month, depending on the length of service. Upon termination or retirement, unused compensatory time is paid at the employees' regular pay rate.

Governmental fund types accrue benefits in the period they are earned; however, only the current portion of the accrued benefits is recorded in the governmental fund types. The long-term portion is recorded in the long-term liabilities in the government-wide presentation.

Estimated accrued compensated absences amounts for governmental funds represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations. The liability for compensated absences is reported in the statement of net position.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows/inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

The County currently has deferred inflows/outflows that qualify for reporting in these categories. It includes the deferred charge (loss/gain) on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of net position for proprietary funds. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred inflows related to leases are associated with amounts owed to the County, as lessor, by entities leasing the County's capital assets. In addition, the County records deferred inflows/outflows to their net pension liability and other postemployment benefit obligations, additional information related to these deferred outflow/inflows are included in Note 10 and 11.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits Liability

For purposes of measuring the net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The County has a single employer OPEB plan. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Categories and Classification of Net Position and Fund Balance

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The County reports three categories of net position, as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – This category consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

Categories and Classification of Net Position and Fund Balance (continued)

Restricted net position – Net position is considered restricted if its use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws or creditors, grantors, contributors, or enabling legislation. Restricted net position is restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – This category consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the County.

Net position flow assumption – Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund balance flow assumptions – Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund balance policies – Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The County itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, specifies the following classifications:

Nonspendable – Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Categories and Classification of Net Position and Fund Balance (continued)

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board has by resolution authorized the finance department to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the County's fund balance. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned balance. It would be inappropriate for other funds to report a positive unassigned balance. However, if expenditures are incurred for a specific purpose that exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed or assigned, they may report a negative unassigned balance.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, March 29, 2023, and determined there were no events that required disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Additional information about the changes to the financial statements related to the implementation of this Statement can be found in Note 23.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period*. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The Statement is being applied prospectively, therefore, there were no significant impacts of implementing this Statement.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. There were no significant impacts of implementing this Statement.

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued statements that will become effective in future years. These statements are as follows:

In May 2020, GASB issued GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Assets and liabilities resulting from SBITAs should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the fiscal year in which this Statement is implemented. Governments are permitted, but are not required, to include in the measurement of the subscription asset capitalizable outlays associated with the initial implementation stage and the operation and additional implementation stage incurred prior to the implementation of this Statement.

In June 2020, GASB issued GASB Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32.* The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for (a) accounting changes and (b) the correction of an error in previously issued financial statements (error correction). This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. Furthermore, this Statement addresses how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information (RSI) and supplementary information (SI). The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

The County is evaluating the requirements of the above statements and the impact on reporting.

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position:

The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance - total governmental funds* and *net position - governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$(400,465,003) difference are as follows:

Bonds payable	\$ (72,176,337)
Notes payable	(202,488,296)
Lease liability	(1,656,580)
Finance purchase liability	(541,514)
Other postemployment benefits	(11,935,485)
Net pension liability	(105,928,147)
Compensated absences	(5,738,644)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive	
at net position of governmental activities	\$ (400,465,003)

Deferred inflows and outflows related to the County's governmental activities are not reported as fund assets and liabilities. All assets and liabilities are reported in the statement of net position. The details of this \$16,054,569 difference are as follows:

Deferred outflows related to pension	\$ 29,283,266
Deferred inflows related to pension	(8,184,591)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	538,132
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(7,049,045)
Deferred outflows related to loss on refunding	1,466,807
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds to	

The adjustment to merease juna batance total governmental junas to	
arrive at net position of governmental activities	\$ 16,054,569

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$368,106,262 difference are as follows:

Cost of capital assets	\$ 651,294,513
Less: accumulated depreciation	(283,188,251)
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds to	
arrive at net position of governmental activities	\$ 368,106,262

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities:

The governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance includes a reconciliation between *net change in fund balance - total governmental funds* and *change in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation or amortization expense." The details of this \$13,848,328 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 38,804,955
Depreciation and amortization expense	(24,956,627)
Net adjustment to increase net change in fund balance - total governmental	
funds to arrive at change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 13,848,328

Another element of that reconciliation states, "The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, impairments, and donations) is to increase net position." The details of this \$(2,386,622) difference are as follows:

In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital assets sold.	\$ (2,591,935)
Donations of capital assets, assets acquired via trade-ins or insurance proceeds, and transfers of capital assets from internal service funds	
increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in	
the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.	205,313
Net adjustments to decrease <i>net change in fund balance - total</i> governmental funds to arrive at change in net position of governmental	
activities	\$ (2,386,622)

\$

19,051

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states, "The issuance of long-term debt (i.e., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$19,051 difference are as follows:

Debt issued or incurred:	
Lease financing	\$ (202,614)
Finance purchase liability	(504,278)
Note proceeds	(120,385,340)
Change in deferred charge on refunding	(156,249)
Principal repayments:	
Bonds	12,394,617
Notes	97,975,388
Leases	391,719
Finance purchase	1,000,808
Payment to refunded escrow agent	9,505,000

Net adjustment to decrease *net change in fund balance - total governmental funds* to arrive at *change in net position of governmental activities*

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Some income (expenses) reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as income (expenditures) in governmental funds." The details of this \$(1,983,883) difference are as follows:

OPEB expense	\$ (319,571)
Pension expenses	(1,718,959)
Compensated absences	(234,632)
Accrued interest	289,279
Net adjustment to decrease <i>net change in fund balance - total</i> governmental funds to arrive at <i>change in net position of governmental</i>	
activities	\$ (1,983,883)

NOTE 3 – BUDGETS

The County adopts budgets on a basis consistent with GAAP. The County is not required to adopt budgets for non major special revenue funds.

Special Revenue Funds

The following special revenue funds were not budgeted:

Crime Prevention Fund Law Enforcement Training Fund Special Law Enforcement Trust Fund Special Contribution Fund Chapter 705 Fund Inmate Welfare Fund Records Modernization – Court Fund Records Modernization – Records Fund

The General Fund includes funds that are maintained as special revenue funds for accounting purposes, but do not meet the criteria for separate reporting in the fund financial statements. Therefore the budgetary comparison statement only includes the legally adopted budget for the General Fund. The information below provides the reconciliation between the actual amounts on the budgetary basis reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund on page B-25 and the actual amounts on the GAAP basis for the General Fund per the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds on page B-23.

Year ended September 30, 2022	eral Fund etary Basis		AP to Budget Differences Over (Under)	eneral Fund Actual Amounts BAAP Basis
Revenues				
Taxes \$	83,378,620	\$	-	\$ 83,378,620
Licenses and permits	4,468		-	4,468
Intergovernmental	34,397,662		16,490,853	50,888,515
Charges for services	19,630,255		100,150	19,730,405
Fines and forfeitures	652,846		-	652,846
Special assessments	10,209,285		50,388	10,259,673
Investment earnings	(544,395)		(411,131)	(955,526)
Contributions and donations	397,286		-	397,286
Miscellaneous	4,923,615		31,232	4,954,847
Total revenues	153,049,642		16,261,492	169,311,134
Expenditures Current				
General government	23,698,343		1,134,960	24,833,303
Public safety	71,734,837		3,359,406	75,094,243
Physical environment	530,501		340,228	870,729
Transportation			304,111	304,111
Economic environment	2,781,383		8,764,588	11,545,971
Human services	15,407,024		239,066	15,646,090
Culture and recreation	6,406,951		199,212	6,606,163
Capital outlay	0,400,931		177,212	0,000,103
General government	1,633,287		_	1,633,287
Public safety	3,546,028		_	3,546,028
Physical environment	3,340,020		1,689,399	1,689,399
Transportation	-		445,524	445,524
Culture and recreation	- 1,962,373		445,524	1,962,373
Debt service	1,902,575		-	1,902,575
Principal	6,512,105		45,582	6 557 607
*				6,557,687
Interest and fiscal charges Bond issuance costs	2,395,902 139,560		4,345	2,400,247 139,560
Total expenditures	139,300		- 16,526,421	153,274,715
•	130,740,294		10,520,421	133,274,713
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	16,301,348		(264,929)	16,036,419
Other financing sources (uses)			/	
Transfer In	49,488		_	49,488
Transfers out	(17,352,217)		(1,226,378)	(18,578,595
Issuance of debt	11,485,072		35,946	11,521,018
Issuance of refunding debt	9,505,000		55,740	9,505,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(9,505,000)		-	(9,505,000
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	(9,505,000) 221,715	,	-	221,715
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,595,942))	(1,190,432)	(6,786,374
Net change in fund balance	\$ 10,705,406		(1,455,361)	\$ 9,250,04

NOTE 3 – BUDGETS (continued)

NOTE 4 – RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain assets of the various funds are required by resolution and ordinance to be set aside and used for specific purposes and are not available to be used for general operations. These assets consist of the following:

	Governmental Activities		Ι	Business-type Activities	Total		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,145,348	\$	1,747,285	\$	4,892,633	
Investments		61,263,744		34,025,805		95,289,549	
Total	\$	64,409,092	\$	35,773,090	\$	100,182,182	

The following amounts are payable from restricted assets:

		ernmental ctivities	al Wholesale Water System		 Retail Water & Wastewater		Building Solid Waste Services			Total	
Customer deposits	\$	32,310	\$	-	\$ 1,300,426	\$	164,642	\$	141,028	\$	1,638,406
Accrued interest payable		494,606		118,953	82,044		37,763		-		733,366
Current maturities of bonds/notes	/	2,562,167		255,833	59,167		285,500		-		3,162,667
Total payable from restricted assets	\$ 3	3,089,083	\$	374,786	\$ 5 1,441,637	\$	487,905	\$	141,028	\$	5,534,439

NOTE 5 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposit Policies – The County's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less.

Custodial Credit Risk of Deposits – There is a risk that in the event of failure of the depository financial institution, the government will not be able to recover the deposits. All cash resources of the County are placed in banks which are qualified public depositories, as required by law (Florida Security for Public Deposits Act). Every qualified public depository is required by this law to deposit with the State Treasurer eligible collateral equal to, or in excess of, an amount to be determined by the State Treasurer. The State Treasurer is required to ensure that the County's funds are entirely collateralized throughout the fiscal year. In the event of failure by a qualified public depository, losses in excess of federal depository insurance and proceeds from the sale of the securities pledged by the defaulting depository are assessed against the other qualified public depositories are assessed additional amounts, they are assessed on a pro-rata basis.

Investments Policies – Florida Statutes, Section 218.415, authorizes the County to invest surplus funds in the following:

NOTE 5 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, hereinafter, Florida PRIME, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act as provided in Florida Statutes, Section 163.01.

The Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.

Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in state-certified qualified public depositories as defined in Florida Statutes, Section 280.02.

Direct obligations of the United States Treasury.

Federal agencies and instrumentalities.

Securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management-type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, 15 U.S.C. ss. 80a-1 et. seq., as amended from time to time, provided that the portfolio of such investment company or investment trust is limited to obligations of the United States Government or any agency or instrumentality thereof and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such United States Government obligations, and provided that such investment company or investment trust takes delivery of such collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian.

In addition, the County is authorized by law or by county ordinance to invest funds in the following securities:

Commercial Paper of U.S. Corporations having a rating of at least A-1, P-1, or F-1, by two (2) Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations (NRSROs).

Bankers' Acceptances that are eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve Banks and have a Letter of Credit rating of A or better by any NRSRO.

Obligations, rated A3/A- or better by at least one (1) NRSROs, of any state and its various local governments.

Overnight repurchase agreements.

Corporate Debt Securities dollar denominated rated A3/A- or better by at least two (2) NRSROs.

U.S. Agency (FNMA, FHLMC and GNMA) Mortgage-Backed Securities including Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMOs), but excluding derivative mortgage securities, such as interest-only, principal-only, residuals and inverse floaters.

U.S. Small Business Association (SBA) government guaranteed securities.

Asset-Backed Securities (ABS) rated AA3/AA- or better by at least 2 NRSROs at the time of purchase.

Interest Rate Risk – In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair value by limiting investments beyond one year to 25% of the investment portfolio. The weighted average maturity is disclosed in months in order to achieve this objective.

Foreign Currency Risk – The County had no investments exposed to any foreign currency risk during the period October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022.

Credit Risk – The County has established an investment policy that all commercial paper purchased is required to be a rated investment as established by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization at the end of the fiscal year. The commercial paper listed below is from U.S. corporations and is denominated in U.S. currency.

As of September 30, 2022, the County had the following investments as rated by Standard and Poors, Moody's and/or Fitch Investor Services:

Taxastment Taxas		Carrying Value	Foir Volue	Weighted Average Maturity (Months)	Rating
Investment Type U.S. Government Securities	\$	53,218,144	Fair Value \$ 52,346,218	(Nonths) 17.88	(if applicable) TSY/TSY
Corporate Bonds	φ	2,772,516	\$ 52,340,218 2,754,270	31.83	A2/A+
Corporate Bonds		2,772,310	2,790,720	24.97	A2/A+ A3/A-
Corporate Bonds		2,811,870	2,878,500	29.90	A3/A-
Corporate Bonds		1,996,742	1,989,180	5.53	A3/A Aa2/AA
Corporate Bonds		3,256,195	2,967,180	30.20	Ad2/AA A2/A
Corporate Bonds		2,405,153	2,967,180	30.20	A2/A Aa3/AA-
Corporate Bonds		2,405,155	2,148,438	39.03	A2/A-
Corporate Bonds		4,966,047	4,682,019	18.52	A2/A- Aa2/AA-
Corporate Bonds		2,203,468	2,092,024	9.67	N/A/AA
Commercial Paper		15,366,911	15,341,692	3.13	P-1/A-1+
Commercial Paper		19,797,913	19,762,666	3.43	P-1/A-1
Municipal Bonds		7,664,834	7,218,297	19.16	Aa3/AA
Municipal Bonds		1,583,216	1,491,014	20.39	Aa2/AAA
Municipal Bonds		1,747,512	1,623,108	25.43	AA1/AAA
Municipal Bonds		5,874,660	5,603,153	7.40	Aa1/AA+
Municipal Bonds		1,605,717	1,563,355	8.50	Aa3/A+
Municipal Bonds		2,976,495	2,969,651	18.96	N/A/AA
Municipal Bonds		1,700,000	1,675,633	4.94	Aa3/N/A
Municipal Bonds		1,006,155	939,790	24.40	Aa2/AA
Municipal Bonds		500,000	467,240	21.33	Aaa/AAA
Municipal Bonds		820,000	750,713	30.73	A1/N/A
Municipal Bonds		1,366,660	1,297,051	17.02	N/A/AA-
Municipal Bonds		3,083,894	2,877,390	22.02	N/A/A
Municipal Bonds		1,000,000	974,840	9.13	Aa3/AA-
Municipal Bonds		1,000,000	950,560	18.30	Aa2/N/A
Asset Back Securities		33,751,414	32,115,800	22.26	AGY/AA+
Asset Back Securities		2,500,000	2,333,250	20.63	AGY/AGY
FL Class		95,629,375	95,629,375	3.47	AAAf/S1
		278,004,945	272,557,347		
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost			· · · · · · · ·		
Florida Prime (SBA)		90,933,946	90,933,946	0.7	AAAm
Goldman Sachs		304,978	304,978	0.37	Aaa-mf/AAAm
Total investments valued at amortized cost		91,238,924	91,238,924		·····)•
Total investments	\$	369,243,869	\$ 363,796,271		

The investment information above includes investments held by the County for the Bay County Transportation Planning Organization in the amount of \$1,643,337.

The County categorized their fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2022:

	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Asset Value
Investments, at fair value					
Asset-Backed Securities	\$ 34,449,050	\$ -	\$ 34,449,050	\$-	\$ -
U.S. Treasury	52,346,218	52,346,218	-	-	-
Corporate Bonds	24,626,551	22,534,527	-	2,092,024	-
Municipal Bonds	30,401,795	4,415,170	25,986,625	-	-
Commercial Paper	35,104,358	-	35,104,358	-	-
FLCLASS	95,629,375	-	-	-	95,629,375
Total Investments, at fair value	\$ 272,557,347	\$ 79.295,915	\$ 95,540,033	\$ 2,092,024	\$95,629,375

Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Plan has the ability to access.

Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs, other than quoted prices, that are observable for the asset or liability; or
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

As of September 30, 2022, the County had two investments stated at amortized cost in accordance with GASB 79 in the amount of \$90,933,946 and \$304,978 with Florida Prime and Goldman Sachs, respectively.

Investments are stated at amortized cost in accordance with GASB 79. Per GASB 79, if a participant has an investment in a qualifying external investment pool that measures for financial reporting purposes all of its investments at amortized cost, it should disclose the presence of any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals (such as redemption notice periods, maximum transaction amounts, and the qualifying external investment pool's authority to impose liquidity fees or redemption gates) in notes to the financial statements. Financial statements on the Florida PRIME Fund and the Goldman Sachs Fund may be obtained online at <u>www.sbafla.com</u> and <u>www.gsam.com</u>, respectively.

For SBA investment, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states, "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the executive director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, and the Investment Advisory Council. The trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the executive director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the executive director until the trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the trustees agree with such measures, the trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the trustees exceed 15 days."

For the Goldman Sachs investment, its market portfolio comprises U.S. Government and U.S. Treasury securities including bills, bonds, notes, and repurchase agreements. The money market portfolio is structured to maximize current income to the extent consistent with the preservation of capital while also maintaining liquidity by investing exclusively in high quality money market instruments. The portfolio is invested in at least 99.7% of total assets in cash, U.S. Government Securities, and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by cash or U.S. Government Securities.

As of September 30, 2022, there were no redemption fees, maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value for either the Florida Prime investments or Goldman Sachs investments.

Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (FLCLASS) is an independent local government investment pool created under the laws of Florida to provide eligible units of local government the option to invest in a fund with an investment portfolio structured to maintain safety of principal and liquidity over return. The trust is administered by Public Trust Advisors, LLC and an appointed Board of Trustees. This investment pool is measured at the Stable Net Asset Value and is rated AAAf/S1 by FitchRatings. The Net Asset Value is \$95,629,375 and the weighted average maturity for the portfolio is 3.47 months as of September 30, 2022.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The County limits investments in commercial paper to 30% of the total investment portfolio and 5% of the total investment portfolio per issuer. The County's investments in commercial paper did not exceed 30% and no single issuer exceeded 5% of the County's total investments for the year ended September 30, 2022.

NOTE 6 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax revenue is recognized in the year for which it is levied. The property tax calendar is as follows:

Lien date	January 1
Levy date	October 1
Tax bills mailed	November 1
Payments due by	March 31
Delinquent date	April 1
Tax sale - delinquent property taxes	June 1

NOTE 7 – NOTES RECEIVABLE

Notes receivable recorded by the County at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Governmental Funds

Note receivable from individuals related to the sale of property. Princi	pal	
and interest payments at a 4.5% - 5.0% interest rate.	\$	285,663
Total notes receivable – governmental funds	\$	285,663

NOTE 7 – NOTES RECEIVABLE (continued)

Enterprise Funds

Note receivable from the joint venture (Military Point Advanced		
Wastewater Treatment Facility). Principal and interest based upon the 2014		
Wastewater System Revenue Refunding Bonds and State Revolving Fund		
Note. Reduction of the principal balance mirrors the principal reduction of		
the bonds payable and note payable. Interest varies from 1.23% to 3.31%.	\$	2,180,204
	¢	0 100 004

Total notes receivable – enterprise funds	\$	2,180,204
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NOTE 8 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets of the governmental activities are summarized as follows:

	Se	ptember 30, 2021			Se	eptember 30,
	(8	as restated)	Increases	Decreases	50	2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated		s restated (
Land	\$	19,461,820	\$ 1,568,499	\$ (19,725)	\$	21,010,594
Construction in progress		50,200,297	27,947,650	(62,357,089)		15,790,858
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		69,662,117	29,516,149	(62,376,814)		36,801,452
Capital assets, being depreciated						
Books		1,699,603	301,097	(381,881)		1,618,819
Buildings and improvements		174,680,583	23,981,005	(8,453,370)		190,208,218
Furniture and equipment		72,864,462	10,430,679	(4,746,415)		78,548,726
Infrastructure		312,219,136	40,196,105	(8,125,749)		344,289,492
Total capital assets, being depreciated		561,463,784	74,908,886	(21,707,415)		614,665,255
Less accumulated depreciation						
Books		(933,570)	(261,508)	381,881		(813,197)
Buildings and improvements		(25,090,591)	(7,613,282)	3,883,590		(28,820,283)
Furniture and equipment		(49,582,888)	(7,810,425)	3,823,262		(53,570,051)
Infrastructure		(196,835,853)	(9,022,214)	4,767,816		(201,090,251)
Total accumulated depreciation		(272,442,902)	(24,707,429)	12,856,549		(284,293,782)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		289,020,882	50,201,457	(8,850,866)		330,371,473

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Sej	otember 30, 2021	_		_	S	September 30,	
(a	s restated)		ncreases	Decreases		2022	
\$	-	\$	112,708	\$ -	\$	112,708	
	662,795		-	-		662,795	
	1,187,786		89,906	-		1,277,692	
	1,850,581		202,614	-		2,053,195	
	-		(9,937)	-		(9,937)	
	-		(256,299)	-		(256,299)	
	-		(126,335)	-		(126,335)	
			(392,571)			(392,571)	
	1,850,581		(189,957)	-		1,660,624	
\$	360.533.580	\$	79,527,649	\$(71,227,680)		\$ 368,833,549	
	(a \$	(as restated) \$ - 662,795 1,187,786 1,850,581	2021 (as restated) 1 \$ - \$ 662,795 1,187,786 1,850,581 - - - - 1,850,581	2021 (as restated) Increases \$ \$ 112,708 662,795 1,187,786 89,906 1,850,581 202,614 - (9,937) - (256,299) - (126,335) - (392,571) 1,850,581 (189,957)	2021 (as restated) Increases Decreases \$ - \$ 112,708 \$ - 662,795 - - 1,187,786 89,906 - 1,850,581 202,614 - - (9,937) - - (256,299) - - (126,335) - 1,850,581 (189,957) -	2021 Increases Decreases (as restated) Increases Decreases \$ - \$ 112,708 \$ - \$ 662,795 - - - - 1 1,187,786 89,906 - - - - 1,850,581 202,614 - - - - (9,937) - - - - (256,299) - - - - (126,335) - - - - (392,571) - - - 1,850,581 (189,957) - - -	

Changes in capital assets of the business-type activities are summarized as follows:

	S	eptember 30, 2021	Increases	Deemaaaaa	Se	eptember 30,
		2021	Increases	Decreases		2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated						
Land	\$	5,727,643	\$ 637,468	\$ -	\$	6,365,111
Construction in progress		4,367,640	5,010,746	(5,652,208)		3,726,178
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		10,095,283	5,648,214	(5,652,208)		10,091,289
Capital assets, being depreciated						
Buildings		3,419,696	8,852,309	(41,904)		12,230,101
Improvements		2,774,123	1,715,554	(35,769)		4,453,908
Furniture and equipment		16,389,683	1,480,062	(993,055)		16,876,690
Infrastructure		244,996,161	773,698	(49,617,486)		196,152,373
Total capital assets, being depreciated		267,579,663	12,821,623	(50,688,214)		229,713,072
Less accumulated depreciation						
Buildings		(2,648,870)	(408,304)	41,905		(3,015,269)
Improvements		(374,303)	(260,926)	35,768		(599,461)
Furniture and equipment		(10,190,274)	(1,224,983)	668,226		(10,747,031)
Infrastructure		(88,244,422)	(7,788,485)	6,641,898		(89,391,009)
Total accumulated depreciation		(101,457,869)	(9,682,698)	7,387,797		(103,752,770)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		166,121,794	3,138,925	(43,300,417)		125,960,302
Total business-type activities'						
capital assets, net	\$	176,217,077	\$ 8,787,139	\$ (48,952,625)	\$	136,051,591

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 3,079,439
Public safety	9,027,818
Physical environment	516,589
Transportation	7,923,913
Economic environment	2,672,850
Human services	63,380
Culture and recreation	1,672,638
Internal service funds	143,373
Total depreciation and amortization expense - governmental	
activities	\$ 25,100,000
Business-type activities	
Wholesale water system	\$ 4,873,333
Retail water & wastewater	1,646,047
Solid waste	3,086,847
Building services	76,471
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 9,682,698

NOTE 9 – LEASES

Lessee

The County accounts for leases in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The County has entered into four lease agreements to obtain the right-to-use various buildings for offices and storage space. The total annual rental for these lease for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 was \$142,319. Theses leases have various lease terms ranging from ending in one to five years. One lease includes an additional renewal terms of two five year extensions, which are expected to be renewed. The payments for 3 leases are fixed and one lease include a 3% annual escalation. Monthly payment amounts are \$12,385.

The County has entered into a lease agreement to obtain the right-to-use equipment. The total annual rental for this lease for the fiscal year ended September, 30 2022 was \$151,745. This lease expires in February 2024. The lease has no renewal terms and payments are fixed. Monthly payment amounts are \$12,645.

The County has entered into four lease agreements to obtain the right-to-use various land for parking. The total annual rental for these lease for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 was \$67,500. These leases all expire in December 2024. They have varying renewal terms, none are expected to be renewed. There is no rent escalation in the leases. Monthly payment amounts are \$5,625.

NOTE 9 – LEASES (Continued)

The following is a schedule of minimum future lease payments from lease agreements as of December 31:

Year Ending						
September 30,	Pri	ncipal	Inte	rest]	Total
2023	\$	381,129	\$	29,210	\$	410,339
2024		314,904		22,150		337,054
2025		65,975		19,203		85,178
2026		61,436		17,923		79,359
2027		63,929		16,618		80,547
2028-2032		359,502		61,679		421,181
2033-2037		409,705		20,502		430,207
Total	\$	1,656,580	\$	187,285	\$	1,843,865

Lessor

The County's operations consist of agreements for use of a building and use of radio towers. The agreements are made up of various non-cancelable agreements which expire between the years 2024 and 2047. The County recognized \$39,954 of lease revenue principal and \$20,272 of lease interest for the year ended September 30, 2022. Minimum future revenues do not include contingent revenues, based on sales by the lease of the building. Contingent revenues amounted to \$5,161 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

NOTE 10 – RETIREMENT PLANS

Defined Benefit Plans

The County participates in two defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The plans provide retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature.

The State of Florida issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. That report is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Defined Benefit Plans (continued)

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees. The FRS was established and is administered in accordance with Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling regularly established positions in a state agency, county agency, state university, state college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under Sections 121.053 or 121.122, *Florida Statutes*, or allowed to participate in a defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation by cities, municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations is optional.

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, *Florida Statutes*. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under a state administered retirement system must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

Eligible retirees and beneficiaries receive a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, *Florida Statutes*.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. Employees are required to contribute 3.00% of their salary to the FRS Pension Plan. The County's contribution rates as of September 30, 2022, were as follows:

	October	July 1, 2022 through			
	through Jur	ne 30, 2022	September 30, 2022		
	FRS	HIS	FRS	HIS	
Regular class	9.16%	1.66%	10.25%	1.66%	
Senior management	27.35%	1.66%	29.91%	1.66%	
Special risk employee class	24.23%	1.66%	26.17%	1.66%	
Elected officials	49.76%	1.66%	55.34%	1.66%	
DROP plan participants	16.68%	1.66%	16.94%	1.66%	

The County's contributions for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$10,853,252 to FRS and \$1,191,366 to HIS.

Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense

In its financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2022, the County reported a liability for its proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities of the FRS Pension Plan and its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the HIS Program. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2022.

The County's proportions of the net pension liabilities were based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

	FRS	HIS
Net pension liability	\$ 93,242,646	\$ 20,825,977
Proportion at: Current measurement date Prior measurement date	0.250598139% 0.244961995%	0.196603493% 0.189864523%
Thor measurement date	0.24490199570	0.10700432370
Pension expense (benefit)	12,730,507	1,342,108

At September 30, 2022, the County reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Net pension liability Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 108,132,022	\$ 5,936,601	\$ 114,068,623
related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 29,844,363	\$ 1,662,688	\$ 31,507,051
related to pension	\$ 8,363,627	\$ 229,845	\$ 8,593,472
Pension expense	\$ 12,969,322	\$ 1,103,293	\$ 14,072,615

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FRS			
	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	0	f Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	4,428,487	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		11,483,222		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		6,156,800		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,939,695		4,661,868
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,755,670		-
Total	¢	27 762 974	¢	4.661.868
Total	P	27,763,874	ு	4,001,000

	HIS			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Def	erred Inflows
			of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	632,041	\$	91,625
Changes of assumptions		1,193,614		3,221,374
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		30,148		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,595,392		618,605
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		291,982		-
Tatal	¢	2 7 4 2 1 7 7	¢	2 021 604
Total	\$	3,743,177	\$	3,931,604

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting period ending September 30, 2023. Other pension-related amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	FRS	HIS
2023	\$ 4,894,901	\$ (106,396)
2024	1,546,780	51,865
2025	(2,507,101)	128,216
2026	15,432,588	(85,626)
2027	979,168	(314,969)
Thereafter	-	(153,499)
Total	\$ 20,346,336	\$ (480,409)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2022. For the HIS Program, the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2022. The individual entry age normal actuarial cost method was used for each plan, along with the following significant actuarial assumptions:

	FRS	HIS
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%
Salary increases	3.25%	3.25%
Investment rate of return	6.70%	N/A
Discount rate	6.70%	3.54%
Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond	N/A	3.54%

Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the PUB-2010 base table, generationally mortality using gender specific MP-2018 mortality improvement projection scale.

For both plans, the actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study of the FRS for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The following changes in key actuarial assumptions occurred in 2022:

FRS: The long-term expected rate of return and the discount rate used to determine the total pension liability was decreased from 6.80% to 6.70%.

HIS: The municipal bond index rate and the discount rate used to determine the total pension liability increased from 2.16% to 3.54%.

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The long-term expected investment rate of return was not based on historical returns, but instead was based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. For the FRS Pension Plan, the table below summarizes the consulting actuary's assumptions based on the long-term target asset allocation.

	Target	Annual Arithmetic	Compound Annual	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	(Geometric) Return	Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.6%	2.6%	1.1%
Fixed income	19.8%	4.4%	4.4%	3.2%
Global equity	54.0%	8.8%	7.3%	17.8%
Real estate (property)	10.3%	7.4%	6.3%	15.7%
Private equity	11.1%	12.0%	8.9%	26.3%
Strategic investments	3.8%	6.2%	5.9%	7.8%
	100.0%	-		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan was 6.70%. FRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Because the HIS Program is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, a municipal bond rate of 3.54% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program. The Bond Buyer General Obligation Bond 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was used as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact to the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability if the discount rate was 1.00% higher or 1.00% lower than the current discount rate.

Sensitivity Analysis (continued)

		FRS	
	1% Decrease (5.70%)	Current Discount Rate (6.70%)	1% Increase (7.70%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 161,256,745	\$ 93,242,646	\$ 36,374,766
		HIS	
	1% Decrease (2.54%)	Current Discount Rate (3.54%)	1% Increase (4.54%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 23,823,737	\$ 20,825,977	\$ 18,340,775

Pension Plans' Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the State's separately issued financial reports.

Defined Contribution Plan

Pursuant to Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, the Florida Legislature created the Florida Retirement Investment Plan ("FRS Investment Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The FRS Investment Plan is an alternative available to members of the Florida Retirement System in lieu of the defined benefit plan. There is a uniform contribution rate covering both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans, depending on membership class. Required employer contributions made to the plan during the year ended September 30, 2022, totaled \$2,758,912.

NOTE 11 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The County and the Sheriff's Office administer a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Plan") that provides medical insurance to its employees and their eligible dependents. Pursuant to Section 112.0801 Florida Statutes, the County and the Sheriff's Office are required to provide eligible retirees (as defined in the County's pension plans) the opportunity to participate in this Plan at the same cost that is applicable to active employees. The County and the Sheriff's Office do not issue stand-alone financial statements for these Plans. All financial information related to the Plans is accounted for in the County's basic financial statements.

Funding Policy

The County and the Sheriff's Office are funding the post employee benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Contribution rates for the Plan are established by the Board of County Commissioners annually during the budget process. The County does not pay for health insurance premiums for retirees. Blended premium rates for active and retired employees combined provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because on an actual basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the Plan than those of active employees. The current year contributions are determined as annualized claims incurred based on the retiree age at the beginning of the fiscal year and the claims table used for liability determination offset by the annual premium paid by the retiree for such coverage. County and Sheriff's Office contributions are assumed to be equal to benefits paid.

The Sheriff's Office has made amendments to the Plan, providing different benefits depending on the date of retirement. The Sheriff's Office pays a portion of the retiree premium for the coverage elected by retirees who retired on or before April 24, 2007. The retiree pays the rest of the premium. For retirements following this date, the Sheriff's Office has frozen the dollar amount upon which the benefit paid on behalf of the retiree at the October 1, 2008, amount. Furthermore, the Sheriff's Office will only pay for retiree coverage until the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare; any elections for family or spouse will be paid by the participant.

Plan Membership

At the valuation dates September 30, 2021 for the County and September 30, 2022 for the Sheriff's office, OPEB membership consisted of the following:

County	Sheriff's Office	
Employees	Employees	
21	19	
694	520	
715	539	
	Employees 21	

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability reported at September 30, 2022 was based on an actuarial valuation dated September 30, 2021 for the County and an actuarial valuation dated September 30, 2022 for the Sheriff's Office using the following actuarial assumptions:

County

Inflation rate	2.20%
Salary increases – including inflation	3.25%
Discount rate – investment rate of return	2.43%
Health care cost trend rates	4.00%
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	100% of projected health insurance premium

Sheriff's Office

Inflation rate	2.50%
Salary increases – including inflation	4.00%
Discount rate – investment rate of return	4.77%
Health care cost trend rates	4.00%
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	100% of projected health insurance premium

The discount rate was selected based on a S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as published by S&P Dow Jones Indices nearest the measurement date. Eligible bonds must be rated as least AA by S&P, Aa2 by Moody's or AA by Fitch. The high quality bond index at September 30, 2021 and September 30, 2022 was 2.43% and 4.77% respectively.

Mortality rates for the County were based on the Pub-2010 Annuitant Mortality Tables for Males and Females as appropriate with both rates, fully generational with adjustments for mortality improvements using gender-specific improvement scale MP-2021. Mortality rates for the Sheriff's Office were based on the Pub-2010 Annuitant Mortality Tables for Males and Females as appropriate with both rates, fully generational with adjustments for mortality improvements using gender-specific improvement and Females as appropriate with both rates, fully generational with adjustments for mortality improvements using gender-specific improvement scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2021 and September 30, 2022 valuations were not based on the results of an actuarial experience study.

The County's total OPEB liability of \$12,861,397 consists of \$4,757,647 for the County and \$8,103,750 for the Sheriff's Office. The information has been provided as of the September 30, 2021 and September 30, 2022 measurement dates.

Description	Total
Total OPEB liability	\$ 12,861,397
OPEB plan fiduciary net position	-
County's net OPEB liability	\$ 12,861,397
OPEB plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	
of total OPEB liability	0%
The components of the changes in the total OPEB liability are as follows:	
Total OPEB liability	
Service cost	\$ 1,322,858
Interest	336,634
Difference between expected and actual experience	(545,204)
Change in assumptions	(1,043,117)
Benefit payments	(401,094)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(329,923)
Total OPEB liability, beginning	13,191,320
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 12,861,397

Sensitivity of OPEB liability to healthcare cost trend rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 2.43%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.43%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.43%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	1.43%	2.43%	3.43%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 5,309,843	\$ 4,757,647	\$ 4,272,168

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the health care cost trend rate of 4.00% as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rate that are 1 percentage point lower (3.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.00%)r than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Ultimate Trend Rate	1% Increase	
	3.00%	4.00%	5.00%	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 4,097,344	\$ 4,757,647	\$ 5,575,722	

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Sheriff Office, calculated using the discount rate of 4.77%, as well as what the Sheriff Office's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.77%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.77%) than the current rate.

			scount Rate 4.77%	1	% Increase 5.77%	
Total OPEB liability	\$	8,888,295	\$	8,103,750	\$	7,411,474

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Sheriff Office, calculated using the health care cost trend rate 4.00% as well as what the Sheriff Office's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rate that are 1 percentage point lower (3.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.00%) than the current rates:

	1% Decrease 3.00%	Ultimate Trend Rate 4.00%	1% Increase 5.00%	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 7,394,359	\$ 8,103,750	\$ 8,936,735	

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the County, including the Sheriff's Office, recognized OPEB expense of \$654,369. At September 30, 2022, the County, including the Sheriff's Office, had deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred C Reso	Outflows of urces	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Changes of assumptions	\$	268,735	\$	6,163,263	
Differences between expected and actual experience		203,917		1,948,320	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		131,374		-	
Total	\$	604,026	\$	8,111,583	

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the reporting period ending September 30, 2023. Other amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

\$ (1,004,495)
(1,004,495)
(1,004,495)
(1,004,491)
(963,698)
(2,657,257)
\$ (7,638,931)
\$

NOTE 12 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Changes in long-term liabilities for governmental activities are summarized as follows:

	Balance (as restated) eptember 30, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance September 30, 2022	Due Within One Year
Bonds from direct placements	\$ 84,570,954	\$ -	\$ (12,394,617)	\$ 72,176,337	\$ 1,501,000
Notes from direct borrowings	189,583,344	120,385,340	(107,480,388)	202,488,296	8,704,682
Lease liability	1,845,685	202,614	(391,719)	1,656,580	381,129
Finance purchase liability	1,071,030	507,433	(1,012,072)	566,391	194,498
OPEB liability	12,460,010	-	(373,673)	12,086,337	-
Accrued compensated absences	5,777,718	1,557,884	(1,311,725)	6,023,877	2,571,496
Estimated liability for self-					
insured losses	4,480,761	1,557,045	(1,737,806)	4,300,000	1,081,419
Net pension liability	39,758,373	68,373,649	-	108,132,022	-
Governmental activities long-					
term liabilities	\$ 339,547,875	\$ 192,583,965	\$ (124,702,000)	\$ 407,429,840	\$ 14,434,224

As noted in Note 23, restatements related to the implementation of GASB 87 were required and reflected in the above table.

Accrued compensated absences and net pension liability for governmental activities are generally liquidated by the fund that reports the liability and pays the related payroll costs. Therefore, the general and transportation funds liquidate a majority of the accrued compensated absences liability and net pension liability.

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (Continued)

Notes payable in the governmental activities at September 30, 2022, are summarized below:

Taxable Series 2014A Revenue Note

On August 21, 2014, the County issued \$635,000 Taxable Series 2014A Revenue Note to finance certain costs associated with dredging improvements within the Kings Point subdivision. The County had previously issued its Taxable Series 2013A Credit Note, on December 17, 2013. The County refinanced that note to provide permanent financing for the improvements. The note contains a provision that, in the event of a default and 30 days' notice to the County, the lender may declare the outstanding principal and interest to be immediately due and payable.

The interest rate is 3.25%, principal and interest are payable semi-annually, March 1 and September 1, commencing on March 1, 2015. Average remaining annual debt service is \$42,158.

The note is secured by non-ad valorem revenue in accordance with Resolution No. 3243. This pledge remains in effect until extinguishment or maturity of the debt in 2024, whichever occurs first. The remaining principal and interest payments on this debt as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$84,315. Principal and interest payments paid on the note required 0.04% of non-ad valorem revenue. Principal and interest payments paid for the current year and non-ad valorem revenue were \$41,559 and \$106,038,853, respectively.

Taxable Series 2015 Revenue Note

On August 26, 2015, the County issued \$2,500,000 Taxable Series 2015 Revenue Note to provide long term financing of the short term Taxable Series 2013 Credit Note. The note contains a provision that, in the event of a default and 30 days' notice to the County, the lender may declare the outstanding principal and interest to be immediately due and payable.

Principal and interest is payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1. The note is collateralized by non-ad valorem revenue in accordance with Resolution No. 3308. Interest rate is 3.3%. Average remaining annual debt service is \$295,330.

The remaining principal and interest payments on this debt as of September 30, 2022 totaled \$885,989. Annual principal and interest payments on the bond required 0.28% of the total of non-ad valorem revenues. Principal and interest payments paid for the current year and the total of non-ad valorem revenues were \$296,122 and \$106,038,853, respectively.

837,000

\$

Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Note Series 2018

On July 19, 2018, the County issued \$13,150,000 Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Note, Series 2018 to finance certain costs associated with an 800 MHz radio system. The note contains a provision that, in the event of a default and 30 days' notice to the County, the lender may declare the outstanding principal and interest to be immediately due and payable.

The interest rate is 3.02%, principal and interest are payable semi-annually, March 1 and September 1, with interest commencing on March 1, 2019 and principal commencing on March 1, 2020. Average remaining annual debt service is \$2,412,411.

The note is secured by non-ad valorem revenue in accordance with Resolution No. 3538. This pledge remains in effect until extinguishment or maturity of the debt in 2025, whichever occurs first. The remaining principal and interest payments on this debt as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$7,237,232. Principal and interest payments paid on the note required 2.27% of non-ad valorem revenue. Principal and interest payments paid for the current year and non-ad valorem revenue were \$2,412,307 and \$106,038,853, respectively.

6,870,000

Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Note Series 2020

On February 20, 2020, the County issued \$38,770,000 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Note - Series 2020. The proceeds of the note were used to refund the outstanding Sales Tax Refunding Revenue Note – Series 2015 (refunded \$38,760,000) and to pay the cost of issuing the note. The refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$1,300,777. This difference is reported as a deferred amount on the refunding. The County completed the refunding to reduce its debt service payments over thirteen years by \$4,287,264 and obtain an economic gain of \$3,760,674. The note is secured by a pledge of the proceeds of the local government half-cent sales tax distributed to the County pursuant to Chapter 218, Part VI, Florida Statutes. The note contains a provision that, in the event of a default, all pledged funds shall be applied to the payment of reasonable and proper charges, expenses and liabilities of the trustee or receiver, to the payment of interest and principal, then to the payment of all fees due any insurer, credit bank, provider of a reserve account insurance policy, or provider of a reserve account letter of credit.

Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Note Series 2020 (continued)

The refunding note interest rate is 2.06%, principal payable annually on September 1, commencing September 1, 2020. Interest is payable semi-annually, September 1 and March 1. Average remaining annual debt service is \$4,201,756.

This pledge remains in effect until extinguishment or maturity of the debt in 2032, whichever occurs first. The remaining principal and interest payments on this note as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$42,017,557. Principal and interest payments paid on the bond required 6.67% of local government half-cent sales tax. Principal and interest payments paid for the current year and pledged half-cent sales tax revenue were \$1,336,049 and \$20,029,849, respectively.

37,360,000

Tourist Development Tax Revenue Refunding Note Series 2020

On February 20, 2020, the County issued \$32,120,000 Tourist Development Tax Revenue Refunding Note - Series 2020. The proceeds of the note were used to refund the outstanding Tourist Development Tax Revenue Note - Series 2018 (refunded \$33,435,000) and to pay the cost of issuing the note. The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$98,469. This difference is reported as a deferred amount on the refunding. The County completed the refunding to reduce its debt service payments over fourteen years by \$4,612,399 and obtain an economic gain of \$3,994,712. The note is secured by up to four cents of the Tourist Development Tax received by the County within the Panama City Beach Tourist Development Tax Sub-District in accordance with Resolution No. 3420. The note contains a provision that, in the event of a default, all pledged funds shall be applied to the payment of reasonable and proper charges, expenses and liabilities of the trustee or receiver, to the payment of interest and principal, then to the payment of all fees due any insurer, credit bank, provider of a reserve account insurance policy, or provider of a reserve account letter of credit.

The refunding note interest rate is 2.06%, principal payable annually on April 1, commencing April 1, 2020. Interest is payable semi-annually, April 1 and October 1. Average remaining annual debt service is \$2,830,304.

This pledge remains in effect until extinguishment or maturity of the debt in 2033, whichever occurs first. The remaining principal and interest payments on this note as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$31,133,340. Principal and interest payments paid on the bond required 9.42% of Tourist Development Tax revenue. Principal and interest payments paid for the current year and pledged Tourist Development Tax revenue were \$2,830,224 and \$30,036,253, respectively.

27,450,000

Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2021

On June 4, 2021, the County issued \$11,235,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2021, The proceeds of the note were used to refund the outstanding Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds – Series 2011 (refunded \$11,235,000) and to pay the cost of issuing the note. The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$113,900. This difference is reported as a deferred amount on the refunding. The County completed the refunding to reduce its debt service payments over fourteen years by \$830,973 and obtain an economic gain of \$802,264. The note contains a provision that, in the event of a default, the lender may declare all payments of principal and interest on the bond to be immediately due and payable and the bond shall bear interest at a rate equal to the Stated Rate, plus 3% per annum, not to exceed the maximum rate permitted by law.

The interest rate is 0.91%, principal payable annually on September 1, commencing on September 1, 2021. Interest is payable semi-annually, March 1 and September 1, commencing on September 1, 2021. Average remaining annual debt service is \$1,919,115.

The note is secured by non-ad valorem revenue in accordance with Resolution No. 3793. This pledge remains in effect until extinguishment or maturity of the debt in 2027, whichever occurs first. The remaining principal and interest payments on this debt as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$9,595,574. Annual principal and interest payments paid on the bond required 1.84% of non-ad valorem revenue. Principal and interest payments paid for the current year and non-ad valorem revenue were \$1,951,829 and \$106,038,853, respectively.

9,340,000

Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2021B

On October 21, 2021 the County issued \$100,000,000 Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2021B. The proceeds of the note were used to refund the outstanding County's Revenue Note, Series 2019 C, which was a non-revolving line of credit note. Of the \$100,000,000 total, \$99,886,218 is related to the County and \$113,782 is related to the TPO component unit. The refunding resulted in no difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. The County completed the refunding to reduce its debt service payments over eleven years by \$20,891,500 and obtain an economic gain of \$16,243,974 The note contains a provision that, in the event of a default, the lender may sue to protect and enforce the agreement and shall be entitled to reasonable costs and expenses incurred in enforcing the agreement. In the event of a default, the note shall bear interest at the greater of i) PNC Prime Rate plus 3%, ii) overnight Bank Funding Rate plus 3.5% and iii) 7.00% per annum.

Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2021B (continued)

The refunding note interest rate is .70%, principal payable annually on September 1, commencing on September 1, 2022. Interest is payable semi-annually, March 1 and September 1, commencing on March 1, 2022. Average remaining annual debt service is \$50,467,512.

The note is secured by non-ad valorem revenue in accordance with Resolution No. 3917. This pledge remains in effect until extinguishment or maturity of the debt in 2024, whichever occurs first. The remaining principal and interest payments on this note as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$100,935,023. No principal payments were made in the current year. Interest payments paid on the bond required 0.57% of pledged revenues. Interest payments paid for the current year and pledged revenues were \$602,778 and \$106,038,853, respectively.

99,886,218

Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2022B

On September 8, 2022 the County issued \$9,505,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2022A. The proceeds of the note were used to refund the outstanding County's Capital Improvement Revenue Note Series 2021 and to pay the cost of issuing the note. The refunding resulted in no difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. The County completed the refunding to reduce its debt service payments over sixteen years by \$666,556 and obtain an economic gain of \$499,422. The note contains a provision that, in the event of a default, the lender may sue to protect and enforce the agreement and shall be entitled to reasonable costs and expenses incurred in enforcing the agreement. In the event of a default, the note shall bear interest at the lessor of the sum of the Prime Rate plus 5% per annum and the maximum lawful rate until all amounts then due are paid in full.

The refunding note interest rate is 2.88%, principal payable annually on September 1, commencing on September 1, 2023. Interest is payable semi-annually, March 1 and September 1, commencing on March 1, 2023. Average remaining annual debt service is \$986,075.

The note is secured by non-ad valorem revenue in accordance with Resolution No. 3917. This pledge remains in effect until extinguishment or maturity of the debt in 2037, whichever occurs first. The remaining principal and interest payments on this note as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$11,832,906. No principal payments or interest were paid in the current year, therefore no calculation related to pledged revenue was necessary. Non-ad valorem revenue was \$106,038,853 for the current year.

10,055,000

396,395

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (Continued)

Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2022A

On September 8, 2022 the County issued \$10,055,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2022A, to provide funds for construction and renovations of a park and sports complex. The note contains a provision that, in the event of a default, the lender may sue to protect and enforce the agreement and shall be entitled to reasonable costs and expenses incurred in enforcing the agreement. In the event of a default, the note shall bear interest at the lessor of the sum of the Prime Rate plus 5% per annum and the maximum lawful rate until all amounts then due are paid in full.

The interest rate is 3.09%, principal payable annually on September 1, commencing on September 1, 2023. Interest is payable semi-annually, March 1 and September 1, commencing on March 1, 2023. Average remaining annual debt service is \$1,135,493.

The note is secured by non-ad valorem revenue in accordance with Resolution No. 3917. This pledge remains in effect until extinguishment or maturity of the debt in 2042, whichever occurs first. The remaining principal and interest payments on this debt as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$13,625,912. No principal payments or interest were paid in the current year, therefore no calculation related to pledged revenue was necessary. Non-ad valorem revenue was \$106,038,853 for the current year.

Truist FY21 Fleet Loan

On November 12, 2020, the Sheriff agreed to finance \$938,211 for the purchase of
fleet vehicles. The interest rate is 1.25%, principal and interest payable monthly,
commencing on January 16, 2021. Average remaining annual debt service is
\$199,250. The loans were secured by the vehicles purchased with loan proceeds.

Truist FY22 Fleet Loan

On December 9, 2021, the Sheriff agreed to finance \$939,122 for the purchase of fleet vehicles. The interest rate is 1.27%, principal and interest payable monthly, commencing on January 9, 2022. Average remaining annual debt service is \$239,406. The loans were secured by the vehicles purchased with loan proceeds. 707,683

Total notes payable – governmental activities	202,488,296
Less: current portion	(8,704,682)
Long-term portion of notes payable – governmental activities	\$ 193,783,614

Year Ending September 30,	P	rincipal	Int	terest	Total
2023	\$	8,704,682	\$	2,948,539	\$ 11,653,221
2024		111,724,982		2,421,169	114,146,151
2025		11,721,633		1,818,419	13,540,052
2026		9,153,000		1,583,005	10,736,005
2027		9,316,000		1,404,838	10,720,838
2028-2032		39,683,000		4,392,482	44,075,482
2033-2037		9,070,000		1,113,246	10,183,246
2038-2042		3,114,999		294,570	3,409,569
Total	\$	202,488,296	\$	15,976,268	\$ 218,464,564

Governmental activities' revenue bonds consist of the following at September 30, 2022:

Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2011

On July 12, 2011, the County issued \$2,340,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds – Series 2011. The proceeds of the bonds to be used for certain capital improvements associated with a new fire station. The bonds contain a provision that, in the event of a default, the lender may declare all payments of principal and interest on the bond to be immediately due and payable and the bond shall bear interest at a rate equal to the Base Rate, plus 4% per annum, not to exceed the maximum rate permitted by law. The Base Rate shall be equal to (i) the Prime Rate or (ii) the Adjusted One Month LIBOR Rate.

The interest rate is 3.96%, principal payable annually on September 1, commencing September 1, 2012. Interest is payable semi-annually, March 1 and September 1. Average remaining annual debt service is \$202,783.

The bonds are special obligation bonds of the County payable solely from and secured by non-ad valorem revenues in accordance with Resolution No. 3051. This pledge remains in effect until extinguishment or maturity of the debt in 2026, whichever occurs first. The remaining principal and interest payments on this debt as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$811,132. Principal and interest payments paid on the bond required 0.19% of non-ad valorem revenue. Principal and interest payments paid for the current year and non-ad valorem revenue were \$205,937 and \$106,038,853, respectively.

\$ 737,000

Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bond, Series 2018A&B

On February 22, 2018, the County issued \$11,023,000 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2018A&B. The proceeds of the bonds to be used to refund the County's outstanding Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007. The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$393,337. This difference is reported as a deferred amount on the refunding. The County completed the refunding to reduce its debt service payments over fifteen years by \$2,828,875 and obtain an economic gain of \$1,142,956. The bonds contain a provision that, in the event of a default, all pledged funds shall be applied to the payment of reasonable and proper charges, expenses and liabilities of the trustee or receiver, to the payment of interest and principal, then to the payment of all fees due any insurer, credit bank, provider of a reserve account insurance policy, or provider of a reserve account letter of credit.

The refunding bonds interest rate is 2.90%, principal payable annually on September 1, commencing on September 1, 2018. Interest is payable semiannually, March 1 and September 1, commencing on September 1, 2018. Average remaining annual debt service is \$943,111.

This pledge remains in effect until extinguishment or maturity of the debt in 2032, whichever occurs first. The remaining principal and interest payments on this debt as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$9,431,107. Principal and interest payments paid on the bond required 4.71% of pledged revenues. Principal and interest payments paid for the current year and pledged revenues were \$942,446 and \$20,029,849, respectively.

8,086,000

Revenue Bond, Series 2020

On October 19, 2020, the County issued \$50,000,000 Revenue Bond, Series 2020, to provide funds for Hurricane Michael response, recovery, and mitigation. Of the \$50,000,000 total, \$48,874,337 is related to the County and \$1,125,663 is related to the TPO component unit. The information detailed here includes only the portion of this note that is related to the County. The bond contains a provision that, in the event of a default, the lender may sue to protect and enforce the agreement and shall be entitled to reasonable costs and expenses incurred in enforcing the agreement. In the event of a default, the bond shall bear interest at the lessor of the sum of the Prime Rate plus 5% per annum and the maximum lawful rate until all amounts then due are paid in full.

Revenue Bond, Series 2020 (continued)

The interest rate is 1.06%, principal payable annually on March 1, commencing on March 1, 2024. Interest is payable semi-annually, March 1 and September 1, commencing on March 1, 2021. Average remaining annual debt service is \$4,043,529.

The bond is secured by non-ad valorem revenue in accordance with Resolution No. 3755. This pledge remains in effect until extinguishment or maturity of the debt in 2035, whichever occurs first. The remaining principal and interest payments on this debt as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$52,565,883. No principal payments were paid in the current year. Interest payments paid on the note required 0.49% of non-ad valorem revenue. Interest payments paid for the current year and non-ad valorem revenue were \$518,075 and \$106,038,853, respectively.

48,874,337

14 470 000

Capital Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2021A

On September 23, 2021, the County issued \$15,046,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2021A to provide funds to finance certain capital improvements within the County. The bond contains a provision that, in the event of a default, the lender may sue to protect and enforce the agreement and shall be entitled to reasonable costs and expenses incurred in enforcing the agreement. In the event of a default, the bond shall bear interest at the lessor of the sum of the Prime Rate plus 5% per annum and the maximum lawful rate until all amounts then due are paid in full.

The interest rate is 2.29%, principal payable annually on September 1, commencing on September 1, 2022. Interest is payable semi-annually, March 1 and September 1, commencing on March 1, 2022. Average remaining annual debt service is \$948,363.

The bond is secured by non-ad valorem revenue in accordance with Resolution No. 3831. This pledge remains in effect until extinguishment or maturity of the debt in 2041, whichever occurs first. The remaining principal and interest payments on this debt as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$18,018,905. No principal or interest payments were paid in the current year. Non-ad valorem revenue for the current year was \$106,038,853.

was \$100,038,833.	14,479,000
Total bonds payable – governmental activities	72,176,337
Less: current portion	(1,501,000)
Long-term portion governmental activities bonds payable	\$ 70,675,337

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the governmental activities' revenue bonds payable at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 1,501,000	\$ 1,113,332	\$ 2,614,332
2024	5,381,523	1,051,338	6,432,861
2025	5,463,622	967,677	6,431,299
2026	5,550,609	882,356	6,432,965
2027	5,432,709	795,370	6,228,079
2028-2032	28,407,798	2,735,626	31,143,424
2033-2037	16,854,076	897,425	17,751,501
2038-2042	3,585,000	207,566	3,792,566
Total	\$ 72,176,337	\$ 8,650,690	\$ 80,827,027

Arbitrage provisions of the Internal Revenue Tax Act of 1986 require the County to rebate excess arbitrage earnings from bond proceeds to the federal government. As of September 30, 2022, there was no arbitrage liability for governmental activities.

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Changes in long-term liabilities for business-type activities are summarized as follows:

	Balance September 30, 2021	Additions		Deductions	Balance September 30, 2022	Due Within One Year
Revenue bonds	\$ 47,195,000	\$ -	\$	(2,655,000)	\$ 44,540,000	\$2,765,000
Adjusted for deferred amounts on						
Issuance discounts/premiums	4,141,382	-		(456,752)	3,684,630	-
Total revenue bonds	51,336,382	-		(3,111,752)	48,224,630	2,765,000
Bonds from direct placements	25,390,000	-		(3,289,000)	22,101,000	3,426,000
Notes from direct borrowings	15,742,970	-		(1,440,276)	14,302,694	1,493,158
Finance purchase liability	17,369	40,964		(11,950)	46,383	17,137
Other postemployment benefits	731,310	43,750		-	775,060	-
Accrued compensated absences	501,775	247,016		(195,821)	552,970	227,555
Landfill closure and postclosure						
liability	10,324,225	301,687		-	10,625,912	-
Net pension liability	2,037,988	3,898,613		-	5,936,601	-
Business-type activity						
long-term liabilities	\$106,082,019	\$ 4,532,030	5	\$ (8,048,799)	\$102,565,250	\$7,928,850

Notes payable in the enterprise funds at September 30, 2022, are summarized below:

State Revolving Fund Program

State Revolving Fund Program (Funding Number 0302E0) consists of approved loans in the original amount of \$1,000,000, with a principal forgiveness of \$750,000, payable to the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection State Revolving Fund Program. The interest rate is 1.23% per annum. The semiannual loan payment is \$7,645 and the loan matures on July 15, 2040. The loan is collateralized by the gross revenues derived yearly from operation of the Military Point Advance Wastewater Treatment Facility after payment of the operation and maintenance expense and the satisfaction of all yearly payment obligations on the City of Callaway, Florida and Bay County, Florida Wastewater Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2014. The County is liable for the total obligation. The note contains a provision that, in the event of a default, the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection may intercept the delinquent amount, plus a penalty of up to 18 percent per annum on the amount due, from any unobligated funds due to the County under any revenue or tax sharing fund established by the State, sue for payment of all amounts due with interest on overdue payments, accelerate the repayment schedule, or increase the interest rate on the unpaid principal to as much as 1.667 times the financing rate.

246,206

\$

State Revolving Fund Program

State Revolving Fund Program (Funding Number DW 030200) consists of approved loans in the amount of \$532,776, with a principal forgiveness of \$399,582, payable to the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection State Revolving Fund Program. The interest rate is 1.25% per annum. The semiannual loan payment is \$3,655 and the loan matures on July 15, 2040. The loan is collateralized by the gross revenues derived yearly from operation of the water system after payment of the operation and maintenance expense and the satisfaction of all yearly payment obligations on the Bay County, Florida Water System Revenue Note, Series 2014 and the Bay County, Florida Water System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016. The note contains a provision that, in the event of a default, the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection may intercept the delinquent amount, plus a penalty of 6 percent per annum on the amount due, from any unobligated funds due to the County under any revenue or tax sharing fund established by the State, sue for payment of all amounts due with interest on overdue payments, accelerate the repayment schedule, or increase the interest rate on the unpaid principal to as much as 1.667 times the financing rate.

117,488

Wastewater Revenue Refunding Note - Series 2014

On June 17, 2014, the City of Callaway and the County issued \$10,445,000 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Note - Series 2014 to refund the outstanding Wastewater and System Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2004 that was jointly issued with the City of Callaway and the County. This note was used as part of projects required for the Military Point Advanced Wastewater Treatment Facility a joint venture of Bay County. Interest rate is 3.31%. The refunding reduced debt service payments over twelve years by \$810,140 and obtain an economic gain of \$651,743. The Military Point Advanced Wastewater Treatment Facility recognized the gain in their financial statements. The effect of that gain is recorded by the County in their investment in the joint venture. The note contains a provision that, in the event of a default, the Trustee may sue to protect and enforce the agreement. All moneys, securities, and funds received by the Trustee shall be applied to the expenses of the Trustee and Paying Agents, to the payment of amounts required for reasonable and necessary operating expenses, reasonable renewals, repairs, and replacements of the system necessary to prevent loss of gross revenues, to the payment of any rebatable arbitrage then due, then to the interest and principal due. In the event of a default, the interest rate shall be adjusted to a rate equal to 2.50% above the interest rate otherwise applicable.

Principal is payable annually on September 1, commencing on September 1, 2015. Interest is payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1. The notes are collateralized by the assets and the anticipated net revenues of the joint venture (Military Point Advanced Wastewater Treatment Facility). The County is liable for one half of the total obligation.

1,934,000

Water System Revenue Note - Series 2014

On June 17, 2014 the County issued \$18,925,000 Water System Revenue Note -Series 2014. The proceeds of the note to pay the cost of certain capital improvements to the Wholesale Water System. The bonds contain a provision that, in the event of a default, all pledged funds shall be applied to the payment of reasonable and proper charges, expenses and liabilities of the trustee or receiver, to the payment of the amounts required for operating expenses and for the reasonable renewals, repairs, and replacements of the system necessary to prevent loss of gross revenues, then to the payment of the interest and principal due on the bonds.

Water System Revenue Note - Series 2014 (continued)

The interest rate is 3.70%, principal payable annually on September 1, commencing September 1, 2015. Interest is payable semi-annually, March 1 and September 1. Average remaining annual debt service is \$1,458,076.

The notes secured by a) the net revenues of the wholesale water system, b) impact fees charged by the wholesale water system, c) all cash and investments held in accordance with Resolution No. 3051. This pledge remains in effect until extinguishment or maturity of the debt in 2032, whichever occurs first.

The remaining principal and interest payments on this debt as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$14,580,755. Annual principal and interest payments paid on the note required 18.46% of the total impact fee revenue and wholesale water system net revenue. Principal and interest payments paid for the current year and impact fee revenue and wholesale water system net revenue were \$1,460,445 and \$7,911,949, respectively.

and \$7,911,949, respectively.	12,005,000
Total notes payable – enterprise funds	14,302,694
Less: current portion	(1,493,158)
Long-term portion of enterprise funds' notes payable	\$ 12,809,536

Minimum debt service requirements to maturity on the notes are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 1,493,158	\$ 511,140	\$ 2,004,298
2024	1,545,383	458,215	2,003,598
2025	1,599,112	403,427	2,002,539
2026	1,655,342	346,707	2,002,049
2027	1,194,076	287,977	1,482,053
2028-2032	6,643,987	753,363	7,397,350
2033-2037	105,280	5,119	110,399
2038-2042	66,356	958	67,314
Total	\$ 14,302,694	\$ 2,766,906	\$ 17,069,600

Bonds payable in the enterprise funds at September 30, 2022, are summarized below:

Solid Waste Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds – Series 2010

On August 18, 2010, the County issued \$28,320,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2010. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund the outstanding Solid Waste Sales Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 1998 (refunded \$30,680,000) and to pay the cost of issuing the bonds. The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$1,703,997. This difference is reported as a deferred amount on refunding. The County completed the refunding to reduce its debt service payments over twenty-five years by \$5,314,359 and obtain an economic gain of \$3.435.305. The bonds are special obligation bonds of the County payable solely from and secured by non-ad valorem revenues in accordance with Resolution No. 2997. The bonds contain a provision that, in the event of a default, the lender may declare all payments of principal and interest on the bond to be immediately due and payable and the bond shall bear interest at a rate equal to the Base Rate, plus 4% per annum, not to exceed the maximum rate permitted by law. The Base Rate shall be equal to (i) the Prime Rate or (ii) the Adjusted One Month LIBOR Rate.

The refunding bonds interest rate is 3.43%, principal payable annually on September 1, commencing September 1, 2011. Interest is payable semiannually, March 1 and September 1. Average remaining annual debt service is \$2,647,741.

This pledge remains in effect until extinguishment or maturity of the debt in 2023, whichever occurs first. The remaining principal and interest payments on this debt as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$2,647,741. Annual principal and interest payments on the bond required 2.51% of the total of non-ad valorem revenues. Principal and interest payments paid for the current year and the total of non-ad valorem revenues were \$2,663,083 and \$106,038,853 respectively.

\$ 2,560,000

Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds – Series 2015

On November 4, 2015, the County issued \$28,710,000 Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds – Series 2015. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund the outstanding Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds – Series 2011 (refunded \$27,075,000) and to pay the cost of issuing the bonds. The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$391,517. This difference is reported as a deferred amount on the refunding. The County completed the refunding to reduce its annual debt service payments and extend the maturity by fourteen years. The refunding increased total debt service payments over thirty years by \$15,104,388 and resulted in an economic loss of \$1,236,640.

The bonds are limited obligation bonds of the County payable solely from and secured by the net revenues derived from the water and sewer system, connection fees in accordance with Resolution No. 3318 and 3319, and moneys deposited into the reserve and rate stabilization funds as allowed per the bond agreement. In addition, the Resolutions allow the County to budget and appropriate, if necessary, Non-Ad Valorem Revenues, sufficient to pay the fiscal year principal and interest on the bond, in the event amounts available from the Pledged Funds are insufficient. The bonds contain a provision that, in the event of a default, all pledged funds shall be applied to the payment of reasonable and proper charges, expenses and liabilities of the trustee or receiver, to the payment of interest and principal, then to the payment of all fees due any insurer and Credit Bank not previously mentioned.

The refunding bonds interest rate varies from 2.0%-5.0%, principal payable annually on September 1, commencing September 1, 2017. Interest is payable semi-annually, March 1 and September 1, commencing March 1, 2016. Average remaining annual debt service is \$1,695,458.

This pledge remains in effect until extinguishment or maturity of the debt in 2045, whichever occurs first. The remaining principal and interest payments on this debt as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$38,995,544. Principal and interest payments on the bond required 28.90% of the total of the net revenues derived from the water system, connection fees, and allowable deposits. Principal and interest payments paid for the current year and the total net revenues derived from the water system, connection fees, and allowable deposits were \$1,695,169 and \$5,866,129 respectively.

24,875,000

Water System Revenue Refunding Bonds – Series 2016

On October 12, 2016, the County issued \$30,085,000 Water System Revenue Refunding Bonds – Series 2016. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund the outstanding Water System Revenue Refunding Bonds – Series 2005 (refunded \$36,615,000) and to pay the cost of issuing the bonds. The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$6,233,490. This difference is reported as a deferred amount on the refunding. The County completed the refunding to reduce its annual debt service payments. The refunding decreased total debt service payments over fourteen years by \$9,142,489 and resulted in an economic gain of \$6,886,901.

The bonds are special obligation bonds of the County payable solely from and secured by, a) the net revenues of the wholesale water system, b) impact fees charged by the wholesale water system, c) all cash and investments held in accordance with Ordinance No. 00-04, Resolution No. 2219 and Resolution No. 2625. The bond contains a provision that, in the event of a default, all pledged funds shall be applied to the payment of reasonable and proper charges, expenses and liabilities of the trustee or receiver, to the payment of the amounts required for operating expenses and for the reasonable renewals, repairs, and replacements of the system necessary to prevent loss of gross revenues, then to the payment of the interest and principal due on the bonds.

The bonds are issued on parity with the County's outstanding Water System Revenue Bonds – Series 2014. Interest varies from 4.0% to 5.0%, principal payable annually on September 1, commencing September 1, 2017, interest payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1, commencing on March 1, 2017. Average remaining annual debt service is \$3,042,813.

This pledge remains in effect until extinguishment or maturity of the debt in 2030, whichever occurs first. The remaining principal and interest payments on this debt as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$24,342,500. Annual principal and interest payments on the bond required 38.44% of the total of impact fee revenue and wholesale water system net revenue. Principal and interest payments paid for the current year and the total of impact fee revenue and wholesale water system net revenue were \$3,041,250 and \$7,911,949, respectively.

19,665,000

19.541.000

NOTE 13 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (Continued)

Solid Waste System Revenue Bond, Series 2021

V D P

On September 23, 2021, the County issued \$20,340,000 Solid Waste System Revenue Bond, Series 2021, for the purposes of financing and refinancing the acquisition, construction, and equipping of capital improvements to the County's solid waste system. The bond contains a provision that, in the event of a default, the lender may sue to protect and enforce the agreement. In the event of a default, the bond shall bear interest at the lessor of 18% per annum and the maximum lawful rate until all amounts then due are paid in full.

The interest rate is 1.87%, principal payable annually on September 1, commencing on September 1, 2022. Interest is payable semi-annually, March 1 and September 1, commencing on March 1, 2022. Average remaining annual debt service is \$1,231,463.

These bonds are secured by the net revenues of the Solid Waste Fund in accordance with Resolution No. 3833. This pledge remains in effect until extinguishment or maturity of the debt in 2041, whichever comes first. The remaining principal and interest payments on this debt as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$23,397,800. Annual principal and interest payments on the bond required 35.98% of the total net revenues of the Solid Waste Fund. Principal and interest payments paid for the current year and the total of the net revenues of the Solid Waste Fund were \$1,156,114 and \$3,213,239, respectively.

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Total bonds payable – business-type activities	66,641,000
Less: current portion	(6,191,000)
Long-term portion of business-type activities' bonds payable	\$ 60,450,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds payable at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 6,191,000	2,420,939	8,611,939
2024	3,772,000	2,196,504	5,968,504
2025	3,919,000	2,052,848	5,971,848
2026	4,071,000	1,900,037	5,971,037
2027	4,233,000	1,740,557	5,973,557
2028-2032	17,641,000	6,125,417	23,766,417
2033-2037	10,770,000	3,864,615	14,634,615
2038-2042	11,344,000	2,060,669	13,404,669
2043-2047	4,700,000	 381,000	5,081,000
Total	\$ 66,641,000	\$ 22,742,586	\$ 89,383,586

Arbitrage provisions of the Internal Revenue Tax Act of 1986 require the County to rebate excess arbitrage earnings from bond proceeds to the Federal Government. As of September 30, 2022, there was no arbitrage liability for business-type activities.

NOTE 14 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS, RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND ADVANCES

The County's routine transfers include transfers, (a) to match for special revenue grant requirements, (b) to other funds based on budgetary requirements, and (c) for revenues from a fund that by statute or budgetary authority must collect them for funds that are required by statute or budgetary authority to expend them. Interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2022, were as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out		
General fund	Builder services fund	\$ 49,488	-
			\$ 49,488
Transportation fund	General fund	\$ 13,400,083	
			\$ 13,400,083
Other nonmajor gov't funds	General fund	\$ 1,321,682	-
			\$ 1,321,682
Hurricane Michael fund	General fund	\$ 3,805,393	
			\$ 3,805,393
Solid waste fund	General fund	\$ 27,681	
			\$ 27,681
Internal service funds	General fund	\$ 23,756	-
			\$ 23,756

NOTE 14 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS, RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND ADVANCES (Continued)

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions for operating purposes and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. At September 30, 2022, interfund receivables and payables are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund				
General fund	Internal service funds	\$	1,436,923		
	Solid waste fund		4,401,815		
			=	\$	5,838,738
Transportation fund	Internal service funds	\$	466,012		
Transportation fund	Internal service funds	Ψ	400,012	\$	466,012
			-		
Tourist development fund	General fund	\$	661,726		
			=	\$	661,726
Wholesale water fund	Internal service funds	¢	524 246		
wholesale water lund	Internal service lunds	\$	534,246	\$	534,246
			-	Ψ	554,240
Retail waste fund	Internal service fund	\$	316,406		
			=	\$	316,406
		¢	100.000		
Solid waste fund	Internal service funds	\$	137,575	\$	137,575
			=	φ	157,575
Internal service funds	General fund	\$	16,032		
	Transportation fund		61,338		
	Other nonmajor governmental funds		5,295		
	Wholesale water fund		2,456		
	Retail waste fund		7,110		
	Solid waste fund		9,210		
	Builder services fund		2,713		
	Internal services fund		7,394		
				\$	111,548
		ሰ	C1 107		
Other nonmajor governmental funds	Builder service funds Internal service funds	\$	61,187 453,553		
	internal service funds		455,555	\$	514,740
				Ψ	511,770

NOTE 14 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS, RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND ADVANCES (Continued)

An interfund advance was made to the MSTU Fire Protection Fund from the Building Services Fund in 2012 and 2014 to provide funds for operations. This advance is expected to be repaid within two years of September 30, 2022. The balance of this advance as of September 30, 2022, was \$120,945. There was also an interfund advance was made to the Intergovernmental Radio Communications Fund from the General Fund in 2022 to provide funds for additional infrastructure and equipment costs incurred while constructing the newly upgraded 800 MHz system. This advance is expected to be repaid within three years of September 30, 2022. The balance of this advance of this advance as of September 30, 2022, was \$1,823,785.

NOTE 15 – FUND BALANCE

The detail related to fund balance classifications for governmental funds as of September 30, 2022, consists of the following:

	General	Tourist Development	Transportation	Hurricane Michael	Nonmajor Governmental	Total
Nonspendable						
Not in spendable form for interfund advances prepaid items	\$ 1,823,785 644,608	\$	\$ - \$	-	\$ - \$ 163,703	1,823,785 22,730,672
Total nonspendable	2,468,393	21,922,361	-	-	163,703	24,554,457
Restricted						
Enabling legislation	2,044,508	59,619,977	21,353,245	94,135,964	12,283,096	189,436,790
Debt service	1,964,694	1,416,460	-	101,439	243,961	3,726,554
Impact fees	2,133,368	-	-	-	1,483,321	3,616,689
Contractual	2,274,820	-	-	-	-	2,274,820
Unspent bond proceeds	12,820,060	-	-	-	2,958,999	15,779,059
Total restricted	21,237,450	61,036,437	21,353,245	94,237,403	16,969,377	214,833,912
Assigned						
For disaster cleanup For neighborhood	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
infrastructure and improvement	57,658	-	-	-	-	57,658
For future insurance costs	841,267	339,775	41,784	-	21,503	1,244,329
For animal control	118,958	-	-	-	-	118,958
For following year expenditures	7,380,498	-	-	-	-	7,380,498
For the purpose of special revenue fund		-	11,007,320	-	-	11,007,320
Total assigned	9,398,381	339,775	11,049,104	-	21,503	20,808,763
Unassigned	40,834,470	_		-		40,834,470
Total fund balances	\$ 73,938,694	\$ 83,298,573	\$ 32,402,349	\$ 94,237,403	\$ 17,154,583	\$ 301,031,602

NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Landfill Costs and Liabilities

Under the terms of current state and federal regulations, the County is required to place a final cover on closed landfill areas, and to perform certain monitoring and maintenance functions for a period of up to thirty years after closure, depending on the closure date. The County recognizes these costs of closure and post-closure maintenance over the active life of each landfill area, based on landfill capacity used during the period. Required obligations for closure and post-closure costs are recognized in the Solid Waste Fund.

The County has two landfills. The Majette Landfill closed in September 1987. The Steelfield Road Landfill is currently estimated to have sufficient capacity at current waste generation disposal rates to accept waste through 2036. State and federal laws and regulations require that the County place a final cover on its landfills when closed and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites for 20 to 30 years after closure, depending on closure date. As of September 30, 2022, the Majette Landfill completed the required maintenance and monitoring for financial assurance.

Management currently estimates that the cost to close the Steelfield Landfill will be approximately \$12,886,165 and the postclosure costs to maintain and monitor the Steelfield Landfill will be approximately \$125,738 per year. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The Solid Waste Fund has reported a liability for landfill closure and postclosure care at September 30, 2022, in the amount of \$10,625,912, which represents the cumulative amount reported to date, based on 63% of the estimated capacity of the landfill. See note 13 for disclosure of the changes in this estimated liability.

These amounts are based on what it is estimated to cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2022. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology, or changes in applicable laws and regulations.

The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to a trust to finance closure and postclosure care. The County was in compliance with these requirements and at September 30, 2022, \$8,243,431 was held for these purposes in a separate general ledger account on deposit in the County's pooled cash and investments. These are reported as restricted cash and investment assets on the Solid Waste Fund balance sheet. The County expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings on these annual contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional postclosure care requirements are determined to be necessary, these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or from future tax revenue.

NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Legal Contingencies

The County is involved in certain litigation and claims, as a defendant or plaintiff, arising in the ordinary course of operations. Legal counsel has indicated that the facts of the cases and the law are not sufficiently developed to allow an accurate prediction of the ultimate outcome of the litigation. As such, no estimate of losses, if any, can be determined. During the course of normal operations, the County entered into various other contractual agreements for which the County would be liable in the event of default. The actual potential amount of loss liability associated with a default for these contracts cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. Additionally, in December 2022, the County settled a case regarding private provider building inspections. At the time of issuance an estimate has not been calculated.

Military Point Advanced Wastewater Treatment Facility

The County entered into debt financing agreements with the City of Callaway on behalf of the Military Point Advanced Wastewater Treatment Facility. As a result, the County is contingently liable for bonds payable and notes payable guaranteed by the City of Callaway.

As of September 30, 2022, the County was contingently liable for the following amounts:

Wastewater System Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2004 (see note 13)	\$ 1,934,000
Related interest expense	162,570
Total contingent liability – joint venture	\$ 2,096,570

Construction Commitments

At September 30, 2022 the County had open construction contract commitments as follows:

		Contract	Expended to	Remaining	
Fund		Amount	Date	Commitment	
General fund	\$	22,926,095 \$	6,011,190	\$ 16,914,905	
Transportation fund		8,134,076	7,028,388	1,105,688	
Other nonmajor governmental fund		1,505,738	1,212,134	293,604	
Tourist development fund		2,115,643	688,643	1,427,000	
Wholesale water fund		11,892,330	5,708,828	6,183,502	
Retail water fund		1,786,204	997,106	789,098	
Internal service funds		8,678	8,678	-	
Transportation planning organization		349,367	79,534	269,833	
Total contract commitments	\$	48,718,131 \$	21,734,501	\$ 26,983,630	
Total contract commitments	Ф	40,/10,151 \$	21,754,501	φ 20,985,050	

NOTE 17 – CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

During the course of normal operations, the County has entered into various conduit debt obligations. Conduit debt obligations are certain limited-obligation revenue bonds, certificates of participation, or similar debt instruments issued by a state or local governmental entity for the express purpose of providing capital financing for a specific third party that is not a part of the issuer's financial reporting entity. The County has no responsibility for the payment of these debt issues except for the payments received on the underlying lease or loan agreement. The County's conduit debt obligations at September 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

Issue	Date of Issue	nt Outstanding mber 30, 2022
Bay County, Florida Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds		
(Bay Haven Charter Academy) Series 2020	October 21, 2020	\$ 8,965,000
Bay County, Florida Industrial Development Revenue Refunding Bonds (Goodwill Industries - Big Bend, Inc.) Series 2017	April 1, 2017	\$ 8,302,547
Bay County, Florida Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds (Bay Haven Charter Academy Project) Series 2013 A & B	April 17, 2013	\$ 19,770,000
Bay County, Florida Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds (Bay Haven Charter Academy Project) Series 2016	October 1, 2016	\$ 4,475,000
Bay County, Florida Industrial Developmental Revenue Bonds (Gulf Power Company Project) Series 2020	June 1, 2020	\$ 50,000,000

NOTE 18 - WORKERS' COMPENSATION - SELF INSURANCE

During fiscal year 1990, the County established a Workers' Compensation Fund (internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss relating to workers' compensation claims. Under this program, the Workers' Compensation Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$350,000 for each workers' compensation claim through September 30, 2022. The County purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Workers' Compensation Fund. Settled claims exceeded the commercial coverage for fiscal year 2022. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage for fiscal years 2020 and 2021.

NOTE 18 - WORKERS' COMPENSATION - SELF INSURANCE (Continued)

All funds, except those which include certain volunteer fire department personnel of the County, participate in the program and make payments to the Workers' Compensation Fund based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. The claims liability of \$4,300,000 reported in the Workers' Compensation Fund at September 30, 2022, is based on the requirements of GASB, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the basic financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the basic financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability includes an estimate of incurred but not reported losses based on historical experience. Changes in the Workers' Compensation Fund's claims liability amount in fiscal years 2021 and 2022 were as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Beginning Fiscal Year Liability		laims and Thanges in Estimates	Claim Payments	Balance at Fiscal Year End	
2021	\$ 4,480,761	\$	616,591	\$ (616,591)	\$	4,480,761
2022	\$ 4,480,761	\$	1,557,045	\$ (1,737,806)	\$	4,300,000

NOTE 19 – INSURANCE

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The County accounts for its uninsured risk of loss with regard to workers' compensation as explained in Note 18. Other types of insurance coverage are explained in the following paragraphs.

The County is a member of the Florida Association of Counties Trust (FACT), a public entity risk pool, which provides general liability insurance coverage. The County pays an annual premium to the Trust and remains liable for the deductible of \$25,000 per claim. The claims liability of \$250,000 reported in the Self-Insurers' Fund is based on the requirements of GASB.

Changes in the Self-Insurers' Fund's claims liability amount in fiscal years 2021 and 2022 were as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	ginning Fiscal ear Liability	ims and Change in Estimates	s	Claim Payments	Balance at Fiscal Year-End
2021	\$ 250,000	\$ 4,309,251	\$	(4,309,251)	\$ 250,000
2022	\$ 250,000	\$ 4,055,281	\$	(4,055,281)	\$ 250,000

The County also purchases commercial insurance for other risks of loss, such as automobile liability. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage during the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 20 – JOINT VENTURE

The County entered into an interlocal agreement with the cities of Callaway, Parker, Springfield and the former Town of Cedar Grove on September 27, 1996, to supply existing and expanded wastewater treatment and disposal services. The mission of this joint venture is to provide these services in an economical, efficient and environmentally appropriate manner to their respective citizenry. This joint venture, known as the Military Point Advanced Wastewater Treatment Facility (MPAWTF or System), assumed ownership of the existing wastewater treatment plant and then completed construction of a new seven million gallon per day advanced wastewater treatment facility, which was placed in service on July 20, 1999. Funding for the new facility came through a combination of conventional borrowing and State Revolving Fund loans.

The joint venture is owned and governed by the County; and the cities of Callaway, Parker, and Springfield. One owner is selected by the others to be responsible for operating the System. The owner designated to be the Operator is the County. The Operator of the System, in accordance with the interlocal agreement, prepares the system's annual budget, sets treatment rates and collects funds sufficient to pay debt service, cost of operations and maintenance, renewal and replacement, and any enhancements to reserves. The results of operations and cash flows are accounted for in total within the financial statements of the joint venture. The County's interest in equity is reported within the County's Retail Water and Wastewater Fund. As of September 30, 2022, the County's investment in the joint venture was \$7,650,229. Complete financial statements for the joint venture may be obtained from the Operator at P.O. Box 2269, Panama City, Florida 32402.

Summary unaudited financial statements for the Military Point Advanced Wastewater Treatment Facility are as follows:

Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022	
Assets	\$ 29,996,983
Deferred outflows	328,559
Liabilities	7,530,809
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	15,962,601
Restricted for owners' rate reserve	2,038,474
Unrestricted	4,793,658
Total net position	\$ 22,794,733

NOTE 20- JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

Statement of Activities	
Year Ended September 30, 2022	
Operating revenues	\$ 5,351,626
Operating expenses	(5,403,368)
Operating income	(51,742)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	1,799,427
Income before distributions	1,747,685
Distributions to owners	(18,067)
Change in net position	1,729,618
Net position, beginning of year	21,065,115
Net position, end of year	\$ 22,794,733

As of September 30, 2022, the County's portion of contributions and net position in the joint venture is as follows:

County investment, at September 30, 2021	\$ 7,064,468
Add: 2022 County share of net income	589,628
Less: 2022 distributions payable	 (3,867)
County investment in joint venture at September 30, 2022	\$ 7,650,229

NOTE 21 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended September 30, 2022, the MPAWTF provided services to the County's Retail Water & Wastewater Fund. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the billings for these services totaled \$2,070,870.

As described in Note 20, the County is an owner of the Military Point Advanced Wastewater Treatment Facility. The County incurs operational expenses on behalf of the joint venture. Reimbursement for these expenses amounted to \$2,715,085 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Receivables/payables arising from all non-billing transactions with MPAWTF are recorded as "due from" or "due to" amounts. MPAWTF has recorded \$2,216,424 in "due from" the County and \$1,164,766 in "due to" the County.

In addition, during the current year the County recognized \$77,449 in interest income from the joint venture, which was subsequently used to satisfy interest expense of \$77,449, related to the State Revolving Fund Loan Program as discussed in Note 13.

NOTE 22 – COUNTY TAX ABATEMENTS

County property tax revenues were reduced by \$38,362 under an agreement entered into by the County through the Economic Development Program allowable under Florida Statute 196.012, for the purposes of increasing business activity and employment in the state. The County, through ordinance, provides abatements to new businesses or expansions of existing businesses that commit to creating jobs. These abatements temporarily reduce the assessed value of the real or personal property involved. The County program specifies a percentage reduction in property taxes for the recipients, up to 100 percent. As of September 30, 2022, eight County abatement agreements were with County businesses, all of which were entered into prior to the fiscal year.

NOTE 23 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

In fiscal year 2022, the County also implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the implementation of this statement requires the restatement of the September 30, 2022 net position in the statement of activities to record the cumulative effect of recording the original basis of the leased assets less accumulated amortization, net of the respective lease liabilities as of September 30, 2021.

	G	overnmental Activities	Total
Net position, September 30, 2021 as previously			
reported	\$	269,217,442 \$	269,217,442
Capital leased asset		(522,086)	(522,086)
Right-to-use lease assets		1,850,581	1,850,581
Lease liability		(1,187,786)	(1,187,786)
Lease receivable		989,574	989,574
Deferred inflow related to leases		(989,574)	(989,574)
Prior period adjustment (see note 24)		133,807	133,807
Net position, restated	\$	269,491,958 \$	269,491,958

NOTE 24 -PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Subsequent to the issuance of the prior year audited financial statements, the County determined that a prepaid item was not properly recorded in the General Fund. As a result, as of September 30, 2021, an increase in the beginning fund balance for the General Fund of \$133,807 has been reflected in these financial statements.

NOTE 25 – HURRICANE MICHAEL

The total amount of damages related to Hurricane Michael has not yet been determined; therefore, the actual costs for hurricane repairs could be higher than estimated. This is due, in part, to the expansive timeline required to make full recovery and the changing cost scenarios faced by the County. The County continues to work closely with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to help offset the costs associated with Hurricane Michael that were not covered by insurance. The County has approximately 117 projects in various stages of completion and FEMA review and approval.

NOTE 26 – SPECIAL ITEM

The County closed down the incinerator during fiscal year 2021. The County suffered an impairment loss of \$36,831,033 as a result of the demolition of the incinerator. The impairment loss is shown as a special item in the solid waste column of the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and in the business-type activities column of the statement of activities.

The total impairment loss is an estimate based on the values displayed on the Property Appraiser's web site for the buildings and land still on site and not part of the demolition. The official demolition date was at the end of December 2022 and the values of the buildings and land still on site will be re-appraised. Thus, the actual impairment loss could be higher than the estimate at this time.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Bay County, Florida Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 10 Fiscal Years

Florida Retirement System	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.2505981%	0.2449620%	0.2587725%	0.2689660%	0.2556707%	0.2529244%	0.2550759%	0.2425663%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 93,242,646	\$ 18,504,094	\$ 112,156,832	\$ 92,628,150	\$ 77,009,353	\$ 74,839,008	\$ 64,406,863	\$ 31,330,693
County's covered payroll (2)	\$ 71,444,499	\$ 67,258,461	\$ 64,385,848	\$ 64,712,266	\$ 60,273,701	\$ 58,101,593	\$ 56,321,792	\$ 54,944,720
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	130.51%	27.51%	174.19%	143.14%	127.77%	128.81%	114.36%	57.02%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.89%	96.40%	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%
Health Insurance Subsidy Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Health Insurance Subsidy Program County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	2022 0.1966035%	2021 0.1898645%	2020 0.1854461%	2019 0.1933694%	2018 0.1844422%	2017 0.1821278%	2016 0.1822235%	2015 0.1808524%
			0.1854461%	0.1933694%	0.1844422%	0.1821278%	0.1822235%	
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.1966035%	0.1898645% \$ 23,289,738	0.1854461%	0.1933694% \$ 21,636,098	0.1844422%	0.1821278%	0.1822235% \$ 21,237,389	0.1808524% \$ 18,444,101
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.1966035% \$ 20,825,977	0.1898645% \$ 23,289,738	0.1854461% \$ 22,644,161	0.1933694% \$ 21,636,098	0.1844422%	0.1821278%	0.1822235% \$ 21,237,389	0.1808524% \$ 18,444,101

Notes to schedules:

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which was June 30th of the current fiscal year.

(2) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, and members in DROP.

GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in 2015. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which it is available will be presented.

Bay County, Florida Schedule of the County's Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years

Florida Retirement System	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 10,853,252	\$ 9,562,643	\$ 8,816,675	\$ 8,511,906	\$ 7,416,042	\$ 6,712,153	\$ 6,485,810	\$ 5,913,973	\$ 5,192,563
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(10,853,252)	(9,562,643)	(8,816,675)	(8,511,906)	(7,416,042)	(6,712,153)	(6,485,810)	(5,913,973)	(5,192,563)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered payroll (1)	\$ 71,424,306	\$ 67,621,769	\$ 65,324,533	\$ -	\$ 60,485,168	\$ 50,114,760	\$ 49,207,939	\$ 47,022,239	\$ 45,615,661
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.20%	14.14%	13.50%	#DIV/0!	12.26%	13.39%	13.18%	12.58%	11.38%
Health Insurance Subsidy Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Health Insurance Subsidy Program Contractually required contribution	2022 \$ 1,191,366	2021 \$ 1,120,926	2020 \$ 1,084,563	2019 \$ 1,084,094	2018 \$ 1,003,122	2017 \$ 975,599	2016 \$ 959,484	2015 \$ 691,330	
	\$ 1,191,366						\$ 959,484		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,191,366	\$ 1,120,926	\$ 1,084,563	\$ 1,084,094	\$ 1,003,122	\$ 975,599	\$ 959,484	\$ 691,330	\$ 608,663
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,191,366	\$ 1,120,926 (1,120,926)	\$ 1,084,563	\$ 1,084,094 (1,084,094)	\$ 1,003,122 (1,003,122) \$ -	\$ 975,599 (975,599) \$ -	\$ 959,484	\$ 691,330 (691,330) \$ -	\$ 608,663

Notes to schedules: (1) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, and members in DROP.

GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in 2015. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which it is available will be presented.

Bay County, Florida

Schedule of Changes in the County's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios Year Ended September 30, 2022

As of and for the year ended September 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost	\$ 1,322,858	\$ 1,347,822 \$	1,075,210 \$	1,485,216 \$	1,592,740
Interest	336,634	306,940	753,846	694,272	581,292
Differences between expected					
and actual experiences	(545,204)	-	(1,918,450)	96,096	-
Changes of assumptions	(1,043,117)	(236,273)	(5,882,790)	(47,426)	(915,074)
Benefit payments	(401,094)	(356,487)	(311,632)	(564,122)	(593,463)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(329,923)	1,062,002	(6,283,816)	1,664,036	665,495
Total OPEB liability - beginning	13,191,320	12,129,318	18,404,522	16,740,486	16,307,935
Total OPEB liability - ending	12,861,397	13,191,320	12,120,706	18,404,522	16,973,430
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - employer	401,094	356,486	311,632	564,122	593,463
Benefit payments	(401,094)	(356,486)	(311,632)	(564,122)	(593,463)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	-	_		-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	-	-	-	-	-
Total OPEB liability	\$ 12,861,397	\$ 13,191,320 \$	12,120,706 \$	18,404,522 \$	16,973,430
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered payroll	56,633,806	54,952,529	53,653,130	52,657,577	51,896,540
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	22.71%	24.00%	22.59%	34.95%	32.71%

Notes to Schedule:

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria of GASB codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay related benefits for the OPEB plan.

* GASB Codification P52 requires an employer to disclose a 10-year history. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information will be presented for only the years for which information is available.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Public Safety – to account for the operations of the 911 emergency telephone system in the County. Funding is provided from telephone user charges.

Intergovernmental Radio Communications – to account for fees collected for the operation of an intergovernmental radio communications network. Funding is provided by traffic surcharges and charges to users of the system.

District Mosquito Control – to account for the operations of the mosquito control department. Funding is provided by ad valorem taxes and state funds.

Municipal Services Tax Unit (MSTU) Fire Protection – to account for the operations of the fire departments within the County. Funding is provided by ad valorem taxes.

Court – to account for court related activities as provided for in Article V section 14(b) of the Florida State Constitution.

Records Modernization - Records – to account for funds to be used for modern technology for the storage, retrieval and public access of valuable court and government public records. Funding is provided by Florida Statute 28.24(15)(d).

Records Modernization - Court – to account for funds to be used for modern technology for the storage, retrieval and public access of valuable court and government public records. Funding is provided for in Article V of the Florida State Constitution.

Law Enforcement Training – to account for law enforcement training projects funded by fines collected on traffic violations.

Special Law Enforcement Trust – to account for law enforcement related projects, funded by the proceeds from confiscated property forfeitures.

Special Contribution – to account for special projects and activities, funded by private sector donations.

Crime Prevention – to account for expenditures to fund crime prevention programs in the County in accordance with Florida Statute 775.083, funded through fines paid by offenders.

Chapter 705 Fund – to account for law enforcement related projects, funded by the proceeds from nonfederal confiscated property forfeitures.

Inmate Welfare – to account for expenditures related to inmate welfare, funded by the proceeds from jail activities.

	Public Safety	Intergovernmental Radio Communications		District Mosquito Control	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 155,612	\$	26,189	\$	45,911
Accounts receivable, net	-		3,462,493		-
Lease receivable	-		381,645		-
Accrued interest receivable	4,193		-		1,515
Investments	3,030,315		509,997		894,051
Prepaids	146,866		-		-
Due from other funds	-		-		59,195
Due from other governments	304,451		30,274		17,842
Restricted assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	-		154,425		-
Investments	-		3,007,197		-
Total assets	\$ 3,641,437	\$	7,572,220	\$	1,018,514
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Unearned revenues Due to other funds Advance from other funds Due to other governments	\$ 91,278 - - -	\$	3,148,296	\$	36,861 9 3,795 -
Total liabilities	91,278		4,972,081		40,665
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred revenue-lease revenue	-		345,866		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	-		345,866		-
Fund balance					
Nonspendable	146,866		-		-
Restricted	3,402,527		2,254,273		973,525
Assigned	766		-		4,324
Total fund balance	3,550,159		2,254,273		977,849
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					

Bay County, Florida Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2022

				Special Revenue							
	MSTU Fire Protection		Court	Mo	Records dernization - Records		Records Modernization - Court				
\$	147,704	\$	578,406	\$	740,980	\$	1,396,859				
	1,477		83,160		-		17,000				
	-		-		-		-				
	8,231		-		-		-				
	2,876,328		-		-		-				
	529		16,308		-		-				
	455,545		-		-		-				
	246,113		-		-		-				
	74,470		-		-		-				
	1,450,189		-		-		-				
\$	5,260,586	\$	677,874	\$	740,980	\$	1,413,859				
\$	350,020	\$	194,037	\$	-	\$	7,505				
	- 1,500		-		-		-				
	120,945		_		_						
	4,966		_		_		-				
	477,431		194,037		-		7,505				
	-		-		-		-				
					-		-				
	529		16,308		-		-				
	4,766,213		467,529		740,980		1,406,354				
	16,413		-		-		-				
	4,783,155		483,837		740,980		1,406,354				
\$	5,260,586	\$	677,874	\$	740,980	\$	1,413,859				
-	2,200,200	7	,	т	0,200	Ψ					
							Continue				

		Law forcement Fraining	Eı	Special Law nforcement Trust	Special Contribution		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	46,274	\$	99,313	\$	13,497	
Accounts receivable, net	Ŧ	6,000	Ŧ	-	Ŧ		
Lease receivable		-		-		-	
Accrued interest receivable		-		-		-	
Investments		-		-		-	
Prepaids		-		-		-	
Due from other funds		-		-		-	
Due from other governments		-		-		-	
Restricted assets							
Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-	
Investments		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$	52,274	\$	99,313	\$	13,497	
	Ŧ	,	Ŧ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	т		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Unearned revenues		-		-		-	
Due to other funds		-		-		-	
Advance from other funds		-		-		-	
Due to other governments		-		-		-	
Total liabilities		-		-		-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue-lease revenue Total deferred inflows of resources		-					
Fund balance							
Nonspendable		-		-		-	
Restricted		52,274		99,313		13,497	
Assigned		-		-		-	
Total fund balance		52,274		99,313		13,497	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	52,274	\$	99,313	\$	13,497	

Bay County, Florida Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2022

		Speci	al Re	venue				
P	Crime revention	Chapter 705		Inmate Welfare	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
\$	243,605	\$ 100,311	\$	2,330,705	\$ 5,925,366			
	-	-		123,924	3,694,054			
	-	-		-	381,645			
	-	-		-	13,939			
	-	-		-	7,310,691			
	-	-		-	163,703			
	-	-		-	514,740			
	-	-		-	598,680			
	-	-		-	228,895			
	-	-		-	4,457,386			
\$	243,605	\$ 100,311	\$	2,454,629	\$ 23,289,099			
\$	-	\$ 5,653	\$	-	\$ 3,833,650			
	-	-		-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
	-	-		-	5,295			
	-	-		-	1,944,730			
	-	-		-	4,966			
	-	5,653		-	5,788,650			
	-	-		-	345,866			
	-	-		-	345,866			
					1 < 2 = 2 = 2			
	-	-		-	163,703			
	243,605	94,658		2,454,629	16,969,377			
	- 243,605	- 94,658		- 2,454,629	21,503 17,154,583			
	,000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
\$	243,605	\$ 100,311	\$	2,454,629	\$ 23,289,099			

		Public Safety		governmental Radio nmunications	District Mosquito Control		
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,375,773	
Intergovernmental		474,652		-		54,944	
Charges for services		1,012,152		927,641		-	
Investment earnings		(30,722)		(21,286)		(14,110)	
Contributions and donations		-		6,583,861		-	
Miscellaneous		-		35,782		1,671	
Total revenues		1,456,082		7,525,998		1,418,278	
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government		-		-		-	
Public safety		764,848		595,651		-	
Human services		-		-		1,419,687	
Capital outlay							
Public safety		1,163,310		6,282,170		-	
Human services		-		-		187,399	
Debt service							
Principal		8,098		2,161,527		1,882	
Interest		100		256,997		4,328	
Total expenditures		1,936,356		9,296,345		1,613,296	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures		(480,274)		(1,770,347)		(195,018)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers in		30,325		1,003,968		53,639	
Issuance of debt		29,362		21,698		7,164	
Total other financing sources		59,687		1,025,666		60,803	
Net change in fund balance		(420,587)		(744,681)		(134,215)	
Fund balance - beginning		3,970,746		2,998,954		1,112,064	
Fund balance - ending	\$	3,550,159	\$	2,254,273	\$	977,849	

Bay County, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Special Revenue	
MSTU Fire Protection	Court	Records Modernization - Records	Records Modernization - Court
\$ 10,387,598 \$	-	\$ -	\$ -
85,454 809,816	4,196,604	- 184,997	- 565,778
(74,793)	4,190,004	104,997	505,778
49,330	-		-
67,209	-	-	_
11,324,614	4,196,604	184,997	565,778
-	4,158,034	58,063	309,615
10,734,298	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
752,666	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
382,786	-	-	-
120,660	-	-	-
11,990,410	4,158,034	58,063	309,615
(665,796)	38,570	126,934	256,163
(005,770)	56,570	120,754	250,105
233,750	-	-	-
52,598	-	-	-
286,348	-	-	-
(379,448)	38,570	126,934	256,163
5,162,603	445,267	614,046	1,150,191
\$ 4,783,155 \$	483,837	\$ 740,980	\$ 1,406,354
			Continued

	Law Forcement Fraining	Special Law forcement Trust	Special Contribution		
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
Intergovernmental	55,217	34,901		11,366	
Charges for services	-	-		-	
Investment earnings	-	-		-	
Contributions and donations	-	-		-	
Miscellaneous	-	69,493		-	
Total revenues	55,217	104,394		11,366	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	-	-		-	
Public safety	89,472	47,111		9,119	
Human services	-	-		-	
Capital outlay					
Public safety	-	-		-	
Human services	-	-		-	
Debt service					
Principal	-	-		-	
Interest	-	-		-	
Total expenditures	89,472	47,111		9,119	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(34,255)	57,283		2,247	
(under) expenditures	(31,233)	57,205		2,217	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in	-	-		-	
Issuance of debt	-	-		-	
Total other financing sources	-	-		-	
Net change in fund balance	(34,255)	57,283		2,247	
Fund balance - beginning	86,529	42,030		11,250	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 52,274	\$ 99,313	\$	13,497	

Bay County, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2022

			Specia	al Re	venue	
Р	Crime Prevention		Chapter 705		Inmate Welfare	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 11,763,371
	331		95,561		-	812,426
	-		-		1,800,821	9,497,809
	-		-		-	(140,911)
	-		-		-	6,633,191
	-		-		-	174,155
	331		95,561		1,800,821	 28,740,041
	-		-		-	4,525,712
	75,173		76,814		990,302	13,382,788
	-		-		-	1,419,687
	-		13,387		100,112	8,311,645
	-		-		-	187,399
	-		-		-	2,554,293
	-		-		-	382,085
	75,173		90,201		1,090,414	30,763,609
	(74,842)		5,360		710,407	(2,023,568)
	-		-		-	1,321,682
	-		-		-	110,822
	-		-		-	1,432,504
	(74,842)		5,360		710,407	(591,064)
	318,447		89,298		1,744,222	17,745,647
\$	243,605	\$	94,658	\$	2,454,629	\$ 17,154,583

Bay County, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Public Safety Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted	An	nounts	Actual	Va	riance with
	Original		Final	Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	416,102	\$ 474,652	\$	58,550
Charges for services	805,000		805,000	1,012,152		207,152
Investment earnings	7,500		7,500	(30,722)		(38,222)
Total revenues	812,500		1,228,602	1,456,082		227,480
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Public safety	1,617,634		2,645,340	764,848		1,880,492
Capital outlay						
Public safety	10,000		461,470	1,163,310		(701,840)
Debt service						
Principal	-		-	8,098		(8,098)
Interest	90		90	100		(10)
Total expenditures	1,627,724		3,106,900	1,936,356		1,170,544
Excess (deficit) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(815,224)		(1,878,298)	(480,274)		1,398,024
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in	_		30,325	30,325		_
Transfers out			(631,300)	50,525		631,300
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-		(051,500)	29,362		29,362
Total other financing sources	-		(600,975)	59,687		660,662
Net change in fund balance	\$ (815,224)	\$	(2,479,273)	(420,587)	\$	2,058,686
Fund balance - beginning				3,970,746	-	
Fund balance - ending				\$ 3,550,159		

Bay County, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Intergovernmental Radio Communications Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Budgeted	An	nounts		Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	F	inal Budget	
REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	2,201,684	\$	4,308,787	\$	927,641	\$	(3,381,146)	
Investment earnings	Ψ	2,201,004	Ψ	-,300,707	Ψ	(21,286)	Ψ	(21,286)	
Contributions and donations		_		-		6,583,861		6,583,861	
Miscellaneous		_		-		35,782		35,782	
Total revenues		2,201,684		4,308,787		7,525,998		3,217,211	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Public safety		604,808		607,018		595,651		11,367	
Capital outlay		,		,		,		,	
Public safety		35,000		3,176,000		6,282,170		(3,106,170)	
Debt service		,		, ,		, ,		()))	
Principal		2,156,000		2,156,000		2,161,527		(5,527)	
Interest		262,636		262,636		256,997		5,639	
Total expenditures		3,058,444		6,201,654		9,296,345		(3,094,691)	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures		(856,760)		(1,892,867)		(1,770,347)		122,520	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Transfers in		1,003,968		1,003,968		1,003,968		-	
Issuance of debt		-		1,823,785		21,698		(1,802,087)	
Total other financing sources		1,003,968		2,827,753		1,025,666		(1,802,087)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	147,208	\$	934,886	=	(744,681)	\$	(1,679,567)	
Fund balance - beginning						2,998,954	-		
Fund balance - ending					\$	2,254,273			

Bay County, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual District Mosquito Control Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	al Budget	
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	1,349,236	\$	1,349,236	\$	1,375,773	\$	26,537	
Intergovernmental	Ŧ	51,735	Ŧ	54,944	Ŧ	54,944	-	_ = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	
Investment earnings		3,500		3,500		(14,110)		(17,610)	
Miscellaneous		- ,		_		1,671		1,671	
Total revenues		1,404,471		1,407,680		1,418,278		10,598	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Human services		1,590,555		1,607,365		1,419,687		187,678	
Capital outlay									
Human services		225,758		225,758		187,399		38,359	
Debt service									
Principal		-		-		1,882		(1,882)	
Interest		18,787		18,787		4,328		14,459	
Total expenditures		1,835,100		1,851,910		1,613,296		238,614	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures		(430,629)		(444,230)		(195,018)		249,212	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Transfers in		53,639		53,639		53,639		-	
Issuance of debt		-		-		7,164		7,164	
Total other financing sources		53,639		53,639		60,803		7,164	
Net change in fund balance	\$	(376,990)	\$	(390,591)	\$	(134,215)	\$	256,376	
Fund balance - beginning						1,112,064			
Fund balance - ending					\$	977,849			

Bay County, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual MSTU Fire Protection Year Ended September 30, 2022

			Amounts	Actual	Variance with	
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	10,183,854	\$ 10,183,854	\$ 10,387,598	\$ 203,744	
Intergovernmental	Ψ	380,262	380,262	85,454	(294,808)	
Charges for services		363,186	363,186	809,816	446,630	
Investment earnings		30,000	30,000	(74,793)	(104,793)	
Contributions and donations		-	-	49,330	49,330	
Miscellaneous		-	-	67,209	67,209	
Total revenues		10,957,302	10,957,302	11,324,614	367,312	
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Public safety		10,504,752	10,844,246	10,734,298	109,948	
Capital outlay		10,001,702	10,011,210	10,70 .,270	10,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Public safety		986,920	1,073,360	752,666	320,694	
Debt service		, ,	-,,	,		
Principal		441,415	441,415	382,786	58,629	
Interest		117,367	118,213	120,660	(2,447)	
Total expenditures		12,050,454	12,477,234	11,990,410	486,824	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		(1,093,152)	(1,519,932)	(665,796)	854,136	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		-	233,750	233,750	-	
Issuance of debt		-		52,598	52,598	
Total other financing sources		-	233,750	286,348	52,598	
Net change in fund balance	\$	(1,093,152)	\$ (1,286,182)	(379,448)	\$ 906,734	
Fund balance - beginning				5,162,603		
Fund balance - ending				\$ 4,783,155		

Bay County, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Court Year Ended September 30, 2022

	 Budgeted Original	An	ounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget		
	- <u>0</u>						0	
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$ 4,066,505	\$	4,093,948	\$	4,196,604	\$	102,656	
Total revenues	4,066,505		4,093,948		4,196,604		102,656	
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government	4,066,505		4,093,948		4,158,034		(64,086)	
Total expenditures	4,066,505		4,093,948		4,158,034		(64,086)	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	=	38,570	\$	38,570	
Fund balance - beginning					445,267			
Fund balance - ending				\$	483,837			

Bay County, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Bay County Transportation Planning Organization Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Total
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ 495,901
Total operating revenues	495,901
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personal services	393,096
Contracted services	4,318,279
Repairs and maintenance	76,404
Utilities	49,528
Depreciation	721,491
Other operating expenses	406,025
Total operating expenses	5,964,823
Total operating enpended	
Operating income (loss)	(5,468,922)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Intergovernmental revenues-grants	5,969,780
Investment earnings (loss)	1,304
Interest and fiscal charges	(12,708)
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	10,178
Contributions	571,322
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	6,539,876
Total honoperating revenues (expenses)	0,339,870
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	1,070,954
Capital contributions	370,990
Change in net position	1,441,944
Total net position - beginning (as originally stated)	8,443,313
Prior period adjustment	(322,571)
Total net position - beginning (restated)	8,120,742
Total net position - ending	\$ 9,562,686

CASH ELOWS EDOM ODED ATING ACTIVITIES		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers	\$	783,739
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	φ	(4,960,986)
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services		(4,900,980) (391,804)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(4,569,051)
Net easi provided by (used in) operating activities		(4,50),051)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Contributions received		6,541,102
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital		, ,
financing activities		6,541,102
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Interest paid on long-term debt		(12,701)
Proceeds from long-term debt		549,617
Capital contributions received		370,990
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		10,178
Purchase of capital assets		(1,555,338)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related		
financing activities		(637,254)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale and maturities		
of investment securities		208,031
Purchase of investments		(1,492,373)
Interest and dividends on investments		171
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(1,284,171)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		50,626
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		33,726
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	84,352
Classified as	Φ	04 200
Current assets	\$	84,300
Restricted assets	\$	<u> </u>
Total	Ф	84,352

Continued

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating income	\$ (5,468,922)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	
net cash provided by operating activities	
Depreciation	721,491
(Increase) decrease in assets	
Accounts receivable, net	1,576
Prepaid expenses	(82,133)
Due from other governments	286,304
Other postemployment benefits	1,705
Increase (decrease) in liabilities	
Accounts payable and	
accrued liabilities	(28,642)
Unearned revenue	(42)
Accrued compensated absences	3,013
Due to primary government	25
Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows:	
related to OPEB	(883)
Decrease (increase) in deferred inflows	
related to OPEB	(2,543)
Total adjustments	899,871
Net cash provided by (used in)	
operating activities	\$ (4,569,051)

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Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Other Internal Services fund – to account for the costs of providing a maintenance facility and other goods and services used by other departments.

Workers' Compensation fund – to account for the costs of providing a workers' compensation program for the payment of workers' compensation claims.

Insurance fund – to account for the costs of providing a self-insured program for the payment of general liability claims.

Utilities Administration fund – to account for the costs of providing utility services used by other departments.

	Other Internal Services		Workers'	Insurance	Utilities Administration		Total
ASSETS			•				
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 67,524	\$	338,771	\$ 24,260	\$ 59,508	\$	490,063
Accounts receivable, net	133,936		-		4,804	Ŧ	138,740
Accrued interest	1,272		8,168	507	1,427		11,374
Prepaid expenses	2,967		50,316	2,358,427	1,951		2,413,661
Investments	1,300,317		6,597,059	472,422	1,158,828		9,528,626
Due from component units	88	;	-	-	-		88
Due from other governments	-	-	9,157	-	-		9,157
Due from other funds	92,556	i	9,157	-	9,835		111,548
Total current assets	1,598,660)	7,012,628	2,855,616	1,236,353		12,703,257
Noncurrent assets							
Capital assets							
Construction in progress	-	-	-	-	8,678		8,678
Buildings	181,542		-	-	335,157		516,699
Improvements	222,946		-	-	-		222,946
Furniture and equipment	495,482		47,067	40,177	501,769		1,084,495
Less: accumulated depreciation	(566,424		(9,020)	(38,714)	(491,373)		(1,105,531)
Total noncurrent assets	333,546	,	38,047	1,463	354,231		727,287
Total assets	1,932,206	i	7,050,675	2,857,079	1,590,584		13,430,544
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES	0.604		1.010	501	7.450		10.650
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	9,686		1,012	501	7,459		18,658
Deferred outflows related to pension	250,707		33,770	27,125	249,495		561,097
Total deferred outflows of resources	260,393		34,782	27,626	256,954		579,755
LIABILITIES	200,575		51,762	27,020	230,731		517,155
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable and							
accrued liabilities	256,991		41,460	296,288	76,375		671,114
Accrued interest payable	230,991		41,400	290,288	70,373		267
Accrued compensated absences	46,933		10,904	5,379	41,522		104,738
Due to other funds	776,328		1,233,751	1,141,442	200,588		3,352,109
Capital leases payable	5,677		1,233,731	625	3,919		
Estimated liability for	5,077		1,235	025	3,919		11,454
self insured losses, current			1,081,419				1,081,419
Total current liabilities	1,086,174		2,368,774	1,443,741	322,412		5,221,101
Total current habilities	1,000,174	•	2,508,774	1,443,741	322,412		3,221,101
Noncurrent liabilities							
Capital leases payable	7,479)	2,174	1,419	2,351		13,423
Estimated liability for							
self insured losses	-	-	3,218,581	-	-		3,218,581
Accrued compensated absences	85,389		16,495	6,659	71,952		180,495
Other postemployment benefits	103,453		3,721	2,707	40,971		150,852
Net pension liability	892,381		184,608	116,046	1,010,840		2,203,875
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,088,702		3,425,579	126,831	1,126,114		5,767,226
Total liabilities	2,174,876)	5,794,353	1,570,572	1,448,526		10,988,327
DEFERRED INFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows related to pension	183,295		(2,943)	33,380	(34,696)		179,036
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	188,123		20,892	7,571	119,624		336,210
Total deferred inflows	271 410		17.040	40.051	04.000		515 044
of resources	371,418	•	17,949	40,951	84,928		515,246
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	320,390		34,640	(581)	347,961		702,410
Unrestricted	(674,085)	1,238,515	1,273,763	(33,877)		1,804,316
Total net position	\$ (353,695) \$	1,273,155	\$ 1,273,182	\$ 314,084	\$	2,506,726

Bay County, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Ot	her Internal		Workers'				Utilities		
		Services	Co	ompensation		Insurance	Ad	ministration		Total
OPERATING REVENUES										
Charges for services	\$	5,494,967	\$	945,608	\$	4,000,002	\$	2,211,741	\$	12,652,318
Miscellaneous	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,026,436	Ψ	-,000,002	Ψ	- 2,211,741	Ψ	1,026,436
Total operating revenues		5,494,967		1,972,044		4,000,002		2,211,741		13,678,754
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Personal services		1,569,917		270,737		170,350		1,554,078		3,565,082
Contracted services		33,764		37,652		10,156		328,564		410,136
Repairs and maintenance		831,688		70		-		3,793		835,551
Utilities		375,021		-		-		19,729		394,750
Depreciation		76,823		3,257		924		62,369		143,373
Materials		2,740,321		-		-		-		2,740,321
Insurance claims		-		2,038,782		-		-		2,038,782
Other operating expenses		313,757		32,933		4,054,634		277,005		4,678,329
Total operating expenses		5,941,291		2,383,431		4,236,064		2,245,538		14,806,324
Operating income (loss)		(446,324)		(411,387)		(236,062)		(33,797)		(1,127,570)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Intergovernmental revenues-grants		1,131		-		-		-		1,131
Interest and fiscal charges		(2,899)		(102)		-		(706)		(3,707)
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		6,745		-		-		-		6,745
Investment earnings (loss)		(5,747)		(56,728)		(1,258)		(6,867)		(70,600)
Total nonoperation revenues (expenses)		(770)		(56,830)		(1,258)		(7,573)		(66,431)
Net income (loss)		(447,094)		(468,217)		(237,320)		(41,370)		(1,194,001)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES										
Capital contributions		54,958		-		-		-		54,958
Transfers in		23,756		-		-		-		23,756
Total other financing sources		78,714		-		-		-		78,714
Change in net position		(368,380)		(468,217)		(237,320)		(41,370)		(1,115,287)
Total net position- beginning		14,685		1,741,372		1,510,502		355,454		3,622,013
Total net position - ending	\$	(353,695)	\$	1,273,155	\$	1,273,182	\$	314,084	\$	2,506,726

	Other Internal Services		Workers' Compensation			Insurance		Utilities Administration		Total
		Bervices	00	mpensation		insurance	710	ministrution		Totul
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIV	ITIE	S								
Cash received from										
customers and others	\$	5,525,597	\$	1,014,412	\$	4,000,000	\$	2,214,427	\$	12,754,436
Cash received from										
miscellaneous operating activities		-		1,026,436		-		-		1,026,436
Cash paid to suppliers for										
goods and services		(3,616,000)		(1,737,548)		(4,396,558)		(595,734)	(10,345,840)
Cash paid to employees for services		(1,480,753)		(296,548)		(172,706)		(1,520,521)		(3,470,528)
Net cash provided by (used in)										
operating activities		428,844		6,752		(569,264)		98,172		(35,496)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINAL	NCIN	G ACTIVITI	ES							
Transfers in		23,756		-		-		-		23,756
Contributions received		1,131		-		-		-		1,131
Net cash provided by (used in)		-,								-,
noncapital financing activities		24,887		-		-		-		24,887
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELA FINANCING ACTIVITIES	ATEE									
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		6,745		-		-		-		6,745
Principal paid on long-term debt		(3,727)		(1,372)		(727)		(5,438)		(11,264)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(3,256)		(128)		-		(727)		(4,111)
Purchase of capital assets		-		(33,679)		-		(5,501)		(39,180)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital										
and related financing activities		(238)		(35,179)		(727)		(11,666)		(47,810)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVI	TIES									
Proceeds from sale and maturities										
of investment securities		942,444		8,357,466		1,452,843		1,326,596		12,079,349
Purchase of investments		(1,393,657)		(8,483,776)		(946,495)		(1,433,355)	(12,257,283)
Interest and dividends on investments		4,043		33,031		18,041		5,064	,	60,179
Net cash provided by (used in)		,		,		*		,		,
investing activities		(447,170)		(93,279)		524,389		(101,695)		(117,755)
Net increase (decrease) in										
cash and cash equivalents		6,323		(121,706)		(45,602)		(15,189)		(176,174)
cush and cush equivalents		0,525		(121,700)		(43,002)		(15,10))		(170,174)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		61,201		460,477		69,862		74,697		666,237
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	67,524	\$	338,771	\$	24,260	\$	59,508	\$	490,063
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND										
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	¢	0.155	¢		¢		¢		¢	0.155
Assets acquired via capital lease	\$	3,155	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,155
Assets acquired via capital contributions	\$	54,958	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	54,958

Continued

		her Internal Services	Workers'	Utilities Insurance Administration			Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING IN CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING A	сом	E TO NET	 mpensation	 insurance	Au		Total
Operating income	\$	(446,324)	\$ (411,387)	\$ (236,062)	\$	(33,797)	\$ (1,127,570
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to							
net cash provided by operating activities							
Depreciation		76,823	3,257	924		62,369	143,373
(Increase) decrease in assets							
Accounts receivable, net		22,857	77,961	-		1,044	101,862
Prepaid expenses		-	-	(296,373)		2,060	(294,313
Due from other funds		7,775	(9,157)	-		1,642	260
Due from other governments		23	(9,157)	-		-	(9,134
Due from component unit		(25)	-	-		-	(25
Increase (decrease) in liabilities		(20)					(
Accounts payable and							
accrued liabilities		98,120	30,974	33,083		8,040	170,21
Deferred revenue			50,774			0,040	170,21
Accrued compensated absences		6.316	7,119	73		(1,981)	11,52
Due to other funds		580,431	530,833	(68,480)		23,257	1,066,04
Other postemployment benefits		8,964	746	728		8,207	1,000,04
Net pension liability		791,172	184,608	116,046		824,600	1,916,42
Estimated liability for		., .,	,				-,, -
self insured losses		-	(180,761)	-		-	(180,76
Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows:			(, ,				(
related to net pension		(85,582)	(26,531)	(14,409)		(95,557)	(222,07
related to OPEB		(4,641)	(386)	(377)		(4,249)	(9,65
Decrease (increase) in deferred inflows							
related to OPEB		(13,372)	(1,113)	(1,085)		(12,243)	(27,81
related to net pension		(613,693)	 (190,254)	(103,332)		(685,220)	(1,592,49
Fotal adjustments		875,168	418,139	(333,202)		131,969	1,092,074
Net cash provided by (used in)							
operating activities	\$	428,844	\$ 6,752	\$ (569,264)	\$	98,172	\$ (35,490

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Fines and Forfeitures – to account for funds collected and disbursed pursuant to statutes, administrative orders and ordinances.

Jury and Witness – to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds to jurors and witnesses on behalf of county and state agencies.

Tax Deed Assets – to account for the collections and disbursements related to property foreclosures.

Support – to account for the collection of child support payments, which are disbursed to the State Depository Unit (SDU).

Court Registry – to account for the collection and disbursement of deposits required by circuit and county court legal actions.

Cash Bond – to account for funds received from defendants of criminal and civil arrests required to assure that the defendant would meet the requirement to appear in court. Disposition of these bond funds is made as ordered by the court.

Restitution – to account for the collections and disbursements related to court ordered restitution.

Property Tax - to account for the assets held by the Tax Collector as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governments.

Tag – to account for the receipt and distribution of collections such as vehicle tags, titles, sales tax and registration fees on behalf of various state agencies.

Other Suspense – to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds received from various sources such as purges from child support, transportation restitution, miscellaneous contracts, proceeds from court ordered sale of abandoned property, etc. Disbursement of these funds is made in accordance with the purpose of the receipt.

Forfeitures – to account for the assets held by the Bay County Sheriff's Office as an agent for individuals until court proceedings are finalized.

Sheriff's Fees – to account for the fees charged by the Bay County Sheriff's Office for the service of process in civil cases.

Search & Rescue – to account for fees collected and expenses incurred for Search & Rescue training programs as an agent for individuals teaching the program.

Crime Scene – to account for cash collected during crime scenes, not considered evidence, as an agent for individuals until investigation is finalized.

				Cust	odial Funds					
	Fines and Forfeitures	ury and Witness	Tax Deed	S	Support	Court Registry		Cash Bond	R	estitution
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net	\$ 6,874,799 -	\$ 28,501	\$ 621,629	\$	31,044	\$ 1,741,735	\$ 2	2,262,744	\$	120,616
Total assets	\$ 6,874,799	\$ 28,501	\$ 621,629	\$	31,044	\$ 1,741,735	\$ 2	2,262,744	\$	120,616
LIABILITIES Deposits Due to others	\$- 20.993	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- 5,925	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- 32,209
Due to other governments	2,484,066	2,310	9,899		25,119	103,154		25,975		88,407
Total liabilities	\$ 2,505,059	\$ 2,310	\$ 9,899	\$	31,044	\$ 103,154	\$	25,975	\$	120,616
NET POSITION Restricted										
Held for others	\$ 4,369,740	\$ 26,191	\$ 611,730	\$	-	\$ 1,638,581	\$ 2	2,236,769	\$	-
Total net position	\$ 4,369,740	\$ 26,191	\$ 611,730	\$	-	\$ 1,638,581	\$ 2	2,236,769	\$	-

Bay County, Florida Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds												
Property Tax		Tag	Other Suspense Forfeiture			Forfeiture	Sheriff's Search & Fees Rescue					Crime Scene	Total
\$ 2,670,258	\$	595,509 61	\$	9,940 -	\$	611,226	\$	18,456 -	\$	25,619	\$	101,049 -	\$15,713,125 61
\$ 2,670,258	\$	595,570	\$	9,940	\$	611,226	\$	18,456	\$	25,619	\$	101,049	\$15,713,186
\$ 2,102,452 387,093 180,713	\$	- 595,570 -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- - 18,456	\$	25,619	\$	- -	\$ 2,102,452 1,041,790 2,963,718
\$ 2,670,258	\$	595,570	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,456	\$	25,619	\$	-	\$ 6,107,960
<u>\$</u> -	\$	-	\$	9,940	\$	611,226	\$	_	\$	-	\$	101,049	\$ 9,605,226
\$ -	\$	-	\$	9,940	\$	611,226	\$	-	\$	-	\$	101,049	\$ 9,605,226

			Custod	lial Funds		
	Fines and Forfeitures	Jury and Witness	Tax Deed	Support	Court Registry	Cash Bond
Additions						
Funds held for others	\$71,964,127	\$ -	\$ 1,478,165	\$ 1,229,750	\$ 12,284,344	\$ 2,819,798
Court costs	-	1,050	-	-	-	-
Property taxes collected for other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Seizures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds, purges, and levies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total additions	71,964,127	1,050	1,478,165	1,229,750	12,284,344	2,819,798
Deductions						
Funds held for others	71,029,358	-	2,070,573	1,229,750	12,903,709	1,705,645
Court costs	-	25,546	-	-	-	-
Property taxes distributed to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Seizures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds, purges, and levies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total deductions	71,029,358	25,546	2,070,573	1,229,750	12,903,709	1,705,645
Changes in Net Position	934,769	(24,496)	(592,408)	-	(619,365)	1,114,153
Net position - beginning of year	3,434,971	50,687	1,204,138	-	2,257,946	1,122,616
Net position - end of year	\$ 4,369,740	\$ 26,191	\$ 611,730	\$ -	\$ 1,638,581	\$ 2,236,769

Bay County, Florida Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year ended September 30, 2022

				Custodial Funds				
Restitution	Property Tax	Tag	Other Suspense	Forfeiture	Sheriff's Fees	Search & Rescue	Crime Scene	Total
\$ 637,400	\$ -	\$ 29,376,899	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 190,020	\$ 16,291	\$ -	\$ 119,996,794
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,050
-	269,866,564	-	-	-	-	-	-	269,866,564
-	-	-	-	195,023	-	-	18,672	213,695
-	-	-	98,417	-	-	-	-	98,417
637,400	269,866,564	29,376,899	98,417	195,023	190,020	16,291	18,672	390,176,520
637,400	-	29,376,899	-	-	190,020	16,291	-	119,159,645
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,546
-	269,866,564	-	-	-	-	-	-	269,866,564
-	-	-	-	154,359	-	-	53,671	208,030
-	-	-	92,468	-	-	-	-	92,468
637,400	269,866,564	29,376,899	92,468	154,359	190,020	16,291	53,671	389,352,253
-	-	-	5,949	40,664	-	-	(34,999)	824,267
-	-	-	3,991	570,562	-	-	136,048	8,780,959
\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ 9,940	\$ 611,226	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 101,049	\$ 9,605,226

Page

This part of Bay County's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

	U
FINANCIAL TRENDS	C-2
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
REVENUE CAPACITY	C-12
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	
DEBT CAPACITY	C-18
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION	C-27
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
OPERATING INFORMATION	C-30
These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the county's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

		Fiscal	l Ye	ar	
	 <u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 159,938,052	\$ 171,575,742	\$	170,031,683	\$ 174,625,157
Restricted	65,276,675	68,225,355		64,930,455	62,482,780
Unrestricted	 10,127,270	 (11,964,402)		(48,500,836)	 (39,893,820)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 235,341,997	\$ 227,836,695	\$	186,461,302	\$ 197,214,117
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 69,321,153	\$ 77,905,570	\$	85,630,990	\$ 77,098,606
Restricted	11,160,273	12,794,516		14,775,326	16,126,502
Unrestricted	 34,693,980	 35,598,707		25,641,282	 28,101,073
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 115,175,406	\$ 126,298,793	\$	126,047,598	\$ 121,326,181
Primary Government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 229,259,205	\$ 249,481,312	\$	255,662,673	\$ 251,723,763
Restricted	76,436,948	81,019,871		79,705,781	78,609,282
Unrestricted	 44,821,250	 23,634,305		(22,859,554)	 (11,792,747)
Total primary government net position	\$ 350,517,403	\$ 354,135,488	\$	312,508,900	\$ 318,540,298

Bay County, Florida Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Schedule 1

		Fiscal	Ye	ar		
<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
\$ 185,942,825 52,028,548	\$ 197,386,933 89,936,688	\$ 193,766,314 75,496,876	\$	236,648,268 77,167,310	\$ 120,938,759 174,469,887	\$ 108,094,420 199,054,853
\$ (37,426,236) 200,545,137	\$ (69,050,293) 218,273,328	\$ (63,690,229) 205,572,961	\$	(56,254,053) 257,561,525	\$ (26,191,204) 269,217,442	\$ (19,082,548) 288,066,725
\$ 76,389,185 14,690,995 30,278,469	\$ 76,550,659 16,031,428 27,227,589	\$ 70,196,300 18,132,682 22,925,271	\$	94,423,482 19,762,480 23,097,094	\$ 85,408,521 23,506,603 42,687,082	\$ 52,582,324 25,306,873 45,069,252
\$ 121,358,649	\$ 119,809,676	\$ 111,254,253	\$	137,283,056	\$ 151,602,206	\$ 122,958,449
\$ 262,332,010 66,719,543 (7,147,767)	\$ 273,937,592 105,968,116 (41,822,704)	\$ 263,962,614 93,629,558 (40,764,958)	\$	331,071,750 96,929,790 (33,156,959)	\$ 206,347,280 197,976,490 16,495,878	\$ 160,676,744 224,361,726 25,986,704
\$ 321,903,786	\$ 338,083,004	\$ 316,827,214	\$	394,844,581	\$ 420,819,648	\$ 411,025,174

			Fisca		
		2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$	40,761,101	\$ 39,201,075	\$ 39,149,936	\$ 47,032,293
Public safety		36,924,438	38,289,031	40,034,847	41,041,309
Physical environment		337,498	1,659,241	859,398	734,092
Transportation		21,028,210	24,938,922	28,918,058	25,079,518
Economic environment		26,608,771	22,137,297	31,517,039	25,070,779
Human services		5,045,532	5,272,176	5,774,723	6,280,176
Culture/recreation		5,523,037	5,608,860	5,944,644	6,428,430
Interest on long-term debt		3,593,361	 3,593,220	 3,315,923	 3,096,600
Total governmental activities expenses		139,821,948	 140,699,822	 155,514,568	 154,763,197
Business-type activities:					
Wholesale water system		11,412,183	11,942,948	12,258,486	18,861,132
Retail water and wastewater		11,013,285	11,153,219	10,572,655	11,834,678
Industrial wastewater		1,611,176	-	-	-
Solid waste fund		15,225,489	16,283,995	21,281,558	18,820,367
Building services		1,118,630	1,283,093	1,388,854	1,418,602
Emergency medical services		116,886	 6,936,224	 6,605,406	 7,534,405
Total business-type activities expenses		40,497,649	47,599,479	52,106,959	58,469,184
Total primary government expenses	\$	180,319,597	\$ 188,299,301	\$ 207,621,527	\$ 213,232,381
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
General government	\$	14,846,161	\$ 15,126,991	\$ 14,937,260	\$ 15,185,508
Public safety		1,153,326	1,121,128	1,118,265	1,105,411
Physical environment		36,980	44,827	204,132	52,747
Transportation		2,037,167	2,346,351	2,769,342	3,961,322
Economic Environment		-	-	-	-
Human services		-	500	670	740
Culture and recreation		669,447	682,133	644,267	681,635
Operating grants and contributions		6,094,392	6,337,973	7,955,071	7,067,621
Capital grants and contributions		3,067,383	9,439,100	10,653,053	12,615,670
Total governmental activities program revenue		27,904,856	35,099,003	38,282,060	40,670,654
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:					
Water system revenue		16,038,992	15,816,100	16,456,994	16,541,878
5		16,038,992 7,187,654	15,816,100 8,620,964	16,456,994 10,521,926	16,541,878 11,439,766
Water system revenue			, ,		
Water system revenue Retail water and wastewater		7,187,654	, ,		
Water system revenue Retail water and wastewater Industrial wastewater		7,187,654 959,148	8,620,964	10,521,926	11,439,766
Water system revenue Retail water and wastewater Industrial wastewater Solid waste fund		7,187,654 959,148 11,816,503	8,620,964 - 13,203,200	10,521,926	11,439,766 - 12,329,777 996,913
Water system revenue Retail water and wastewater Industrial wastewater Solid waste fund Building services		7,187,654 959,148 11,816,503 909,443	8,620,964 - 13,203,200 1,231,381	10,521,926 - 11,127,783 1,009,679	11,439,766 - 12,329,777
Water system revenue Retail water and wastewater Industrial wastewater Solid waste fund Building services Emergency medical services		7,187,654 959,148 11,816,503 909,443	8,620,964 - 13,203,200 1,231,381 6,822,477	10,521,926 - 11,127,783 1,009,679 6,869,420	11,439,766 - 12,329,777 996,913 6,545,020
Water system revenue Retail water and wastewater Industrial wastewater Solid waste fund Building services Emergency medical services Operating grants and contributions	_	7,187,654 959,148 11,816,503 909,443	 8,620,964 - 13,203,200 1,231,381 6,822,477 1,759,674	 10,521,926 	 11,439,766 - 12,329,777 996,913 6,545,020 476,979

Bay County, Florida Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Schedule 2

					Fi	scal	Year				
	2017		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>		2022
¢	52 467 722	¢	40 502 172	¢	79,094,742	¢	(1.107.201	¢	CO 210 400	¢	64 000 176
\$	52,467,733	\$	48,503,172	\$	78,986,762	\$	61,187,391	\$	60,318,488	\$	64,293,176
	43,679,953		48,589,600		60,835,929		64,341,274		63,386,157		77,704,743
	894,857		1,321,473		55,390,912		2,866,863		7,337,452		1,941,335
	34,898,777		37,826,331		39,136,958		54,852,605		45,958,641		48,600,739
	22,692,937		25,346,097		30,229,959		25,407,109		35,212,367		38,180,350
	6,506,744		6,795,314		10,701,839		9,550,736		9,999,680		17,061,983
	8,242,201		7,721,631		8,029,123		16,520,956		7,540,895		7,654,642
	3,001,553		3,883,725		5,169,215		5,341,928		4,192,989	_	3,627,191
	172,384,755		179,987,343		288,480,697		240,068,862	_	233,946,669	_	259,064,159
	15,169,886		17,679,973		17,259,688		14,902,015		16,575,079		17,909,903
	11,965,300		12,362,477		12,398,623		12,586,365		13,035,165		13,228,101
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	17,118,847		18,611,836		161,271,639		33,209,638		15,111,930		10,187,092
	1,729,303		1,721,266		2,542,238		2,145,009		2,388,445		2,660,784
	8,341,115		7,503,778		8,985,778		9,783,291		-		-
	54,324,451		57,879,330		202,457,966		72,626,318		47,110,619		43,985,880
\$	226,709,206	\$	237,866,673	\$	490,938,663	\$	312,695,180	\$	281,057,288	\$	303,050,039

\$	15,874,222	\$	16,862,500	\$	17,658,780	\$	17,526,143	\$	24,064,424	\$	22,981,708
φ	1,131,986	Ψ	1,111,888	Ψ	2,385,314	Ψ	3,009,865	Ψ	3,942,395	Ψ	8,523,926
	54,853		53,480		51,765		53,466		54,060		50,388
	3,838,239		4,416,377		3,718,393		6,544,563		4,329,649		5,548,401
	5,050,257		1,110,577		174,509		1,344,272		2,055,762		2,436,247
	34,055		885		780		700		1,050		10,360,620
	,						967,009		,		10,500,020
	732,517		790,868		748,323		,		563,441		-
	8,241,334		6,549,827		64,469,343		80,462,659		34,183,855		33,301,062
	6,904,530		18,508,077		14,473,955		15,347,227		3,801,596		5,486,406
	36,811,736		48,293,902		103,681,162		125,255,904		72,996,232.00		88,688,758.00
	16,175,074		16,368,156		16,590,875		16,908,666		16,838,892		17,659,999
	12,516,809		12,325,470		11,851,146		12,958,573		13,561,300		13,600,686
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	13,305,785		13,748,203		26,744,257		14,975,174		11,376,795		9,187,266
	1,122,403		1,577,734		3,392,383		3,600,931		3,938,803		3,609,995
	6,585,072		6,391,539		4,830,323		3,940,583		-		-
	150,000		203,482		126,015,464		33,034,028		341,186		25,927
	2,351,683		1,761,121		2,372,524		2,845,817	_	4,444,947		4,475,020
	52,206,826		52,375,705		191,796,972		88,263,772		50,501,923	_	48,558,893
\$	89,018,562	\$	100,669,607	\$	295,478,134	\$	213,519,676	\$	123,498,155	\$	137,247,651

Continued

				Fiscal	Ye	ar		
		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		2016
Net (Expense) Revenue								
Governmental activities	\$	(111,917,092)	\$	(105,600,819)	\$	(117,232,508)	\$	(114,092,543)
Business-type activities		(2,597,304)		592,549		(1,064,179)		(8,934,218)
Total primary government net expenses		(114,514,396)		(105,008,270)		(118,296,687)		(123,026,761)
General Revenue and Other Changes in Net Position								
Governmental activities:								
Taxes								
Property taxes		54,779,271		55,438,164		72,337,961		74,587,688
Sales taxes		35,163,910		37,248,717		41,461,764		42,572,741
State shared revenues		3,413,917		3,607,298		3,916,783		4,034,294
Investment earnings		501,906		142,401		843,450		716,243
Miscellaneous		17,279,394		2,816,892		2,157,506		2,934,392
Transfers		2,112,073		-		27,680		-
Total governmental activities		113,250,471		99,253,472		120,745,144		124,845,358
Business-type activities:								
Sales tax		2,100		3,000		2,500		2,000
State shared revenues		-		-		-		-
Investment earnings		1,673,405		1,613,968		1,556,455		1,416,516
Miscellaneous		9,195,260		9,920,373		5,415,800		3,327,188
Transfers		(2,112,073)		-		(27,680)		-
Total business-type activities		8,758,692		11,537,341		6,947,075		4,745,704
Total primary government	\$	122,009,163	\$	110,790,813	\$	127,692,219	\$	129,591,062
Change in Net Position, before extraordinary item								
Governmental activities	\$	1,333,379	\$	(6,347,347)	\$	3,512,636	\$	10,752,815
Business-type activities	Ψ	6,161,388	Ψ	12,129,890	Ψ	5,882,896	Ψ	(4,188,514)
Total primary government, before extraordinary item	\$	7,494,767	\$	5,782,543	\$	9,395,532	\$	6,564,301
rotal primary government, before extraorumary tem	φ	7,494,707	φ	3,782,343	φ	9,393,332	φ	0,304,301
Extraordinary item	¢		¢		¢		¢	
Governemntal activities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Business-type activities		-		-				-
Total extraordinary item	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Change in Net Position, after extraordinary item								
Governmental activities		1,333,379		(6,347,347)		3,512,636		10,752,815
Business-type activities		6,161,388		12,129,890		5,882,896		(4,188,514)
Total primary government, after extraordinary item	\$	7,494,767	\$	5,782,543	\$	9,395,532	\$	6,564,301

Bay County, Florida Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Schedule 2

					Fiscal	Ye	ar				
	<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>		2022
\$	(135,573,019) (2,117,625)	\$	(131,693,441) (5,503,625)	\$	(184,799,535) (10,660,994)	\$	(114,812,958) 15,637,454	\$	(160,950,437) 3,391,304	\$	(170,375,401) 4,573,013
_	(137,690,644)		(137,197,066)		(195,460,529)		(99,175,504)	_	(157,559,133)		(165,802,388)
	77,143,203		76,315,124		83,829,900		78,486,505		85,706,636		95,141,991
	54,634,864		60,723,275		66,131,285		59,458,898		84,964,163		89,556,226
	4,234,003		4,446,400		4,650,451		4,347,686		5,118,893		6,575,457
	907,602		1,708,726		3,894,275		3,380,139		520,522		(2,614,316)
	1,984,367		2,185,037		24,196,176		25,280,329		6,197,675		3,302,763
	-		(2,143,650)		(2,689,977)		(4,152,035)		(6,070,901)		(3,040,888)
	138,904,039		143,234,912		180,012,110		166,801,522		176,436,988		188,921,233
	1,700		1,700		1,200		1,503		1,100		2,700
	-		1,668,127		4,299,425		2,647,998		468,836		16,207
	1,687,573		697,981		954,242		3,589,813		528,790		554,468
	460,820		2,143,650		2,689,977		4,152,035		6,070,901		3,040,888
	2,150,093		4,511,458		7,944,844		10,391,349		7,069,627		3,614,263
\$	141,054,132	\$	147,746,370	\$	187,956,954	\$	177,192,871	\$	183,506,615	\$	192,535,496
\$	3,331,020	\$	11,541,471	\$	(4,787,425)	\$	51,988,564	\$	15,486,551	\$	18,574,767
	32,468		(992,167)		(2,716,150)		26,028,803		10,460,931		8,187,276
\$	3,363,488	\$	10,549,304	\$	(7,503,575)	\$	78,017,367	\$	25,947,482	\$	26,762,043
\$	-	\$	-	\$	(11,537,225)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-	-	-	-	-	(5,839,273)	-	-	-	-	-	(36,831,033)
\$	-	\$	<u> </u>	\$	(17,376,498)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	(36,831,033)
	3,331,020		11,541,471		(16,324,650)		51,988,564		15,486,551		18,574,767
	32,468		(992,167)		(8,555,423)		26,028,803		10,460,931		(28,643,757)
\$	3,363,488	\$	10,549,304	\$	(24,880,073)	\$	78,017,367	\$	25,947,482	\$	(10,068,990)
<u> </u>	-,	Ŧ		<u> </u>	(= 1)000()010)	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	(==)===;

	Fiscal Year									
		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		
General Fund										
Reserved	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Unreserved		-		-		-		-		
Nonspendable	\$	334,272	\$	202,696	\$	225,262	\$	1,611,560		
Restricted		26,443,120		25,007,377		21,698,079		11,788,083		
Assigned		8,064,058		2,333,790		3,890,036		3,586,221		
Unassigned		9,241,995		10,653,467		10,538,830		13,084,012		
Total general fund	\$	44,083,445	\$	38,197,330	\$	36,352,207	\$	30,069,876		
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Unreserved:										
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		-		
Nonspendable	\$	672,881	\$	125,156	\$	112,387	\$	712,143		
Restricted		39,364,522		42,671,978		43,259,246		50,694,697		
Assigned		6,589,298		5,448,333		6,893,278		8,435,005		
Unassigned		-		-		(20,587)		(581,660)		
Total all other governmental funds	\$	46,626,701	\$	48,245,467	\$	50,244,324	\$	59,260,185		

Note: With the implementation of GASB 54 in Fiscal Year 2011, fund balance classifications are not comparable to prior years' classifications.

Bay County, Florida Fund Balance, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Schedule 3

					Fiscal	l Ye	ear					
<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>			<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
\$	- 1,451,579 11,861,948 3,383,981 13,969,729	\$	- 1,311,571 11,414,198 2,030,176 11,823,770	\$	1,249,322 15,003,479 5,472,669 8,252,362	\$	- 194,560 12,612,735 2,233,168 22,681,796	\$	- 383,806 8,482,195 8,848,122 46,840,719	\$	2,468,393 21,237,450 9,398,381 40,834,470	
\$	30,667,237	\$	26,579,715	\$	29,977,832	\$	37,722,259	\$	64,554,842	\$	73,938,694	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		
•	-	¢	-	•	-	¢	-	¢	-	¢		
\$	860,173 40,166,602 17,303,832	\$	616,207 78,522,490 20,029,225	\$	722,876 70,033,326 44,260,717	\$	1,169,214 73,375,273 72,824,177	\$	609,230 187,963,286 32,141,013	\$	22,086,064 193,596,462 11,410,382	
\$	- 58,330,607	\$	99,167,922	\$	<u>-</u> 115,016,919	\$	<u>-</u> 147,368,664	\$	220,713,529	\$	227,092,908	

			Fiscal	l Ye	ar	
		<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	76,104,051	\$ 77,988,344	\$	98,305,773	\$ 100,785,637
Licenses and permits		1,875	1,190		2,130	460
Intergovernmental revenue		26,324,579	34,376,446		38,527,525	37,529,977
Charges for services		18,561,382	19,031,979		19,219,347	19,562,691
Fines and forfeitures		67,026	223,463		170,018	331,800
Special assessments		75,164	57,233		281,876	52,747
Investment earnings		508,724	160,594		830,159	747,971
Contributions and donations		544,633	214,295		443,476	1,407,714
Miscellaneous		16,369,418	 1,477,872		900,547	 1,364,082
Total revenues		138,556,852	 133,531,416		158,680,851	 161,783,079
Expenditures						
General government		19,409,615	18,945,602		20,932,005	21,162,373
Public safety		49,291,837	56,483,530		59,748,975	61,838,320
Physical environment		767,718	1,338,866		466,235	375,620
Transportation		13,875,623	14,272,182		14,006,805	12,949,706
Economic environment		25,780,421	21,333,649		33,353,190	24,411,239
Human services		4,911,590	5,138,392		5,639,354	6,151,154
Culture and recreation		4,179,973	4,294,971		4,532,509	4,957,231
Capital Outlay		9,977,603	10,796,658		15,395,555	21,074,039
Debt service			-,		- , ,	,,
Principal retirement		2,437,123	2,596,381		2,762,184	4,178,784
Interest and fiscal charges		3,571,506	3,574,117		2,967,116	3,190,413
Bond issuance costs		83,306	5,574,117		2,907,110	5,190,415
Total expenditures		134,286,315	 138,774,348		159,803,928	 160,288,879
Total expenditures		134,280,315	 130,774,340		139,803,928	 100,288,879
Excess of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		4,270,537	 (5,242,932)		(1,123,077)	 1,494,200
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers in		3,706,362	2,712,974		3,770,224	3,253,337
Operating transfers out		(1,644,186)	(2,712,974)		(3,742,544)	(3,253,337)
Debt issuance		13,753,519	832,077		41,254,325	791,395
Premium on bonds issued		-	-		-	-
Reversion to State of Florida		-	-		-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(458)	-		(40,125,166)	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		1,357,525	143,506		119,972	447,935
Total other financing sources (uses)		17,172,762	 975,583		1,276,811	 1,239,330
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	21,443,299	\$ (4,267,349)	\$	153,734	\$ 2,733,530
Debt service as a percentage of						
noncapital expenditures		4.83%	4.82%		3.97%	5.29%

Note: 2005 - 2011, Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures has been adjusted to included only principal and interest; issuance costs are excluded.

Bay County, Florida Changes in Fund Balance, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Schedule 4

		Fiscal	l Year		
<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
\$ 115,035,942	\$ 120,024,081	\$ 130,750,695	\$ 120,088,645	\$ 148,505,828	\$ 160,768,688
1,095	2,815	2,770	2,555	4,509	4,468
36,791,038	46,171,944	87,368,951	117,601,549	63,089,558	68,867,428
20,742,328	21,586,101	22,551,494	24,385,992	31,569,799	33,635,093
225,728	313,645	279,904	315,735	626,258	652,846
54,853	55,182	51,765	53,466	54,060	10,259,673
926,264	1,670,988	3,739,452	3,239,224	417,574	(2,545,028)
567,619	1,687,661	11,548,389	1,060,865	1,366,222	7,543,441
607,936	909,244	5,791,674	7,226,898	6,398,218	5,547,830
174,952,803	192,421,661	262,085,094	273,974,929	252,032,026	284,734,439
22,295,589	23,258,808	46,193,805	38,332,102	33,518,621	35,041,079
63,049,920	65,883,500	78,295,705	80,538,734	87,094,376	88,977,682
523,899	813,413	54,532,108	2,624,906	6,821,055	1,357,424
24,007,106	25,649,626	26,832,825	39,257,688	39,305,491	40,437,074
22,020,464	24,377,905	29,224,121	24,667,792	33,969,821	35,962,596
6,427,087	6,728,281	10,605,163	9,450,103	9,904,220	17,065,777
5,740,804	5,897,373	6,049,738	7,813,714	6,108,051	7,457,642
27,821,652	33,364,368	55,975,171	39,916,217	28,745,233	38,804,955
3,504,228	3,745,186	9,812,355	57,941,060	59,609,306	11,876,314
2,706,371	2,847,826	4,916,810	5,464,380	4,023,799	3,871,823
	193,200	127,288	214,888	184,030	225,755
178,097,120	192,759,486	322,565,089	306,221,584	309,284,003	281,078,121
(3,144,317)	(337,825)	(60,479,995)	(32,246,655)	(57,251,977)	3,656,318
13,927,938	9,653,749	11,243,950	14,521,295	596,016,501	18,576,646
(13,961,758)	(11,797,399)	(13,016,907)	(15,784,957)	(506,507,917)	(18,578,595)
969,986	51,840,840	81,601,475	107,026,883	76,800,894	121,092,232
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
	(12,416,559)	-	(33,533,489)	(11,320,087)	(109,391,218)
1,875,934	4,097	108,407	113,095	108,509	274,041
2,812,100	37,284,728	79,936,925	72,342,827	155,097,900	11,973,106
<u>\$ (332,217)</u>	<u>\$ 36,946,903</u>	<u>\$ 19,456,930</u>	<u>\$ 40,096,172</u>	<u>\$ 97,845,923</u>	<u>\$ 15,629,424</u>
4.13%	4.14%	5.53%	23.81%	22.68%	6.50%

Bay County, Florida Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars) (Unaudited)

Schedule 5

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			11	
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Residential <u>Property</u>	Commercial <u>Property</u>	Personal <u>Property</u>	Industrial <u>Property</u>	Agricultural <u>Property</u>	Centrally Assessed <u>Property</u>	Other <u>Property</u>	Less: Tax-Exempt <u>Property</u>	Total Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>	Total Direct Tax	Estimated Actual Taxable <u>Value</u>	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of <u>Actual Taxable Value</u>
2013	12,335,675	2,223,664	2,042,849	290,308	63,468	29,326	2,545,867	(5,575,692)	13,955,465	4.8025	20,224,100	69.00%
2014	12,437,406	2,218,058	2,093,359	292,298	64,039	33,954	2,538,382	(5,472,317)	14,205,179	6.2300	20,432,796	69.52%
2015	12,735,501	2,234,753	2,145,365	285,470	70,806	32,318	2,504,227	(5,370,461)	14,637,979	6.2300	20,764,763	70.49%
2016	13,164,847	-	2,133,814	300,358	73,613	35,981	2,510,448	(5,350,906)	12,868,155	6.0162	21,100,218	60.99%
2017	13,636,538	2,314,981	2,033,207	311,657	73,419	40,068	2,525,566	(5,355,141)	15,580,295	6.0162	21,614,021	72.08%
2018	14,417,141	2,438,053	2,065,234	330,364	77,103	33,174	2,514,408	(5,442,458)	16,433,019	6.0162	22,559,006	72.84%
2019	13,966,283	2,308,862	2,133,588	302,229	73,396	30,723	2,349,302	(5,113,394)	16,050,989	6.0162	21,901,531	73.29%
2020	15,530,642	2,501,113	2,172,596	354,199	73,879	30,366	2,430,193	(5,557,924)	17,535,064	6.0162	24,032,126	72.97%
2021	17,609,665	2,766,318	2,253,285	403,010	74,883	33,105	2,557,306	(6,251,857)	19,445,715	6.0162	26,866,459	72.38%
2022	18,762,611	3,271,330	2,303,196	553,830	77,861	36,709	4,417,470	(6,911,118)	22,511,889	6.0162	33,698,770	66.80%

Source: Bay County Property Appraiser

Notes: Property in Bay County is reassessed once every five years on average.

Bay County, Florida Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Schedule 6

					Fiscal	Year				
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022
County Direct Rates:										
General	3.6500	4.6500	4.6500	4.6500	4.4362	4.4362	4.4362	4.4362	4.4362	4.4362
Mosquito Control	0.1525	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000
MSTU	1.0000	1.3800	1.3800	1.3800	1.3800	1.3800	1.3800	1.3800	1.3800	1.3800
Total Direct Rate	4.8025	6.2300	6.2300	6.2300	6.0162	6.0162	6.0162	6.0162	6.0162	6.0162
Municipalities:										
City of Panama City	3.8723	3.8570	3.9740	3.9740	3.9740	4.3500	5.5469	4.9999	4.8999	4.7999
Panama City Downtown										
Improvement Board	2.8918	2.8918	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000
City of Lynn Haven	3.0887	3.9000	3.9000	3.9000	3.9000	3.9000	3.9000	4.3000	4.1000	4.1000
City of Mexico Beach	5.0290	5.0290	4.9270	5.1840	5.3510	5.3270	8.0000	8.0000	7.0000	6.5000
City of Callaway	2.2500	2.2500	2.2500	2.2500	2.2500	1.9900	2.7500	2.7500	2.7500	2.7500
City of Springfield		3.3950	3.4650	3.4650	3.4650	3.4650	3.4650	3.4650	3.4650	4.4650
School Districts	6.7610	6.8890	6.9070	6.4750	6.3410	6.1220	5.9476	5.9860	5.8470	5.5040
Northwest Florida Water Management District	0.0400	0.0390	0.0378	0.0366	0.0353	0.0338	0.0327	0.0311	0.0294	0.0261
Special District: Beach Mosquito Control	0.2270	0.2230	0.2230	0.2955	0.4100	0.5450	0.5240	0.3500	0.3000	0.2200

Source: Bay County Property Appraiser

Bay County, Florida Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

Schedule 7

	Fiscal Y	ear 2022		Fiscal Y	Year 2013			
	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	 Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Value		
Florida Power & Light (formerly Gulf Power)	\$ 596,296,567	1	2.65%	\$ 482,198,315	1	3.46%		
St. Joe Land & Development	180,075,246	2	0.80%	134,295,753	2	0.96%		
D.R. Horton	99,910,505	3	0.44%	-	-	-		
Westrock-Stone Container	97,334,338	4	0.43%	-	-	-		
Hilton Companies	77,881,914	5	0.35%	35,846,670	10	0.26%		
Pier Park LLC	70,550,316	6	0.31%	66,739,612	4	0.48%		
Hospital Corp of America - Bay Medical	67,960,665	7	0.30%	120,273,646	3	0.86%		
Cardone Ashley Member LLC	65,563,524	8	0.29%	-	-	-		
Graybul Tyde, LLC	58,045,404	9	0.26%	-	-	-		
Retreat 360, LLC	56,899,644	10	0.25%	-	-	-		
RockTenn (Smurfit-Stone Container)	-	-	-	65,243,153	5	0.47%		
Laketown Wharf Marketing Corp	-	-	-	63,013,398	6	0.45%		
Arizona Chemical Company	-	-	-	44,565,265	7	0.32%		
Wyndham Vacation Resorts, Inc.	-	-	-	39,205,535	8	0.28%		
Wal-Mart Stores East, LLP	-	-	-	38,131,896	9	0.27%		
Total	\$ 1,370,518,123		6.09%	\$ 1,089,513,243		7.81%		

Total Taxable Assessed Value 2022	
Total Taxable Assessed Value 2013	

22,511,888,996 13,955,465,003

Source: Bay County Property Appraiser

Bay County, Florida Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Schedule 8

	Taxes Levied for the			Collected v Fiscal Year		Collections in	Total Collect	ions to Date
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year (Original Levy)	Adjustments	Total Adjusted Levy	Amount	Percentage of Original Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Original Levy
2013	56,856,057	93,429	56,949,486	54,644,204	96%	200,510	54,844,714	96%
2014	57,338,492	89,124	57,427,616	55,272,110	96%	280,550	55,552,660	97%
2015	73,675,856	109,040	73,784,896	72,179,783	98%	159,289	72,339,072	98%
2016	77,098,474	99,925	77,198,399	74,313,038	96%	274,648	74,587,686	97%
2017	79,638,490	105,969	79,744,459	76,887,098	97%	224,673	77,111,771	97%
2018	78,894,148	110,651	79,004,799	76,161,529	97%	123,930	76,285,459	97%
2019	83,051,734	121,991	83,173,725	80,192,782	97%	120,932	80,313,714	97%
2020	81,115,929	133,439	81,249,368	78,283,599	97%	146,094	78,429,693	97%
2021	88,659,798	126,086	88,785,884	85,597,905	97%	122,170	85,720,075	97%
2022	98,369,504	126,855	98,496,359	94,998,817	97%	95,028	95,093,845	97%

Source: Tax Collector's Office and Bay County Finance Office

State of Florida and Bay County Total Historical Half-Cent Sales Tax Distributions For Ten Year Period 2013-2022 (Unaudited)

Schedule 9

Fiscal Year Ending	al Distributions ities and Counties	Percentage Change	l Distributions ay County	Percentage Change
2013	\$ 1,572,856,674	11.26%	\$ 10,165,160	12.17%
2014	\$ 1,678,701,571	6.73%	\$ 10,963,389	7.85%
2015	\$ 1,790,139,397	6.64%	\$ 11,670,772	6.45%
2016	\$ 1,894,340,933	5.82%	\$ 12,302,015	5.41%
2017	\$ 1,961,298,703	3.53%	\$ 13,102,752	6.51%
2018	\$ 2,062,325,900	5.15%	\$ 13,274,001	1.31%
2019	\$ 2,149,374,051	4.22%	\$ 14,594,506	9.95%
2020	\$ 2,081,445,805	-3.16%	\$ 14,416,103	-1.22%
2021	\$ 2,157,660,588	3.66%	\$ 16,457,306	14.16%
2022	\$ 2,474,875,657	14.70%	\$ 17,867,287	8.57%

The following table shows the historical sales tax collection and their annual percentage increases (decreases) for the State of Florida and Bay County.

Source: Florida Department of Revenue

Schedule 10

Fiscal Year Ending	stributions The County	Percentage Of County to Total	stributions The Cities	Percentage Of Cities to Total
2013	\$ 10,165,160	59%	\$ 7,094,845	41%
2014	\$ 10,963,389	59%	\$ 7,614,034	41%
2015	\$ 11,670,772	59%	\$ 8,112,631	41%
2016	\$ 12,302,015	59%	\$ 8,568,946	41%
2017	\$ 13,102,752	59%	\$ 9,088,369	41%
2018	\$ 13,274,001	59%	\$ 9,327,080	41%
2019	\$ 14,594,506	59%	\$ 10,303,125	41%
2020	\$ 14,416,103	59%	\$ 10,151,298	41%
2021	\$ 16,457,306	59%	\$ 11,205,621	41%
2022	\$ 17,867,287	60%	\$ 12,154,828	40%

Fiscal Year 2013 - 2022 distribution of Sales Tax Revenues is represented in the following chart.

Source: Florida Department of Revenue

			Fiscal	l Ye	ar	8,849,178 \$ 45,864,991 765,740 983,547						
	 <u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>					
Governmental Activities												
Revenue bonds	\$ 91,312,541	\$	89,194,188	\$	48,849,178	\$	45,864,991					
Capital leases	91,869		232,427		765,740		983,547					
Notes payable	-		635,000		40,715,000		40,099,000					
Total Governmental Activities	 91,404,410		90,061,615		90,329,918		86,947,538					
Business-type Activities												
Revenue bonds	\$ 99,934,584	\$	90,552,459	\$	85,461,023	\$	83,298,094					
Capital leases	-		27,564		29,812		26,772					
Notes payable	 8,051,989		31,115,546		29,485,087		27,075,284					
Total Business-type Activities	 107,986,573		121,695,569		114,975,922		110,400,150					
Total Primary Government	\$ 199,390,983	<u>\$</u>	211,757,184	\$	205,305,840	\$	197,347,688					
Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income	3.1%		3.1%		2.8%		2.6%					
Amount of Debt per Capita	\$ 1,109	\$	1,139	\$	1,184	\$	1,128					

*Information not available

Note: Details regarding the County's debt can be found in Notes 12 and 13 of the financial statements. See Schedule 16 for personal income and population data. Revenue bonds are maintained to include issuance discounts, premiums and refunding.

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Bay County, Florida Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Schedule11

				Fisca	l Ye	ar																							
<u>2017</u> <u>2018</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>
\$ 43,625,804	\$	39,877,000	\$	64,927,344	\$	48,507,314	\$ 84,570,954	\$	72,176,33																				
1,066,501		1,209,207		1,114,348		1,334,091	2,437,055		2,222,97																				
 39,726,000		79,095,000		127,745,191		158,787,416	 188,875,218		202,488,290																				
 84,418,305		120,181,207		193,786,883		208,628,821	 275,883,227		276,887,604																				
\$ 77,083,388	\$	72,146,636	\$	170,932,654	\$	96,462,820	\$ 76,726,382	\$	70,325,63																				
14,962		1,412,235		2,175,892		1,614,933	17,369		46,38																				
 24,584,285		22,011,712		27,705,653		41,179,049	 15,742,970		14,302,694																				
 101,682,635		95,570,583		200,814,199		139,256,802	 92,486,721		84,674,70																				
\$ 186,100,940	\$	215,751,790	<u>\$</u>	394,601,082	<u>\$</u>	347,885,623	\$ 368,369,948	<u>\$</u>	361,562,31																				
2.4%		2.7%		5.2%		4.7%	3.8%		*																				
\$ 1,073	\$	1,041	\$	1,191	\$	2,359	\$ 2,066	\$	1,96																				

Bay County, Florida Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

					Fices	Year				Schedule 1
Weden Contant Designed Design	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	2016	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019	2020	<u>2021</u>	2022
Water System Revenue Bonds Series 2005										
Revenue - sale of goods and services	\$ 16,811,1	67 \$ 16,441,561	\$ 17,293,612 \$	17,342,106						
Less: Operating expenses Net available revenue	(6,433,1 \$ 10,377,9		(7,270,249) \$ 10,023,363	(12,137,362) 5,204,744 \$	¢	¢	\$	s	5	
Debt service	φ 10, 577,5	01 ¢ 7,552,625	φ 10,025,505 φ	<u>5,204,744</u> φ	Ψ	ψ	<u>.</u>		φ.	
Principal	\$ 1,565,0	00 \$ 1,615,000	\$ 1,700,000 \$	1,780,000 \$	- \$	- \$	- S	- \$	- \$	
Interest	\$ 2,110,3			1,889,800 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
Coverage*	2	2.8 2.6	2.7	1.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2007										
Revenue - proceeds of the Local Government	\$ 10.594.6	10 0 11 225 000	. 12.020.072 A	10 555 055	12,000,000					
Half-cent Sales Tax Less: Operating expenses	\$ 10,594,6	19 \$ 11,325,809	\$ 12,039,862 \$	12,775,077 \$	13,090,888	-	•	•		
Net available revenue	\$ 10,594,6	19 \$ 11,325,809	\$ 12,039,862 \$	12,775,077 \$	13,090,888 \$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Debt service	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>+,-+,</u> <u>+</u>				T	T	<u>·</u>	
Principal		00 \$ 515,000		560,000 \$	580,000 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
Interest		50 \$ 620,050		577,850 \$	555,450 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
Coverage*	9	9.3 10.0	10.6	11.2	11.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Vater and Sewer System Revenue Bonds Series 2015		3								
Revenue - sales of goods and services			\$	11,603,844 \$	12,712,062 \$	12,484,423 \$	14,307,758 \$	16,115,197 \$	16,685,141 \$	16,398,47
Less: Operating expenses Net available revenue	¢	¢	s <u>s</u>	(8,731,126) \$	(8,912,053) \$ 3,800,009 \$	(9,473,050) <u>\$</u> 3,011,373 \$	(9,667,672) \$ 4,640,086 \$	(9,882,997) \$ 6,232,200 \$	(10,250,824) \$ 6,434,317 \$	(10,532,342 5,866,129
	<u>ə</u> -	3	<u>» </u>	2,872,718 \$	3,800,009 \$	3,011,3/3 \$	4,040,080 5	6,232,200 \$	<u>0,434,317</u> <u>\$</u>	5,800,12
Debt service Principal	s -	\$ -	s - s	- \$	- 585,000 \$	600,000 \$	625,000 \$	650,000 \$	680,000 \$	695,00
Interest	\$ -		\$ - \$	918,075 \$	1,112,819 \$	1,095,268 \$	1,071,268 \$	1,046,268 \$	1,013,769 \$	1,000,16
Coverage*	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.1	2.2	1.8	2.7	3.7	3.8	3.
Capital Improvement Revenue Bond Series 2012										
Revenue - County Revenue Sharing Funds (50%)	\$ 1,706,9	58 \$ 1,803,649	\$ 1,958,391 \$	2,017,147 \$	2,117,002 \$	2,223,200 \$	2,325,226 \$	2,173,843 \$	2,559,447 \$	3,287,72
ess: Operating expenses						<u> </u>				
Net available revenue Debt service	\$ 1,706,9	58 \$ 1,803,649	<u>\$ 1,958,391</u> <u>\$</u>	2,017,147 \$	2,117,002 \$	2,223,200 \$	2,325,226 \$	2,173,843 \$	2,559,447 \$	3,287,72
Principal	\$ 309,0	00 \$ 388,000	\$ 399,000 \$	809,000 \$	410,000 \$	424,000 \$	437,000 \$	450,000 \$	463,000 \$	478,00
Interest		83 \$ 405,591		580,775 \$	383,141 \$	363,256 \$	350,205 \$	337,665 \$	322,922 \$	308,66
Coverage*		2.6 2.3	2.5	1.5	2.7	2.8	3.0	2.8	3.3	4.2
Vater System Revenue Note Series 2014										
Revenue - sale of goods and services			\$ 17,293,612 \$	17,342,106 \$	16,186,689 \$	16,702,256 \$	18,690,490 \$	18,679,955 \$	18,901,581 \$	19,848,410
Less: Operating expenses			(7,270,249)	(12,137,362)	(8,948,101)	(11,857,100)	(11,645,521)	(9,207,462)	(10,532,908)	(11,936,46
Net available revenue	\$	- \$	<u>\$ 10,023,363</u> <u>\$</u>	5,204,744 \$	7,238,588 \$	4,845,156 \$	7,044,969 \$	9,472,493 \$	8,368,673 \$	7,911,94
Debt service										
Principal	\$	- \$ -		785,000 \$	815,000 \$	845,000 \$	880,000 \$	910,000 \$	945,000 \$	980,00
Interest Coverage*	\$ N/A	- \$ - N/A	\$ 700,225 \$ 6.9	672,105 \$ 3.6	643,060 \$ 5.0	612,906 \$ 3.3	581,640 \$ 4.8	549,080 \$ 6.5	515,410 \$ 5.7	480,44
Sales Tax Refunding Revenue Note										
Series 2015 Revenue - proceeds of the Local Government										
Half-cent Sales Tax		-	\$ 12,039,862 \$	12,775,077 \$	13,090,888 \$	13,320,982 \$	15,467,835			
Less: Operating expenses							<u> </u>			
Net available revenue	\$	- \$	\$ 12,039,862 \$	12,775,077 \$	13,090,888 \$	13,320,982 \$	15,467,835 \$	\$	\$	
Debt service	¢	¢	e 105.000 ÷	220.000 -	240.000 ÷	215.000 +	200.000	-	-	
Principal Interest	\$ \$	- \$ - - \$ -		330,000 \$ 1,356,563 \$	340,000 \$ 1,345,409 \$	345,000 \$ 1,333,886 \$	360,000 \$ 1,322,256 \$	- \$ - \$	- S - S	
Interest Coverage*	\$ N/A	- \$ - N/A	\$ 514,969 \$ 17.0	1,356,563 \$ 7.6	1,345,409 \$ 7.8	1,333,886 \$ 7.9	1,322,256 \$	- \$ NA	- 3 NA	NA
Vater System Revenue Bonds										
Series 2016 Revenue - sale of goods and services				s	16,186,689 \$	16,702,256 \$	18,690,490 \$	18,679,955 \$	18,901,581 \$	19,848,41
evenue - sale of goods and services ess: Operating expenses				\$	16,186,689 \$ (8,948,101)	(11,857,100)	(11,645,521)	(9,207,462)	(10,532,908)	(11,936,46
iet available revenue	\$	- \$	\$ \$	\$	7,238,588 \$	4,845,156 \$	7,044,969 \$	9,472,493 \$	8,368,673 \$	7,911,94
lebt service	<u>.</u>		¥-	¥	<u>, eogeos</u> y	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	<u></u>	<u>v</u>	.,	., 4,7
Principal				\$	1,450,000 \$	1,650,000 \$	-1,710,000 \$	1,780,000 \$	1,870,000 \$	1,960,00
Principal Interest Coverage*	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ \$ N/A	1,450,000 \$ 1,290,311 \$ 2.6	1,650,000 \$ 1,398,150 \$ 1.6	-1,710,000 \$ 1,332,150 \$ 2.3	1,780,000 \$ 1,263,750 \$ 3.1	1,870,000 \$ 1,174,750 \$ 2.7	1,960,000 1,081,250 2.0

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Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2018 A&B Revenue - proceeds of the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Less: Operating expenses											\$	13,320,982	\$	15,467,835	\$	14,459,113	\$	18,503,876	s	20,029,849
Net available revenue	\$		- \$		- \$		\$		- \$		- \$	13,320,982	\$	15,467,835	\$	14,459,113	\$	18,503,876	\$	20,029,849
Debt service																				
Principal											\$	303,000	\$	631,000	\$	649,000	\$	666,000	\$	688,000
Interest											\$	167,825	\$	310,880	\$	292,581	\$	273,760	\$	254,446
Coverage*		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		28.3		16.4		15.4		19.7		21.3
Tourist Development Tax Revenue Note Series 2018 Revenue -proceeds of up to four cents of the Tourist Development Tax *** Less: Operating expenses Net available revenue	\$		- \$		\$		s		- \$		s - s	20,894,847 	\$	20,597,672 	s		s		\$	
Debt service	T				<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		.		*		<u>*</u>		+	
Principal											\$		\$	1,710,000	s	-	\$	-	\$	
Interest											\$		ŝ	1,469,764			ŝ			
Coverage* ,**		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		6.5		NA		NA		NA
Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2020																				
Revenue - proceeds of the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax					-										\$	14,459,113	\$	18,503,876	\$	20,029,849
Less: Operating expenses Net available revenue	\$		- \$		- \$		\$		- \$		- \$		\$		\$	- 14,459,113	\$	18,503,876	\$	20,029,849
Debt service																				
Principal															\$	305,000		550,000		555,000
Interest															\$	423,735		792,379	\$	781,049
Coverage*		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		19.8		13.8		15.0
Tourist Development Tax Revenue Refunding Note Series 2020 Revenue -proceeds of up to four cents of the Touris Development Tax *** Less: Operating expenses Net available revenue Debt service	<u>\$</u>		- \$		- - <u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>-</u> \$		<u>- \$</u>	-	\$		s <u>s</u>	16,804,364 		29,176,570 	s \$	30,036,253 30,036,253
Principal															s	340,000	s	2,140,000	s	2,190,000
Interest															s	79,015		686,448		640,224
Coverage* ,**		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	Ģ	40.1	φ	10.3	φ	10.6
Solid Waste System Revenue Bond Series 2021 Revenue - sales of goods and services Less: Operating expenses Net available revenue Debt service	<u>\$</u>		<u>- \$</u>		- - <u>\$</u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u> \$		<u>- \$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		\$ \$	11,559,753 (9,514,687) 2,045,066	s <u>s</u>	9,380,558 (6,167,319) 3,213,239
Principal																	\$	-	\$	799,000
Interest																	\$	-		357,114
Coverage* ,**		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		2.8
Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bond Series 2022B Revenue - County Revenue Sharing Funds (50%) Less: Operating expenses Net available revenue	\$		- 5		-		s		- \$		- \$:	ŝ		s	_	s		s s	3,287,728
Debt service	φ		- 9		- <i>φ</i>				- <i>φ</i>		- <i>φ</i>		φ		Ψ		Ŷ	<u> </u>	φ	3,201,120
Principal																	\$	-	s	
Interest																	\$			-
Coverage*		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	·	N/A		N/A
· · · · · · · · ·																				

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*Coverage equals net available revenue divided by debt service. ** Coverage not applicable due to no debt service payment in current year; first debt service payment due 3/1/2022 *** Revenue calculated in 2018 was calculated at 6 cents in 2018 financial statements. This was corrected in 2019 financial statements

	Fiscal Year									
		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		
Operating Revenues Interest Other Revenue	\$	16,130,582 185,336	\$	15,875,773 104,892	\$	16,486,712 340,622	\$	16,543,379 249,936		
Gross Revenues	\$	16,315,918	\$	15,980,665	\$	16,827,334	\$	16,793,315		
Operating Expenses	\$	6,424,037	\$	6,889,538	\$	7,270,244	\$	12,137,362		
Net Revenue	\$	9,891,881	\$	9,091,127	\$	9,557,090	\$	4,655,953		
Debt Service 1997 Issue Debt Service 2000 Issue	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Debt Service 2005 Issue Debt Service 2014 Issue		3,675,325		3,633,529 285,525		3,674,800 1,460,225		3,669,800 1,457,105		
Debt Service 2016 Issue Advance from Other Funds		- 2,168,406		-		-		-		
Total Debt Service	\$	5,843,731	\$	3,919,054	\$	5,135,025	\$	5,126,905		
Coverage Factor		1.693		2.320		1.861		0.908		

Note: Advance from other funds was paid out in 2013.

Bay County, Florida Wholesale Water System Historical Revenues, Expenses and Debt Service Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Schedule13

		Fiscal	l Yea	r		
 <u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
\$ 16,186,689 419,970	\$ 16,702,256 502,426	\$ 17,592,185 1,098,305	\$	18,182,584 497,371	\$ 18,613,682 66,273	\$ 19,603,614 244,796
\$ 16,606,659	\$ 17,204,682	\$ 18,690,490	\$	18,679,955	\$ 18,679,955	\$
\$ 8,948,101	\$ 11,857,100	\$ 11,645,521	\$	9,207,462	\$ 9,207,462	\$ 11,936,461
\$ 7,658,558	\$ 5,347,582	\$ 7,044,969	\$	9,472,493	\$ 9,472,493	\$ 7,911,949
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-		-	-	-
-	-	- 1,461,640		-	-	-
1,458,060	1,457,906	· · ·		1,459,080	1,459,080	1,460,445
2,740,311	3,048,150	3,042,150		3,043,750	3,043,750	3,041,250
\$ 4,198,371	\$ 4,506,056	\$ 4,503,790	\$	4,502,830	\$ 4,502,830	\$ 4,501,695
 1.824	 1.187	 1.564		2.104	 2.104	 1.758

	Fiscal Year								
-		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>	
Half-Cent Sales Tax Receipts (1)	\$	10,594,619	\$	11,325,809	\$	12,039,862	\$	12,775,077	
Series 1998 Bond (2)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Series 2002 Bond (3)		-		-		-		-	
Series 2006 Bond (4)		5,134,488		5,134,488		-		-	
Series 2007 Bond (5)		1,141,450		1,141,450		1,141,450		1,141,450	
Series 2015 Note (6)		-		-		4,875,187		4,875,187	
Series 2018 A&B Note (7)		-		-		-		-	
Series 2020 Note (8)		-		-		-		-	
Total Maximum Annual Debt Service	\$	6,275,938	\$	6,275,938	\$	6,016,637	\$	6,016,637	
Coverage of Maximum Annual									
Debt Service by Sales Tax Revenues		1.69		1.80		2.00		2.12	

(1) Source: Bay County Finance Department.

(2) Bond refunded in FY2010 by Solid Waste Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds-Series 2010

(3) Maximum debt service is in year 2011 - Partially refunded by Series 2007 Bond

(4) Maximum debt service is in year 2030 - Refunded by the Series 2015 Note

(5) Maximum debt service is in year 2018-Refunded by the Series 2018 A&B Note

(6) Maximum debt service is in year 2030

(7) Maximum debt service is in year 2028

(8) Maximum debt service is in year 2030

Historical Coverage of Projected Maximum Annual Debt Service By Sales Tax Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Schedule 14

				Fiscal Y	ear				
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2017</u> <u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
		\$	13,320,982	\$ 15,467,835	\$	14,459,113	\$	18,503,876	\$ 20,029,849
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
	-		-	-		-		-	-
	-		-	-		-		-	-
	1,141,450		-	-		-		-	-
	4,875,187		4,875,187	4,875,187		-		-	-
	-		944,657	944,657		944,657		944,657	944,657
	-		-	-		4,532,388		4,532,647	4,532,647
\$	6,016,637	\$	5,819,844	\$ 5,819,844	\$	5,477,045	\$	5,477,304	\$ 5,477,304
_	0.00		2.29	2.66		2.64	_	3.38	3.66

Bay County, Florida Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activites Debt (In Thousands of Dollars) (Unaudited)

Schedule 15

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percent Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Bay County School Board:			
Revenue Anticipation Note	\$ 1,053	100.00%	\$ 1,053
Community Disaster Loan	5,000	100.00%	5,000
Certificates of Participation	105,536	100.00%	105,536
	111,589		111,589
Bay County direct debt	276,888		276,888
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 388,477

Total direct and overlapping debt

Sources: Bay County Finance Office and Bay County School Board

Note: Overlapping governments are those that lie within the geographic boundaries of the County. This schedule represents the portion of outstanding debt of the overlapping governments that is beared by residents and businesses of Bay County. This does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and responsible for repaying the debt of the over-lapping governments. However, the entire debt burden beared by the residents and businesses should be taken into account when considering the County's ability to issue and repay long-term debt.

Bay County, Florida Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

Schedule 16

Year	Estimated Population	Personal Income in '000's	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
2013	174,994	6,524,445	37,369	7.8%
2014	178,860	6,916,093	38,791	5.7%
2015	181,947	7,322,428	40,347	5.0%
2016	183,974	7,552,595	41,129	4.8%
2017	178,820	7,695,669	41,658	3.3%
2018	181,199	8,043,321	43,188	4.0%
2019	167,283	7,982,208	45,690	3.9%
2020	175,216	8,791,753	50,394	6.3%
2021	178,282	9,671,542	53,980	3.9%
2022	184,002	*	*	2.5%

* Information not yet available

Note: Information updated annually based on most current data.

Source: University of Florida, College of Liberal Arts & Sciences, Bureau of Economic & Business Research (BEBR) and US Bureau of Economic Analysis

Source: US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics Program

Bay County, Florida Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

Schedule 17

		2022		2013				
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment		
Bay District Schools	4,181	1	4.80%	4,046	3	4.69%		
Tyndall Air Force Base	2,540	2	2.92%	7,352	1	8.53%		
LHP Bay County (formerly Bay Medical Center)	1,436	3	1.65%	2,000	4	2.32%		
Maximus Federal (formerly General Dynamics)	1,376	4	1.58%	-	-	-		
Gulf Coast Medical Center	988	5	1.13%	631	7	0.73%		
Trane	698	6	0.80%	575	8	0.67%		
Publix Supermarkets	671	7	0.77%	-	-	-		
Bay County Board of County Commissioners	636	8	0.73%	560	9	0.65%		
Gulf Coast State College	633	9	0.73%	665	6	0.77%		
Royal American Management	612	10	0.70%	-	-	-		
Naval Support Activity	-	-	-	4,791	2	5.56%		
Eastern Shipbuilding	-	-	-	1,200	5	1.39%		
City of Panama City	-	-	-	537	10	0.62%		
	13,771		15.81%	22,357		25.92%		
Total Bay County Labor Force	87,100			86,240				

Source: FloridaJobs.org

Bay County, Florida Full-time Equivalent County Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Schedule 18

					Fiscal	Year				
Function/Program	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022
General Government	55	59	60	61	89	73	73	72	71	74
Public Safety	176	189	200	203	202	238	201	212	220	223
Physical Environment	122	129	125	131	138	138	130	129	130	135
Transportation	111	114	112	112	118	121	119	113	107	107
Economic Environment	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	3	5
Human Services	14	14	14	13	14	13	13	12	13	13
Culture/Recreation	72	74	74	79	90	90	83	72	78	70
Judicial System	8	8	9	10	11	12	9	11	11	9
Total	560	589	596	611	664	687	629	622	633	636

Source: County personnel department

Schedule 19

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022
General Government										
Assessed properties	113,364	113,640	114,147	114,556	114,810	116,155	117,208	118,531	120,087	122,469
Court cases:										
Circuit Criminal	4,384	4,764	5,529	5,716	5,739	6,017	6,074	5,302	5,296	5,530
County Criminal	9,225	9,336	8,629	8,056	7,856	7,792	7,964	6,095	5,989	5,869
Public Safety										
E-911 calls***	144,567	151,850	227,484	240,482	213,008	216,511	207,119	485,905	139,100	298,773
Building permits issued*										
Commercial	163	172	128	78	85	87	125	215	200	186
Residential	825	992	853	899	951	960	3,646	3,286	2,568	2,741
Physical Environment										
Landfill and incinerator										
Collections in tonage	237,779	266,930	251,260	258,758	290,493	233,025	596,176	258,835	268,016	261,369
Transportation****										
Road miles maintained	728.53	728.53	721.31	724.85	724.20	725.76	726.84	720.29	722.00	725.83
Economic Environment										
Tourist Development Tax										
Registered Units**	16,787	16,907	19,231	19,324	19,717	19,747	19,839	20,416	20,887	22,049
Human Services										
Baker Act admissions	470	376	430	377	457	394	359	351	340	328

* Permits include new construction, additions, renovations and alterations

Beginning FY16, Bay County no longer issues commercial permits for the cities.

**Beginning FY09, reporting calculated on number of units. Prior years were reported by registrant. Beginning FY15, Panama City CDC was established.

****Beginning FY20, reporting included "other 911 calls" that was not included in the prior years. ****Bay County Incinerator was closed during FY21.

Sources: County finance office and individual county departments

Bay County, Florida Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Schedule 20

					Fisc	al Year				
Function/Program	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022
Public Safety										
•	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1 1 2 4	1 1 2 4	1 124
Correction facility capacities	1,098	1,098	1,098	1,098	1,098	1,098	1,098	1,134	1,134	1,134
Emergency responder facilities*	13	17	19	19	19	19	16	15	15	15
Culture & Recreation										
Parks	31	31	31	31	32	32	32	24	32	32
Park acreage	331.5	331.5	331.5	331.5	731.41	731.41	731.41	827	807.51	580.71
Boat ramps	20	20	20	20	21	21	21	21	22	21
Transportation										
Road miles	728.53	728.53	721.31	724.85	724.20	725.76	726.84	720.29	722.00	725.83
Bridges	51	51	51	51	51	51	50	48	48	48
Traffic signals	16	17	17	17	17	17	17	10	11	11
Physical Environment										
Water mains (miles)**	293	293	299	299	300	302	307	315	322	326

*Includes fire and EMS facilities

**In fiscal year 2022, there was a restatement of the previous year in order to report actual miles.

Sources: County finance office and individual county departments

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable County Commissioners Bay County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Bay County, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards,* AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 29, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report, except as noted below:

Tabulation of Uncorrected Audit Findings											
Current Year	Current Year 2020-21 FY 2019-20 FY										
Finding #	Finding #	Finding #									
2022-001	2021-001	2020-002									

The Honorable County Commissioners Bay County, Florida Page Two

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority of Bay County as well as component unit information is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not Bay County, Florida met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Bay County, Florida did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Bay County, Florida. It is management's responsibility to monitor Bay County, Florida's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

The Honorable County Commissioners Bay County, Florida Page Three

Purpose of This Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Commissioners of Bay County, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

The Honorable County Commissioners Bay County, Florida

We have examined Bay County, Florida's (County) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*; Section 365.172(10), Florida Statutes, *Authorized Expenditures of E911 Fee;* and Section 365.173(2)(d), Florida Statutes, *Distribution and Use of (E911) Funds*; for the year ended September 30, 2022. Management of the County is responsible for the County's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the County complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the County complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the examination engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*; Section 365.172(10), Florida Statutes, *Authorized Expenditures of E911 Fee;* and Section 365.173(2)(d), Florida Statutes, *Distribution and Use of (E911) Funds;* for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of County management and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

The Honorable County Commissioners Bay County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bay County, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to basic financial statements, which collectively comprise Bay County, Florida's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Bay County, Florida's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bay County, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bay County, Florida's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

The Honorable County Commissioners Bay County, Florida Page Two

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-002 to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bay County, Florida's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Bay County, Florida's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Bay County, Florida's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Bay County, Florida's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carr, Riggr & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND EACH MAJOR STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

The Honorable County Commissioners Bay County, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Major State Project

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and Major State Project

We have audited Bay County Florida's (County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the requirements described in the *Department of Financial Services' State Projects Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs and major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2022. The County's major federal programs and major state projects are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and Major State Project

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, *State of Florida Rules of the Auditor General*. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *State of Florida Rules of the Auditor General* are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and major state project. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

The Honorable County Commissioners Bay County, Florida Page Two

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to County's federal programs and state projects.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *State of Florida Rules of the Auditor General* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *State of Florida Rules of the Auditor General* we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *State of Florida Rules of the Auditor General* but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The Honorable County Commissioners Bay County, Florida Page Three

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance,

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program or state project more state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550 *State of Florida Rules of the Auditor General*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023

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Bay County, Florida Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Year Ended September 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results		
<u>Financial Statements</u>		
Type of auditors' report issued		Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	No
Significant deficiencies identified?	_√_Yes	None noted
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	No
Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance		
Internal control over major programs		
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	<u>No</u>
Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	$\underline{}$ None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs and state projects:		Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Part 200.516(a) or Section 10.557, Rules of the Auditor General?	Ves	None reported
	100	

Identification of major federal programs and state projects:

Assistance Listing Number	Major Federal Program or Cluster
20.205	Highway Planning and Construction Cluster
20.507 and 20.526	Federal Transit Cluster
21.027	COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Recovery Funds
97.039	Hazard Mitigation

Bay County, Florida Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2022

CFSA Number	Major State Projects
<u>37.039</u>	Statewide Water Quality Restoration Projects
40.902	Hurricane Housing Recovery Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish	Federal	State
between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 759,765	\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee for federal		
purposes?	Yes	<u>√</u> No

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Finding

Bay County 2022-001

Condition/Criteria: The County issued permits that were not in accordance with the permit fee schedule established by the County through Resolution 3847.

Cause: Issues in the permit system resulted in permits being incorrectly calculated for certain permit types.

Effect: The County issued permits that were not in accordance with Resolution 3847. As a result, a payable entry was recorded projecting the dollar amount of permits that were calculated in excess of the rates established in the resolution.

Recommendation: We recommend that the County correct issues in the permit system to ensure permits are properly calculated. We also recommend that the County determine the impact of permits that were calculated in excess of the rates established in the resolution and initiate a plan of action to remedy those permits.

Response: See attached Corrective Action Plan.

Bay County, Florida Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2022

Bay County 2022-002

Condition: Procedures regarding inadequate review of financial information provided by a discreetly presented component unit (CU), for which the County is responsible for their financial reporting, resulted in adjustments in order for the CU's financial statements to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Criteria: Procedures should be in place to ensure review/oversight of amounts provided by the CU results in financial reporting in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Cause: The County's internal controls did not ensure CU amounts were recorded in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Effect: Adjustments were required for CU's to conform to generally accepted accounting principles.

Recommendation: We recommend that the County staff review and revise procedures to ensure review/oversight of amounts provided by the CU results in financial reporting in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Response: See attached Corrective Action Plan.

Bay County, Florida Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2022

Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Award Programs and State Financial Assistance Projects

There were no findings.

Bay County, Florida Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2022

The County has taken corrective action for the findings included in the prior year audit report, with the exception of Bay County 2022-001.

Bay County, Florida Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Year Ended September 30, 2022

Vear	Ended	September	30	202
1 cai	Linucu	September	50,	202

ederal/State Agency Pass-through Entity	Assistance Listing	Contract/ Grant	Passed through to	
ederal Program/State Project	No./CFSA	No.	Subrecipients	Expenditure
EDERAL AWARDS				
ederal Transit Cluster-Cluster				
Department of Transportation				
Federal Transit-Formula Grants				
		FFY2015-2016 5307 Operating, Capital, and		
		Planning for Bay County TPOFL-2016-012-00		
Federal Transit-Formula Grants	20.507	(FL90)	\$ -	\$ 102,9
Estevel Terret Estevels Courts	20 507	5307 Capital, Operating & Planning for Bay County TPOFL-2022-044-00		41
Federal Transit-Formula Grants	20.507	COVID-19 FFY21 ARPA Operating for Bay County	-	41,
COVID-19 Federal Transit-Formula Grants	20.507	TPOFL-2022-012-00	-	966,
		Bay County TPO FFY 2015 5307 Capital &		
Federal Transit-Formula Grants	20.507	Operating Urbanized AreaFL-2018-086-00	-	36,4
		COVID-19 CARES ACT Capital, Operating &		
COVID-19 Federal Transit-Formula Grants	20.507	Planning, Bay County TPOFL-2021-074-00	-	1,895,
	20.505	5307 Operating, Capital, and Planning for Bay		505
Federal Transit-Formula Grants	20.507	County TPOFL-2020-064-00 Bay County TPO FFY 2016/2017 Operating and	-	585,2
Federal Transit-Formula Grants	20.507	Capital GrantFL-2017-096-00		45,
rousia maisi roman orano	20.507	5307 Capital, Operating & Planning for Bay County	-	45,
Federal Transit-Formula Grants	20.507	TPOFL-2021-058-00	-	225,
		5307 Operating, Capital, and Planning for Bay		
Federal Transit-Formula Grants	20.507	County TPOFL-2019-070-00	-	173,
Total Federal Transit_Formula Grants			-	4,071,
Bus and Bus Facilities Formula Grants				
	20.527	FFY18 Capital Urbanized Area GrantFL-2019-057-		423.
Bus and Bus Facilities Formula Grants Total Bus and Bus Facilities Formula Grants	20.526	00		423,
Total Department of Transportation				423, 4,494,
				4,494,
ighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation				
ighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation		CD20 Front Decid Decid Sciencelle Decises - Direct III		
tighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Design - Phase III-		
tighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation	20.205	-G1E16	-	11,
tighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction			-	11,
ighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP)	-	11,
ighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction		-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1Z35	-	11, 483,
ighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1Z35 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction -	- - - -	11, 483, 719, 1,215,
ighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1Z35 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction -	- - - -	11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215,
ighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1Z35 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction -	- - - -	11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215,
fighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1Z35 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction -	- - - -	11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215,
ighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Tighway Safety Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation	20.205	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1Z35 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction -	- - - -	11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215,
ighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction itotal Department of Transportation otal Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster iighway Safety Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation	20.205	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1Z35 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction -	- - - -	11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215,
lighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Total Department of Transportation otal Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Total Department of Transportation otal Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Lighway Safety Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation	20.205	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1235 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction - Phase IG1P67	- - - -	11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215,
ighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction ital Highway Planning and Construction ital Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation State and Community Highway Safety	20.205	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1Z35 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction - Phase IG1P67 Speed and Aggressive Driving EnforcementSC-	- - - -	11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215,
ighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation State and Community Highway Safety State and Community Highway Safety	20.205	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1235 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction - Phase IG1P67	- - - -	11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 40,
lighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster tighway Safety Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation State and Community Highway Safety	20.205	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1Z35 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction - Phase IG1P67 Speed and Aggressive Driving EnforcementSC-	- - - -	11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 40,
Iighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Department of Transportation otal Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster lighway Safety Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation State and Community Highway Safety State and Community Highway Safety Total State and Community Highway Safety	20.205	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1Z35 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction - Phase IG1P67 Speed and Aggressive Driving EnforcementSC-	- - - -	11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 40,
Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Total Department of Transportation Otal Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster State Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation State and Community Highway Safety State and Community Highway Safety Total State and Community Highway Safety Passed through Florida Department of Transportation National Priority Safety Programs	20.205 20.205 20.600	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1235 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction - Phase IG1P67 Speed and Aggressive Driving EnforcementSC- 2022-0021 Enhanced Impaired Driving Enforcement,	- - - -	11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 40, 40,
lighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Papersportation otal Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster tighway Safety Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation State and Community Highway Safety Total State and Community Highway Safety Passed through Florida Department of Transportation National Priority Safety Programs National Priority Safety Programs	20.205	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1Z35 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction - Phase IG1P67 Speed and Aggressive Driving EnforcementSC- 2022-0021		11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 40, 40,
ighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Department of Transportation Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation State and Community Highway Safety Total State and Community Highway Safety Passed through Florida Department of Transportation National Priority Safety Programs Total Driority Safety Programs Total Network Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205 20.600	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1235 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction - Phase IG1P67 Speed and Aggressive Driving EnforcementSC- 2022-0021 Enhanced Impaired Driving Enforcement,	- - - -	11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 40, 40, 40,
ighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Planning and Construction State and Community Highway Safety Total State and Community Highway Safety Passed through Florida Department of Transportation National Priority Safety Programs Total Planting of Transportation	20.205 20.205 20.600	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1235 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction - Phase IG1P67 Speed and Aggressive Driving EnforcementSC- 2022-0021 Enhanced Impaired Driving Enforcement,		11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40
ighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Department of Transportation Dotal Highway Planning and Construction Total State and Community Highway Safety State and Community Highway Safety Total State and Community Highway Safety Passed through Florida Department of Transportation National Priority Safety Programs Total Planning of Transportation	20.205 20.205 20.600	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1235 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction - Phase IG1P67 Speed and Aggressive Driving EnforcementSC- 2022-0021 Enhanced Impaired Driving Enforcement,		11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40
lighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation State and Community Highway Safety Total State and Community Highway Safety Passed through Florida Department of Transportation National Priority Safety Programs National Priority Safety Programs Total National Priority Safety Programs Total Department of Transportation National Priority Safety Programs Total National Priority Safety Programs Total Highway Safety Cluster-Cluster	20.205 20.205 20.600	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1235 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction - Phase IG1P67 Speed and Aggressive Driving EnforcementSC- 2022-0021 Enhanced Impaired Driving Enforcement,		11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40
ighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Safety State and Community Highway Safety Total State and Community Highway Safety Passed through Florida Department of Transportation National Priority Safety Programs Total National Priority Safety Programs Total Department of Transportation otal Highway Safety Cluster-Cluster	20.205 20.205 20.600	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1235 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction - Phase IG1P67 Speed and Aggressive Driving EnforcementSC- 2022-0021 Enhanced Impaired Driving Enforcement,		11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40
ighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Department of Transportation otal Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster ighway Safety Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation State and Community Highway Safety State and Community Highway Safety Total State and Community Highway Safety Passed through Florida Department of Transportation National Priority Safety Programs Total Highway Safety Cluste	20.205	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1235 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction - Phase IG1P67 Speed and Aggressive Driving EnforcementSC- 2022-0021 Enhanced Impaired Driving Enforcement,		11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40
Itighway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Department of Transportation otal Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Itighway Safety Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation State and Community Highway Safety Total State and Community Highway Safety Passed through Florida Department of Transportation National Priority Safety Programs Total National Safety Cluster-Cluster Uter Programs Total National Safety Cluster-Cluster	20.205	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1Z35 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction - Phase IG1P67 Speed and Aggressive Driving EnforcementSC- 2022-0021 Enhanced Impaired Driving Enforcement, Equipment & OTM5HVE-2022-00022		11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Department of Transportation Outal Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Highway Safety Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation State and Community Highway Safety Total State and Community Highway Safety Passed through Florida Department of Transportation National Priority Safety Programs Total State and Community Highway Safety Passed through Florida Department of Transportation National Priority Safety Programs Total State and Community Highway Safety Passed through Florida Department of Transportation National Priority Safety Programs Total National Priority Safety Programs Total National Priority Safety Programs Total Highway Safety Cluster-Cluster Wher Pro	20.205 20.205 20.600 20.616	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1Z35 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction - Phase IG1P67 Speed and Aggressive Driving EnforcementSC- 2022-0021 Enhanced Impaired Driving Enforcement, Equipment & OTM5HVE-2022-00022		11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 46, 6, 6, 46, 46,
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Total Department of Transportation otal Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Idgmay Safety Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation State and Community Highway Safety Total State and Community Highway Safety Passed through Florida Department of Transportation National Priority Safety Programs Total National Priority Safety Programs Total Department of Transportation National Priority Safety Programs Total National Priority Cluster-Cluster ther Programs Gulf Coast Ecosystem Restoration Council Oil (RESTORE) Gulf Coast Ecosystem Restoration Council Oil Spill Impact Program	20.205	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1Z35 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction - Phase IG1P67 Speed and Aggressive Driving EnforcementSC- 2022-0021 Enhanced Impaired Driving Enforcement, Equipment & OTM5HVE-2022-00022	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Total Popartment of Transportation otal Highway Planning and Construction Total Department of Transportation Play Planter Cluster Department of Transportation Passed through Florida Department of Transportation State and Community Highway Safety Total State and Community Highway Safety Passed through Florida Department of Transportation National Priority Safety Programs Total National Priority	20.205 20.205 20.600 20.616	-G1E16 CR30 FBR Sidewalk Construction PH II (LAP) G1Z35 CR30 Front Beach Road Sidewalk Construction - Phase IG1P67 Speed and Aggressive Driving EnforcementSC- 2022-0021 Enhanced Impaired Driving Enforcement, Equipment & OTM5HVE-2022-00022		11, 483, 719, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 1,215, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40

Bay County, Florida Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (Continued)

(Continued)

Year Ended September 30, 2022

Federal/State Agency	Assistance	Contract/	Passed	
Pass-through Entity	Listing	Grant	through to	
Federal Program/State Project	No./CFSA	No.	Subrecipients	Expenditures
Department of Homeland Security				
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)				
Passed through Florida Division of Emergency Management				
		SMAA 00537-Huricane Ian-Mission #00922 BOCC -		
		Contract # 22-AA-000-97-C0-D0#22-AA-0000-		
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	97-C0-D0	-	168
		FEMA - DR4138 - July 2013 Flooding14FS-8Q-		
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	01-13-02-517	-	83,861
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	FEMA - DR4564 Hurricane SallyZ2646	-	105,495
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	FEMA -Michael- DR4399Z0884	-	7,715,639
		SMAA 00691-Huricane Ian-Mission #01031 BOCC -		
		Contract # 22-AA-0000-97-C0-D #22-AA-0000-		
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	97-C0-D	-	981
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	FEMA -Michael- DR4399Z1038	-	30,433
COVID-19 Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	COVID-19- DR4486Z2050		80,010
Total Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)			-	8,016,587

Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)

Total Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)			-	840,313
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-038RH0679	-	33,681
		Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA		.,
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-050RH0634	-	43,778
	21.057	Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA		.5,171
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-016RH0640	_	45,171
nazaru winigation Orant (mwor)	97.039	Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA	-	7,520
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA HM DR4399-031RH0602		7,526
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-107RH0694	-	14,059
	07.020	Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA		14.050
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-119RH0754	-	20,901
		Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA		
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-022RH0591	-	288,500
		Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA		
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-128RH0724	-	2,862
		Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA		
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-020RH0588	-	83,586
		Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA		
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-018RH0587	-	115,101
		Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA		
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-013RH0582	-	6,715
		Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA		
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-021RH0589	-	32,857
		Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA		
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-159RH0803	-	109
• · · ·		Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA		
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-133RH0808	-	7,762
		Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA		
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-014RH0583	-	5,869
	211032	Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA		200,000
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-023RH0592	_	105,869
mazaro mitigaton Otalit (HWOI)	21.039	Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA	-	0,019
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-017RH0641		6,019
Hazard Willgaron Grant (HWGF)	91.039	Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA	-	11,004
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-131RH0798		11,804
Hazard Willgaron Oran (HWOr)	97.039	Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA	-	720
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	-H0832		720
Hazard Miligation Grant (HMGP)	97.059	Hazard Mitigation Grant Program HMGP-HS-002R -	-	7,424
Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)	97.039	HM DR4399-111RH0793		7,424
		Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) - FEMA		

Emergency Management Performance Grants Passed through Florida Division of Emergency Management Emergency Management Performance Grant (EMPG) FY22--EMA-2021-EP-00007 / Emergency Management Performance Grants 97.042 64,050 COVID-19 Emergency Management Performance Grants 97.042 COVID-19 EMPG -ARPA--G0208 13,823 Volunteer Florida Community Emergency Response Emergency Management Performance Grants 97.042 Team (CERT) Citizens Corps--CERT 22-001 4,998 Total Emergency Management Performance Grants 82,871 Fire Management Assistance Grant Passed through State of Florida Executive Office 97.046 Fire Mgmt Assist Grant--#22-AA-0000-97-BD-D0 38,297 Fire Management Assistance Grant Total Fire Management Assistance Grant 38,297 Homeland Security Grant Program Passed through Florida Division of Emergency Management 97<u>.067</u> State Homeland Security -- FY 19 SHSGP #R0200 Homeland Security Grant Program 6,960 Total Homeland Security Grant Program 6,960 Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER) Passed through Florida Division of Emergency Management Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response Grant (SAFER)--EMW-2019-FF-001635 Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER) Total Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER) 97.083 1.271 1,271 Total Department of Homeland Security 8,986,299

Bay County, Florida Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2022

leral/State Agency ss-through Entity Jeral Program/State Project Jnited States Department of Justice Crime Victim Assistance Passed through State of Florida Department of Legal Affairs	Assistance Listing No./CFSA	Contract/ Grant No.	Passed through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
leral Program/State Project Jnited States Department of Justice Crime Victim Assistance Passed through State of Florida Department of Legal Affairs				Expenditures
Jnited States Department of Justice Crime Victim Assistance Passed through State of Florida Department of Legal Affairs	No./CFSA	No.	Subrecipients	Expenditures
Crime Victim Assistance Passed through State of Florida Department of Legal Affairs				
Passed through State of Florida Department of Legal Affairs				
		Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)VOCA -2021- Bay		
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	Coun	-	108,184
Total Crime Victim Assistance			-	108,184
		-		
Violence Against Women Formula Grants				
Passed through Florida Department of Children and Families				
		Intimate Violence Enhanced Service Team (InVEST)		
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	-LN 179	_	290.338
Total Violence Against Women Formula Grants	10.000	2311179		290,338
Total Violence Against Women Formula Orants				270,550
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program				
Passed through Florida Department of Law Enforcement				
Passed through Florida Department of Law Enforcement				
	16 720	Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant		01.000
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	(JAG) Program2021-JAGC-3877	-	81,000
Total Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program				81,000
Comprehensive Opioid, Stimulant, and Substance Abuse Program				
Passed through Seminole County Sheriffs Office				
		ODMAP (Overdose Detection Mapping		
Comprehensive Opioid, Stimulant, and Substance Abuse Program	16.838	Application Program)2017-AR-BX-K003	-	22,509
Total Comprehensive Opioid, Stimulant, and Substance Abuse Program			-	22,509
Total United States Department of Justice			-	502,031
Department of Transportation				
Formula Grants for Rural Areas				
Passed through Florida Department of Transportation				
COVID-19 Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	COVID-19 CRRSAAG2150	_	78,18
COVID-19 Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.505	COVID-19 CRRSAA-02150 COVID-19 5311 Operating Assistance through	-	70,10
	20 500			100.000
COVID-19 Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	ARPAG2608	-	100,000
	20 500	COVID-19 5311 Operating Assistance through		200.00
COVID-19 Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	ARPAG2609	-	200,000
		COVID-19 FTA Section 5311 funding through the		
COVID-19 Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	CARES ActG1M13	-	56,112
Formula Grants for Rural Areas			-	434,299
E-911 Grant Program				
Passed through Florida Department of Management Services				
E-911 Grant Program	20.615	Next Generation 911 (NG-911)S17-21-02-03	-	256,202
E-911 Grant Program	20.615	Next Generation 911 (NG-911)S17-21-02-02	-	159,900
Total E-911 Grant Program			-	416,102
Total Department of Transportation			-	850,40
United States Environmental Protection Agency				
Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants				
Passed through Florida Department of Environmental Protection				
r assed through r fonda Department of Environmental r foteetion		Sweetwater Branch Rd Sediment Reduction Project		
Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants	66.460	NF074		15,781
			-	
Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants	66.460	West Linger Longer Rd DEP GrantNF087	-	8,288
Total Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants				24,069
Total United States Environmental Protection Agency				24,069
Department of Health and Human Services				
Child Support Enforcement				
Passed through Florida Department of Revenue				
		Bay County Clerk of Court/ Child Support		
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	EnforcementCOC03	-	131,420
Total Child Support Enforcement	· · · ·		-	131,42
Mental Health Disaster Assistance and Emergency Mental Health				
Mental Health Disaster Assistance and Emergency Mental Health Passed through Northwest Elogida Health Network				
Passed through Northwest Florida Health Network	03 000	NW EL Health Natural C0200		20 021
Passed through Northwest Florida Health Network Mental Health Disaster Assistance and Emergency Mental Health	93.982	NW FL Health NetworkC0200	-	
Passed through Northwest Florida Health Network	93.982 93.982	NW FL Health NetworkC0200 NW FL Health NetworkHM011		38,830 139,900 178,730

(Continued)

Bay County, Florida Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2022

			Fear Ended September 50, 2
Federal/State Agency	Assistance	Contract/	Passed
Pass-through Entity	Listing	Grant	through to
Federal Program/State Project	No./CFSA	No.	Subrecipients Expenditures
Department of Housing and Urban Development			· ·

Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii

Passed through Florida Division of Emergency Management			
	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) -		
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	HM DR4399- M0070	-	7,53
	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) -		
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	HM DR4399- M0069	-	15,63
	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) -		
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	HM DR4399- M0062	-	3,17
	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) -		
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	HM DR4399- M0071	-	15,8
	Voluntary Home Buyout-CDBG-Disaster Recovery		
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	M0027	-	154,93
	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) -		
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	HM DR4399- M0058	-	100,7
	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) -		
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	HM DR4399- M0059	-	27,4
	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) -		
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	HM DR4399- M0057	-	3,85
	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) -		
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	HM DR4399- M0074	-	12,78
	CDBG-DR Phase 1 Redwood Drainage Project		
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	(FEMA 4399-DR) M0015	-	12,23
	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) -		- 2,2
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	HM DR4399- M0063	_	3,3
Community Development Dicek Grants/State 3110grain and 1001 Enddement Grants in 14.220	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) -		5,5
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	HM DR4399- M0061		41,1
Community Development Dicek Grants/State 3110grain and 1001 Enddement Grants in 14.220	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) -		41,1
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	HM DR4399- M0121		13,8
Community Development Block Oranis/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Oranis in 14.228		-	15,6
	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) -		11.9
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	HM DR4399- M0060	-	11,9
	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) -		
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	HM DR4399- M0072	-	1,7
	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) -		
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	HM DR4399- M0073	-	2,3
	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) -		
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	HM DR4399- M0147	-	2,7
	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) -		
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in 14.228	HM DR4399- M00161	-	
Total Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii		-	431,3
tal Department of Housing and Urban Development		-	431,3
tional Endowment for the Humanities			
Grants to States			
Passed through State of Florida Division of Library and Information Services			
Grants to States 45.310	Digital Media Co-Lab Space21-LSTA-B10	-	9,9
	COVID-19 NWRLS-Dept of State-DLIS -ARPA		
COVID-19 Grants to States 45.310	Grant21-ARPA-28	-	48,4
Total Grants to States		-	58,4
tal National Endowment for the Humanities		-	58,4
partment of the Treasury			
Resources and Ecosystems Sustainability, Tourist Opportunities, and Revived Economies of the Gulf Co			
Resources and Ecosystems Sustainability, Tourist Opportunities, and Revived Economie 21.015	Bay County Artificial ReefRDCGR030067	-	2
	Bay Cty Stormwater Master Plan1 RDCGR		
Resources and Ecosystems Sustainability, Tourist Opportunities, and Revived Economie 21.015	0300039-01-0	-	15,1
	Bay County East Pass Environmental Impact		
	Statement and Inlet and Beach Mgm1		
Resources and Ecosystems Sustainability, Tourist Opportunities, and Revived Economie 21.015	RDCGR030119-01-00	-	139,4
Passed through Office of Fiscal Assistant Secretary			
	St. Andrew/St. Joseph Bays Estuary Program		
Resources and Ecosystems Sustainability, Tourist Opportunities, and Revived Economie 21.015	1RDCGR030140-01-00		205,4
Total Resources and Ecosystems Sustainability, Tourist Opportunities, and Revived Economies of the	Gulf Coast States (Gulf Restore)	-	360,3
Coronavirus Relief Fund			
Coronavirus Relief Fund Passed through Florida Housing and Finance Corporation			

Passed through Florida Housing and Finance Corporation				
		COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF)		
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	Subrecipient Agreement -City of PC037-2020	15,921	15,92
Total Coronavirus Relief Fund			15,921	15,921
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds				
Passed through Florida Division of Emergency Management				
Passed through Florida Division of Emergency Management		COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Act of 2021		
Passed through Florida Division of Emergency Management COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 1505-0271	-	7,922,365

Total Department of the Treasury

Various Agencies – 2 2018 HAVA Election Security Grants Passed through Florida Department of State Divison of Elections

r ussed unough r fordu Department of blate Division of Elections						
	Super	rvisor of Elections - Elections Security N	IOA			
2018 HAVA Election Security Grants	90.404	2022-22.e.es.300		-		20,054
Total 2018 HAVA Election Security Grants				-		20,054
Total Various Agencies – 2				-		20,054
Total Other Programs				15,921		19,569,120
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	15,921	\$	25,325,512
					(a b

(Continued)

8,298,593

Bay County, Florida Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (Continued) Year Ended September 30. 2022

CSFA No. 31.063 31.063 31.068	Contract/ Grant No. A0162	Passed through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
No. 31.063 31.063	Grant No.	through to	Expenditures
No. 31.063 31.063	No.		Expenditures
31.063 31.063		Burenpens	Expenditures
31.063	40162		
31.063	40162		
31.063		s -	\$ 80,23
	A0162 A0255	5 -	\$ 80,2 27,8
51.008	A0255 F0082	-	421,0
	F0082		529,13
37.003	19BA2	-	6,6
		-	52,6
		-	821,4
		-	880,7
	DTF 14-05	-	275,7
40.040	DTF 21-106	-	54,7
		-	330,5
42.003	28312		50,5
			50,5
10.001	D. C. J	22.052	22,9
			8,229,6
40.902	Bay County		8,229,6
		1,383,003	0,232,0
45.030	21-ST-42	_	7,9
		-	64,8
		-	9,7
		-	17,2
45.030	22-ST-42	-	44,7
45.030	22-ST-41	-	313,6
45.030	22-ST-43	-	42,3
45.030	22-ST-44		38,9
			539,4
55.001	G1X47	-	311,0
		-	118,1
55.009	G1Q77	-	41,1
55.009	G2504	-	1,0
55.010	G2396	-	432,6
55.012	G1F19	-	370,9
55.013	G2393	-	178,9
55.039	G1C49	-	1,511,2
55.039	G1Z93	-	1
		-	2,965,2
		-	13,2
64.005	C0003		17,1
			30,3
72.002	\$17.21.02.51		58,5
12.005	51/-21-02-51		58,5 58,5
77.005	21236	-	110,2
		-	110,2
	45.030 45.030 45.030 55.001 55.009 55.009 55.010 55.012 55.012 55.013 55.013 55.013 55.039 55.039 55.039 55.039 55.039 55.039 55.039 55.039 55.039	37.003 20BA1 37.039 LPA0143 40.014 DTF 14-05 40.040 DTF 21-106 42.003 28312 40.901 Bay County 40.902 Bay County 40.903 21-ST-42 45.030 21-ST-41 45.030 21-ST-41 45.030 21-ST-41 45.030 22-ST-43 45.030 22-ST-42 45.030 22-ST-43 45.030 22-ST-43 45.030 22-ST-43 45.030 22-ST-44 55.001 G1X47 55.003 G2991 55.004 G2991 55.005 G1Q97 55.009 G1Q77 55.013 G1F19 55.013 G2933 55.039 G1C49 55.039 G1Z93 64.005 C9003 64.005 C9003 72.003 S17-21-02-51	37.03 20BA1 - 37.039 LPA0143 - 40.014 DTF 14-05 - 40.040 DTF 21-106 - 42.003 28312 - 40.901 Bay County 22,953 40.902 Bay County 1,560,050 45.030 21-ST-42 - 45.030 21-ST-41 - 45.030 21-ST-41 - 45.030 22-ST-43 - 45.030 22-ST-44 - 45.030 22-ST-44 - 45.030 22-ST-44 - 55.001 G1X47 - 55.009 G12971 - 55.012 G1F19 - 55.013 G2393 - 64.005 C9003 - 72.003 S17-21-02-51 -

Notes to Schedule

1. The County follows the modified accrual basis of accounting in preparing this schedule. This method is consistent with the preparation of the County's financial statements.

2. The County has not elected to use the 10% deminimis cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

3. Expenditures reported under ALN No. 97.036 include costs of \$6,249,761 reported on the financial statements in a prior period.

4. There were no noncash federal expenditures, and no federally funded insurance.



BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

www.baycountyfl.gov

840 WEST 11TH STREET

PANAMA CITY, FL 32401

COMMISSIONERS:

ТОММУ НАММ

DISTRICT I

ROBERT CARROLL

DISTRICT II

WILLIAM T. DOZIER DISTRICT III

DOUG MOORE

DISTRICT IV

CLAIR PEASE DISTRICT V

ROBERT J. MAJKA JR. COUNTY MANAGER March 29, 2023

Bay County, Florida Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

Finding Number: 2022-001

Planned Corrective Action:

The Builder Services Division of Bay County will review calculations in the permit system to ensure fees are being calculated accurately. In addition, County Administration is reviewing the estimated liability and a plan to remedy the permits that were calculated incorrectly.

Anticipated Completion Date: 9/30/2023

Finding Number 2022-002

Planned Corrective Action:

To ensure conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, Bay County staff is currently reviewing procedures in place with respect to oversight of amounts provided by the Component Unit.

Anticipated Completion Date: 9/30/2023

Responsible Contact Person: Katy Nail

Katy Nail, ance Officer

BAY COUNTY, FLORIDA CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR-ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS

Mark Andersen

CLERK OF COURT AND COMPTROLLER

Bill Kinsaul

TAX COLLECTOR

Chuck Perdue

SHERIFF

Tommy Ford

PROPERTY APPRAISER

Dan Sowell

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Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 14101 Panama City Beach Parkway Suite 200 Panama City Beach, FL 32413

(850) 784- 6733 (850) 784-4866 (fax) www.cricpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mark Andersen Bay County Supervisor of Elections Bay County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying special-purpose financial statements of the major fund of the Bay County Supervisor of Elections as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to special-purpose financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bay County Supervisor of Elections' financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the major fund of the Bay County Supervisor of Elections as of September 30, 2022, the changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Bay County Supervisor of Elections and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of the major fund only for that portion of the major fund of Bay County, Florida that is attributable to the Bay County Supervisor of Elections. They do not purport to, and do not, present the financial position of Bay County, Florida as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion was not modified with respect to this matter.

The Honorable Mark Andersen Bay County Supervisor of Elections Page Two

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bay County Supervisor of Elections' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Supervisor of Elections' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The Honorable Mark Andersen Bay County Supervisor of Elections Page Three

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bay County Supervisor of Elections' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2023, on our consideration of the Bay County Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Bay County Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023

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Bay County Supervisor of Elections Special-Purpose Balance Sheet Governmental Fund September 30, 2022

	Ge	neral Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	385,493
Accounts receivable, net		18
Total assets	\$	385,511
		,
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	50,801
Due to other governments		334,710
Total liabilities		385,511
Fund balance		-
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	385,511

Bay County Supervisor of Elections Special-Purpose Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund Year Ended September 30, 2022

	General Fund
REVENUES	
Intergovernmental	\$ 20,054
Charges for services	15,170
Total revenues	35,224
EXPENDITURES	
Current	
General government	1,861,698
Total expenditures	1,861,698
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,826,474)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Budget appropriations from Board	
of County Commissioners	2,159,684
Transfer out/return of excess fees	(333,210)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,826,474
Net change in fund balance	-
Fund balance - beginning	_
Fund balance - ending	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these special-purpose financial statements.

Bay County Supervisor of Elections Special-Purpose Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 20,054	\$ 20,054	\$ -	
Charges for services	-	15,170	15,170	-	
Total revenues	-	35,224	35,224	<u> </u>	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	2,099,617	2,186,408	1,861,698	324,710	
Capital outlay					
General government	8,500	8,500	-	8,500	
Total expenditures	2,108,117	2,194,908	1,861,698	333,210	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(2,108,117)	(2,159,684)	(1,826,474)	333,210	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Budget appropriations from Board					
of County Commissioners	2,108,117	2,159,684	2,159,684	-	
Transfer out/return of excess fees	-	-	(333,210)	(333,210)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,108,117	2,159,684	1,826,474	(333,210)	
Net change in fund balance	\$-	\$-	-	\$ -	
Fund balance - beginning			-		
Fund balance - ending		-	\$ -	-	
		=	Ŧ	=	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these special-purpose financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Office of the Bay County Supervisor of Elections (Supervisor of Elections) is an integral part of Bay County, Florida (County) and is an elected Constitutional Office that is governed by state statutes and regulations. The financial statements of the Supervisor of Elections are included in the County's basic financial statements. The Supervisor of Elections operates on a budgetary system, whereby appropriated funds are received from the Board of County Commissioners (Board) and any unexpended appropriations are remitted to the Board after the end of the fiscal year.

The Supervisor of Elections' financial statements have been prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida (Rules). These financial statements are the fund financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). However, these fund financial statements do not constitute a complete presentation because, in conformity with the Rules, the Supervisor of Elections has not presented reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements, the government-wide financial statements, management's discussion and analysis, or the pension or the other postemployment benefit related required supplementary information. Also, certain notes to special-purpose financial statements may supplement rather than duplicate the notes included in the County's financial statements. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of the major fund, only for that portion of the major fund of Bay County, Florida that is attributable to the Supervisor of Elections. They do not purport to, and do not, present the financial position of Bay County, Florida, as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position, for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with GAAP.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Licenses, operating and capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Fund Financial Statements

The Supervisor of Elections reports the following major governmental funds:

General fund – The General fund is the Supervisor of Elections' operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Budgetary Information

The preparation, adoption, and amendment of the Supervisor of Elections' budget is governed by Chapter 129, Florida Statutes. The budget is prepared and adopted on a basis of accounting consistent with GAAP. Budgetary data presented in the accompanying special-purpose financial statements in the final budgeted amounts column represent the final budgetary data. In this column, the effects of budget amendments have been applied to original budgetary data. All budget appropriations lapse after the end of the fiscal year.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Equity

Cash and cash equivalents

The Supervisor of Elections' cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Capital assets

Capital assets used by the Supervisor of Elections are accounted for by the County and are included in the County's basic financial statements. Under Florida law, the County holds legal title and is accountable for these assets.

Compensated absences

The Supervisor of Election's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from government service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

Categories and Classification of Fund Balance

Fund balance flow assumptions – Sometimes the Supervisor of Elections will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Supervisor of Elections' policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund balance policies – Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Supervisor of Elections itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, specifies the following classifications:

Nonspendable fund balance – Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Supervisor of Elections' highest level of decision-making authority. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Supervisor of Elections that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned fund balance – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Supervisor of Elections for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board may by resolution authorize the finance director to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action

does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned fund balance – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, March 29, 2023 and determined there were no events that occurred that required disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these consolidated financial statements.

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. There were no significant impacts of implementing this Statement.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued statements that will become effective in future years. These statements are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Assets and liabilities resulting from SBITAs should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the fiscal year in which this Statement is implemented. Governments are permitted, but are not required, to include in the measurement of the subscription asset capitalizable outlays associated with the initial implementation stage and the operation and additional implementation stage incurred prior to the implementation of this Statement.

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for (a) accounting changes and (b) the correction of an error in previously issued financial statements (error correction). This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. Furthermore, this Statement addresses how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information (RSI) and supplementary information (SI). The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2022, the Supervisor of Elections' bank balances are covered by federal depository insurance. Monies invested in amounts greater than the insurance coverage are secured by the qualified public depositories pledging securities with the State Treasurer in such amounts required by the Florida Security for Public Depositories Act. In the event of a default or insolvency of a qualified public depositor, the State Treasurer will implement procedures for payment of losses according to the validated claims of the Supervisor of Elections pursuant to Section 280.08, Florida Statutes.

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Deposits and Investments (continued)

Custodial credit risk - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution a government may not be able to recover deposits. Monies placed on deposit with financial institutions in the form of demand deposits, time deposits or certificate of deposits are defined as public deposits. The financial institutions in which the Supervisor of Elections places its deposits are certified as "qualified public depositories," as required under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Supervisor of Elections will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

NOTE 3 – RETIREMENT PLANS

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Description of plan

The Supervisor of Elections contributes to the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, and Division of Retirement. FRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. A comprehensive annual financial report of FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial reports, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Funding requirements

FRS is funded through employee and employer contributions. The Supervisor of Elections is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Rates effective for October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, were 10.82%, 29.01%, and 51.42% for regular employees, senior management, and elected county officials, respectively. Rates effective for July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, were 11.91%, 31.57%, and 57.00% for regular employees, senior management, and elected county officials, respectively. Employee contributions of 3% were required for all participants. The employer rate for eligible employees who elected to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) was 18.34% for October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and 18.60% for July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, with no employee contribution required.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Supervisor of Elections are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Supervisor of Elections' contributions to the plan for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were \$98,884, \$121,227, and \$110,594, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year. The required employee contributions made to the plan for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$17,145.

NOTE 3 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Description of plan

Pursuant to Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, the Florida Legislature created the Florida Retirement Investment Plan (FRS Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The FRS Investment Plan is an alternative available to members of the Florida Retirement System in lieu of the defined benefit plan. There is a uniform contribution rate covering both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans, depending on membership class. Required employer contributions made to the plan during the year ended September 30, 2022, totaled \$4,207.

The obligations and disclosures required under GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, are accounted for and disclosed in the County's financial statements.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Mark Andersen Bay County Supervisor of Elections Bay County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the special-purpose financial statements of the Bay County Supervisor of Elections as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 29, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to special-purpose financial statements. The Bay County Supervisor of Elections was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Bay County Supervisor of Elections has no component units.

The Honorable Mark Andersen Bay County Supervisor of Elections Page Two

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, and the Bay County Supervisor of Elections and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carr, Riggs ! Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

The Honorable Mark Andersen Bay County Supervisor of Elections Bay County, Florida

We have examined the Bay County Supervisor of Elections' compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Bay County Supervisor of Elections' compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Bay County Supervisor of Elections' compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Bay County Supervisor of Elections complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Bay County Supervisor of Elections complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the examination engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Bay County Supervisor of Elections' compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Bay County Supervisor of Elections complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Bay County Supervisor of Elections, management and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

The Honorable Mark Andersen Bay County Supervisor of Elections Bay County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the major fund of the Bay County Supervisor of Elections as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to special-purpose financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bay County Supervisor of Elections' basic special-purpose financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2023, which contains an emphasis of matter referring to a basis of presentation required for compliance with state reporting requirements. Our opinion was not modified with respect to this matter.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Bay County Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Supervisor of Elections' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Supervisor of Elections' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. The Honorable Mark Andersen Bay County Supervisor of Elections Page Two

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Bay County Supervisor of Elections' special-purpose financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Bill Kinsaul Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller Bay County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying special-purpose financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to special-purpose financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller as of September 30, 2022, the changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Court Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The Honorable Bill Kinsaul Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller Page Two

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of the major fund only for that portion of the major fund of Bay County, Florida that is attributable to the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller. They do not purport to, and do not, present the financial position of Bay County, Florida as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion was not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

The Honorable Bill Kinsaul Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller Page Three

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's special-purpose financial statements. The accompanying combining special-purpose statement of fiduciary net position and combining special-purpose statement of changes in fiduciary net position, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the specialpurpose financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the special-purpose financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the special-purpose financial statements or to the special-purpose financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining special-purpose statement of fiduciary net position and combining special-purpose statement of changes in fiduciary net position are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Honorable Bill Kinsaul Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller Page Four

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2023, on our consideration of the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's internal control over financial reporting over financial reporting the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's internal control over financial reporting over financial reporting standards in considering the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's internal control over financial control over financial reporting standards in considering the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's internal control over financial reporting control over financial reporting and compliance.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023

	General Fund	Court	Μ	Records Iodernization - Records	М	Records odernization - Court	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,232,307	\$ 578,406	\$	740,980	\$	1,396,859	\$	3,948,552
Accounts receivable, net	88,892	83,160		-		17,000		189,052
Due from other governments	9,671	-		-		-		9,671
Prepaids	54,686	16,308		-		-		70,994
Total assets	\$ 1,385,556	\$ 677,874	\$	740,980	\$	1,413,859	\$	4,218,269
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Due to other governments	\$ 113,763 11,956 1,259,837	\$ 194,037 - -	\$	- -	\$	7,505	\$	315,305 11,956 1,259,837
Total liabilities	1,385,556	194,037		-		7,505		1,587,098
Fund balance								
Nonspendable	54,686	16,308		-		-		70,994
Restricted		467,529		740,980		1,406,354		2,614,863
Unassigned	(54,686)	-		-		-		(54,686)
Total fund balance	-	483,837		740,980		1,406,354		2,631,171
Total liabilities and								
fund balance	\$ 1,385,556	\$ 677,874	\$	740,980	\$	1,413,859	\$	4,218,269

Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller Special-Purpose Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2022

	General Fund	Court	М	Records odernization - Records	Mo	Records odernization - Court	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 128,037	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	128,037
Charges for services	3,066,321	4,196,604		184,997		565,778		8,013,700
Miscellaneous	36,478	-		-		-		36,478
Total revenues	3,230,836	4,196,604		184,997		565,778		8,178,215
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government	4,837,642	4,158,034		58,063		309,615		9,363,354
Capital outlay								
General government	104,317	-		-		-		104,317
Total expenditures	4,941,959	4,158,034		58,063		309,615		9,467,671
Excess (deficit) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	(1,711,123)	38,570		126,934		256,163		(1,289,456)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Budget appropriations from Board of								
County Commissioners	2,309,234	-		-		-		2,309,234
Transfer out/return of excess fees	(598,111)	-		-		-		(598,111)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,711,123	-		-		-		1,711,123
Net change in fund balance	-	38,570		126,934		256,163		421,667
Fund balance - beginning	-	445,267		614,046		1,150,191		2,209,504
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ 483,837	\$	740,980	\$	1,406,354	\$	2,631,171

Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller Special-Purpose Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2022

		l Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 120,000	\$ 128,037	\$ 128,037	\$ -
Charges for services	2,680,110	2,602,438	3,066,321	463,883
Miscellaneous	35,800	36,478	36,478	-
Total revenues	2,835,910	2,766,953	3,230,836	463,883
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	4,874,115	4,950,503	4,837,642	112,861
Capital outlay				
General government	16,000	125,684	104,317	21,367
Total expenditures	4,890,115	5,076,187	4,941,959	134,228
Excess (deficit) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(2,054,205)	(2,309,234)	(1,711,123)	598,111
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Budget appropriations from Board of				
County Commissioners	2,054,205	2,309,234	2,309,234	-
Transfer out/return of excess fees	-	-	(598,111)	(598,111)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,054,205	2,309,234	1,711,123	(598,111)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$-		\$ -
Fund balance - beginning				_
Fund balance - ending			\$-	_

Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller Special-Purpose Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Court Fund Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with	
		Original		Final		Actual	Fii	nal Budget	
REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	4,066,505	\$	4,093,948	\$	4,196,604	\$	102,656	
Total revenues		4,066,505		4,093,948		4,196,604		102,656	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General government		4,066,505		4,093,948		4,158,034		(64,086)	
Total expenditures		4,066,505		4,093,948		4,158,034		(64,086)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	=	38,570	\$	38,570	
Fund balance - beginning						445,267	_		
Fund balance - ending					\$	483,837	=		

Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller Special-Purpose Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,681,068
Total assets	\$ 11,681,068
LIABILITIES	
Due to others	\$ 59,127
Due to other governments	2,738,930
Total liabilities	\$ 2,798,057
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	
Restricted	
Held for others	\$ 8,883,011
Total net position	\$ 8,883,011

Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller Special-Purpose Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year ended September 30, 2022

	Cus	todial Funds
Additions		
Funds held for others	\$	90,413,584
Court costs		1,050
Total additions		90,414,634
Deductions		
Current		
Funds held for others		89,576,435
Court costs		25,546
Total deductions		89,601,981
Changes in net position		812,653
Net position - beginning of year		8,070,358
Net position - end of year	\$	8,883,011

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Office of the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller (Clerk) is an integral part of Bay County, Florida (County) and is an elected Constitutional Office that is governed by state statutes and regulations. The financial statements of the Clerk are included in the County's basic financial statements. The Clerk operates on a budgetary system. Appropriated funds for the general fund are received from the Board of County Commissioners (Board) and any unexpended appropriations are remitted to the Board after the end of the fiscal year. Appropriated funds for the court fund are received from the Clerk of Court Operations Corporation of the State of Florida (CCOC).

The Clerk's financial statements have been prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida (Rules). These financial statements are the fund financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). However, these fund financial statements do not constitute a complete presentation because, in conformity with the Rules, the Clerk has not presented reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements, the government-wide financial statements, management's discussion and analysis, or the pension or the other postemployment benefit related required supplementary information. Also, certain notes to special-purpose financial statements may supplement rather than duplicate the notes included in the County's financial statements. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bay County, Florida that is attributable to the Clerk. They do not purport to, and do not, present the financial position of Bay County, Florida, as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position, for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with GAAP.

Management Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Licenses, operating and capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Fund Financial Statements

Accounts are organized on the basis of fund types each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The following fund types are used by the Clerk:

General fund – The General Fund is the Clerk's operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Special revenue funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes other than capital projects.

Custodial funds – Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the Clerk for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds.

The custodial funds utilize the *accrual basis of accounting*.

Budgetary Information

The preparation, adoption, and amendment of the Clerk's budget is governed by Chapter 28.36, Florida Statutes. The budget is prepared and adopted on a basis of accounting consistent with GAAP. Budgetary data presented in the accompanying special-purpose financial statements in the final budgeted amounts column represents the final budgetary data. In this column, the effects of budget amendments have been applied to original budgetary data. All budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The records modernization-records and records modernization-court are not budgeted.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded appropriations by \$64,086 for the Court Fund.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity

Cash and cash equivalents

The Clerk's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and shortterm highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables and Payables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. At the fund reporting level, an equal amount of fund balance is reported as nonspendable, showing this amount is not in spendable form.

Capital assets

Capital assets used by the Clerk are accounted for by the County and are included in the County's basic financial statements. Under Florida law, the County holds legal title and is accountable for these assets.

Compensated absences

It is the Clerk's policy to grant paid absences for paid time off. Employees are permitted to accumulate up to 480 hours of earned but unused paid time off benefits which will be paid to employees in good standing upon termination. Employees who have less than two years of service forfeit their paid time off; employees with two or more years of service receive a percentage of their paid time off based on the length of service upon termination.

Categories and Classification of Fund Balance

Fund balance flow assumptions – Sometimes the Clerk will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Clerk's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund balance policies – Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Clerk itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, specifies the following classifications:

Nonspendable fund balance – Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Clerk's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Clerk that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned fund balance – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Clerk for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board may by resolution authorize the finance director to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned fund balance – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the Clerk's fund balances.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, March 29, 2023 and determined there were no events that occurred that required disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. There were no significant impacts of implementing this Statement.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued statements that will become effective in future years. These statements are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Assets and liabilities resulting from SBITAs should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the fiscal year in which this Statement is implemented. Governments are permitted, but are not required, to include in the measurement of the subscription asset capitalizable outlays associated with the initial implementation stage and the operation and additional implementation stage incurred prior to the implementation of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for (a) accounting changes and (b) the correction of an error in previously issued financial statements (error correction). This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. Furthermore, this Statement addresses how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information (RSI) and

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

supplementary information (SI). The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2022, the Clerk's bank balances are covered by federal depository insurance. Monies invested in amounts greater than the insurance coverage are secured by the qualified public depositories pledging securities with the State Treasurer in such amounts required by the Florida Security for Public Depositories Act. In the event of a default or insolvency of a qualified public depositor, the State Treasurer will implement procedures for payment of losses according to the validated claims of the Clerk pursuant to Section 280.08, Florida Statutes.

Custodial credit risk - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution a government may not be able to recover deposits. Monies placed on deposit with financial institutions in the form of demand deposits, time deposits or certificate of deposits are defined as public deposits. The financial institutions in which the Clerk places its deposits are certified as "qualified public depositories," as required under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Clerk will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Accounts receivable, net

At September 30, 2022, accounts receivable, net is summarized as follows:

	Gove	ernmental Funds	Total Ac	counts Receivable
Accounts receivable	\$	189,052	\$	189,052
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts		-		-
Accounts receivable, net	\$	189,052	\$	189,052

The Clerk considers all amounts collectible; therefore there is no provision for doubtful accounts at September 30, 2022.

NOTE 3 - RETIREMENT PLANS

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Description of plan

The Clerk contributes to the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. FRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. A comprehensive annual financial report of FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial reports, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Funding requirements

FRS is funded through employee and employer contributions. The Clerk is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Rates effective for October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, were 10.82%, 29.01%, and 51.42% for regular employees, senior management, and elected county officials, respectively. Rates effective for July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, were 11.91%, 31.57%, and 57.00% for regular employees, senior management, and elected county officials, respectively. Employee contributions of 3% were required for all participants. The employer rate for eligible employees who elected to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) was 18.34% for October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and 18.60% for July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, with no employee contribution required.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Clerk are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Clerk's contributions to FRS for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were \$597,278, \$548,085, and \$506,755, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year. The required employee contributions made to the plan for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$96,068.

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Description of plan

Pursuant to Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, the Florida Legislature created the Florida Retirement Investment Plan (FRS Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The FRS Investment Plan is an alternative available to members of the Florida Retirement System in lieu of the defined benefit plan. There is a uniform contribution rate covering both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans, depending on membership class. Required employer contributions made to the plan during the year ended September 30, 2022, totaled \$98,282.

NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Description of plan (continued)

The obligations and disclosures required under GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, are accounted for and disclosed in the County's financial statements.

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

		Cust	odial Funds			
	Fines and Forfeitures		ury and Witness		Tax Deed	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,874,799	\$	28,501	\$	621,629	
Total assets	\$ 6,874,799	\$	28,501	\$	621,629	
LIABILITIES						
Due to others	\$ 20,993	\$	-	\$	-	
Due to other governments	2,484,066		2,310		9,899	
Total liabilities	\$ 2,505,059	\$	2,310	\$	9,899	
NET POSITION						
Restricted						
Held for others	\$ 4,369,740	\$	26,191	\$	611,730	
Total net fiduciary positions	\$ 4,369,740	\$	26,191	\$	611,730	

Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller Combining Special-Purpose Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2022

			Cust	odial Funds			
S	Support	Court Registry		Cash Bond	R	estitution	Total
\$	31,044	\$ 1,741,735	\$	2,262,744	\$	120,616	\$ 11,681,068
\$	31,044	\$ 1,741,735	\$	2,262,744	\$	120,616	\$ 11,681,068
\$	5,925 25,119	\$ - 103,154	\$	25,975	\$	32,209 88,407	\$ 59,127 2,738,930
\$	31,044	\$ 103,154	\$	25,975	\$	120,616	\$ 2,798,057
\$	-	\$ 1,638,581	\$	2,236,769	\$	-	\$ 8,883,011
\$	-	\$ 1,638,581	\$	2,236,769	\$	_	\$ 8,883,011

		Cu	stodial Funds	
	Fines and Forfeitures		Jury and Witness	Tax Deed
Additions				
Funds held for others Court costs	\$ 71,964,127	\$	1,050	\$ 1,478,165
Total additions	71,964,127		1,050	1,478,165
Deductions				
Current				
Funds held for others	71,029,358		-	2,070,573
Court costs	-		25,546	
Total deductions	71,029,358		25,546	2,070,573
Changes in Net Position	934,769		(24,496)	(592,408)
Net position - beginning of year	3,434,971		50,687	1,204,138
Net position - end of year	\$ 4,369,740	\$	26,191	\$ 611,730

Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller Combining Special-Purpose Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year ended September 30, 2022

		Custo	odial Funds						
Support	Court Registry	Cash Bond					Total		
\$ 1,229,750	\$ 12,284,344	\$	2,819,798	\$	637,400	\$	90,413,584 1,050		
1,229,750	12,284,344		2,819,798		637,400		90,414,634		
1,229,750	12,903,709		1,705,645		637,400		89,576,435 25,546		
1,229,750	12,903,709		1,705,645		637,400		89,601,981		
-	(619,365)		1,114,153		-		812,653		
-	2,257,946		1,122,616		-		8,070,358		
\$ _	\$ 1,638,581	\$	2,236,769	\$	-	\$	8,883,011		

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Bill Kinsaul Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller Bay County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the special-purpose financial statements of the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 29, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to special-purpose financial statements. The Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller was established by Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller has no component units.

The Honorable Bill Kinsaul Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller Page Two

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, and the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 14101 Panama City Beach Parkway Suite 200 Panama City Beach, FL 32413

(850) 784- 6733 (850) 784-4866 (fax) www.cricpa.com

The Honorable Bill Kinsaul Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller Bay County, Florida

We have examined the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*; Section 61.181, Florida Statutes, *Depository for Alimony Transactions, Support, Maintenance, and Support, Payments; Fees;* Sections 28.35, Florida Statutes, *Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation;* and 28.36, Florida Statutes, *Budget Procedure*; during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the examination engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*; Section 61.181, Florida Statutes, *Depository for Alimony Transactions, Support, Maintenance, and Support, Payments; Fees;* Sections 28.35, Florida Statutes, *Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation;* and 28.36, Florida Statutes, *Budget Procedure;* during the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller, management and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

(850) 784- 6733 (850) 784-4866 (fax) www.cricpa.com

The Honorable Bill Kinsaul Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller Bay County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to special-purpose financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's basic special-purpose financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2023, which contains an emphasis of matter referring to a basis of presentation required for compliance with state reporting requirements. Our opinions were not modified with respect to this matter.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. The Honorable Bill Kinsaul Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Bay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller's special-purpose financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Dan Sowell Bay County Property Appraiser Bay County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying special-purpose financial statements of the major fund of the Bay County Property Appraiser as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to special-purpose financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bay County Property Appraiser's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the major fund of the Bay County Property Appraiser as of September 30, 2022, the changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Bay County Property Appraiser and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of the major fund only for that portion of the major fund of Bay County, Florida that is attributable to the Bay County Property Appraiser. They do not purport to, and do not, present the financial position of Bay County, Florida as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion was not modified with respect to this matter.

The Honorable Dan Sowell Bay County Property Appraiser Page Two

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bay County Property Appraiser's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Property Appraiser's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The Honorable Dan Sowell Bay County Property Appraiser Page Three

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bay County Property Appraiser's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2023, on our consideration of the Bay County Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Bay County Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023

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Bay County Property Appraiser Special-Purpose Balance Sheet Governmental Fund September 30, 2022

	Ger	neral Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	199,827
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets TABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments Total liabilities Fund balance	\$	199,827
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	24,927
Due to other governments		174,900
Total liabilities		199,827
Fund balance		-
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	199,827

Bay County Property Appraiser Special-Purpose Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund Year Ended September 30, 2022

	General Fund	
REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$	504
Interest income		,053
Total revenues	1	,557
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
General government	4,205	,646
Capital outlay		
General government	39	,074
Debt service		
Principal retirement	7	,011
Interest and fiscal charges		786
Total expenditures	4,252	,517
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,250	,960)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Budget appropriations from Board		
of County Commissioners	4,321	.686
Budget appropriations from other		,
taxing districts	74	,827
Transfer out/return of excess fees from		/
Board of County Commissioners	(171	,924)
Transfer out/return of excess fees from	× ×	
other taxing districts	(2	,976)
Proceeds from issuance of debt		,347
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,250	,960
Net change in fund balance		-
Fund balance - beginning		-
Fund balance - ending	\$	-

Bay County Property Appraiser Special-Purpose Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 504	\$ 504	
Interest income	Ψ	Ψ	¢ 504 1,053	φ 504 1,053	
			1,000	1,000	
Total revenues	-	-	1,557	1,557	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	4,157,722	4,353,109	4,205,646	147,463	
Capital outlay					
General government	43,404	43,404	39,074	4,330	
Debt service					
Principal retirement	-	-	7,011	(7,011)	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	786	(786)	
				112.000	
Total expenditures	4,201,126	4,396,513	4,252,517	143,996	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,201,126)	(4,396,513)	(4,250,960)	145,553	
		()/	()) /		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Budget appropriations from Board					
of County Commissioners	4,129,624	4,321,686	4,321,686	-	
Budget appropriations from other					
taxing districts	71,502	74,827	74,827	-	
Transfer out/return of excess fees from					
Board of County Commissioners	-	-	(171,924)	(171,924)	
Transfer out/return of excess fees from					
other taxing districts	-	-	(2,976)	(2,976)	
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	-	29,347	29,347	
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,201,126	4,396,513	4,250,960	(145,553)	
		, , , -			
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	
Fund balance - beginning					
Fund balance - ending			\$ -		
			т		

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Office of the Bay County Property Appraiser (Property Appraiser) is an integral part of Bay County, Florida (County) and is an elected Constitutional Office that is governed by state statutes and regulations. The financial statements of the Property Appraiser are included in the County's basic financial statements. The Property Appraiser operates on a budgetary system, whereby appropriated funds are received from the Board of County Commissioners (Board) and any unexpended appropriations are remitted to the Board after the end of the fiscal year.

The Property Appraiser's financial statements have been prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida (Rules). These financial statements are the fund financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). However, these fund financial statements do not constitute a complete presentation because, in conformity with the Rules, the Property Appraiser has not presented reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements, the government-wide financial statements, management's discussion and analysis, or the pension or the other postemployment benefit related required supplementary information. Also, certain notes to special-purpose financial statements. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of the major fund, only for that portion of the major fund of Bay County, Florida that is attributable to the Property Appraiser. They do not purport to, and do not, present the financial position of Bay County, Florida, as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position, for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with GAAP.

Management Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Licenses, operating and capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Fund Financial Statements

The Property Appraiser reports the following major governmental funds:

General fund – The General Fund is the Property Appraiser's operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Budgetary Information

Florida Statutes, Chapter 195.087 governs the preparation, adoption and administration of the annual budget of the Property Appraiser. The budget and subsequent budget amendments of the Property Appraiser are submitted to the Florida Department of Revenue for approval. A copy of the budget is also provided to the Board. The budget is prepared and adopted on a basis of accounting consistent with GAAP. Budgetary data presented in the accompanying special-purpose financial statements in the final budgeted amounts column represents the final budgetary data. In this column, the effects of budget amendments have been applied to original budgetary data. All budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Equity

Cash and cash equivalents

The Property Appraiser's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Capital assets

Capital assets used by the Property Appraiser are accounted for by the County and are included in the County's basic financial statements. Under Florida law, the County holds legal title and is accountable for these assets.

Compensated absences

The Property Appraiser's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from government service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

Categories and Classification of Fund Balance

Fund balance flow assumptions – Sometimes the Property Appraiser will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Property Appraiser's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund balance policies – Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Property Appraiser itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, specifies the following classifications:

Nonspendable fund balance – Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Property Appraiser's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Property Appraiser that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned fund balance – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Property Appraiser for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board may by resolution authorize the finance director to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does

not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned fund balance – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the Property Appraiser's fund balances.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, March 29, 2023, and determined there were no events that occurred that required disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. There were no significant impacts of implementing this Statement.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued statements that will become effective in future years. These statements are as follows:

In May 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Assets and liabilities resulting from SBITAs should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the fiscal year in which this statement is implemented. Governments are permitted, but are not required, to include in the measurement of the subscription asset capitalizable outlays associated with the initial implementation stage and the operation and additional implementation stage incurred prior to the implementation of this Statement.

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for (a) accounting changes and (b) the correction of an error in previously issued financial statements (error correction). This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. Furthermore, this Statement addresses how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information (RSI) and supplementary information (SI). The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2022, the Property Appraiser's bank balances are covered by federal depository insurance. Monies invested in amounts greater than the insurance coverage are secured by the qualified public depositories pledging securities with the State Treasurer in such amounts required by the Florida Security for Public Depositories Act. In the event of a default or insolvency of a qualified public depositor, the State Treasurer will implement procedures for payment of losses according to the validated claims of the Property Appraiser pursuant to Section 280.08, Florida Statutes.

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution a government may not be able to recover deposits. Monies placed on deposit with financial institutions in the form of demand deposits, time deposits or certificate of deposits are defined as public deposits. The financial institutions in which the Property Appraiser places its deposits are certified as "qualified public depositories", as required under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Property Appraiser will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

NOTE 3 – RETIREMENT PLANS

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Description of plan

The Property Appraiser contributes to the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. FRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. A comprehensive annual financial report of FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial reports, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Funding requirements

FRS is funded through employee and employer contributions. The Property Appraiser is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Rates effective for October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, were 10.82%, 29.01%, and 51.42% for regular employees, senior management, and elected county officials, respectively. Rates effective for July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, were 11.91%, 31.57%, and 57.00% for regular employees, senior management, and elected county officials, respectively. Employee contributions of 3% were required for all participants. The employer rate for eligible employees who elected to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) was 18.34% for October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and 18.60% for July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, with no employee contribution required.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Property Appraiser are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Property Appraiser's contributions to FRS for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were \$326,763, \$306,868, and \$271,113, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year. The required employee contributions made to the plan for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$41,780.

NOTE 3 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Description of plan

Pursuant to Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, the Florida Legislature created the Florida Retirement Investment Plan (FRS Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The FRS Investment Plan is an alternative available to members of the Florida Retirement System in lieu of the defined benefit plan.

There is a uniform contribution rate covering both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans, depending on membership class. Required employer contributions made to the plan during the year ended September 30, 2022, totaled \$18,030.

The obligations and disclosures required under GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, are accounted for and disclosed in the County's financial statements.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Dan Sowell Bay County Property Appraiser Bay County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Bay County Property Appraiser as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 29, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to special-purpose financial statements. The Bay County Supervisor of Elections was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Bay County Property Appraiser has no component units.

The Honorable Dan Sowell Bay County Property Appraiser Page Two

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, and the Bay County Property Appraiser and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 14101 Panama City Beach Parkway Suite 200 Panama City Beach, FL 32413

(850) 784- 6733 (850) 784-4866 (fax) www.cricpa.com

The Honorable Dan Sowell Bay County Property Appraiser Bay County, Florida

We have examined the Bay County Property Appraiser's compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Bay County Property Appraiser's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Bay County Property Appraiser's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Bay County Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Bay County Property Appraiser complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the examination engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Bay County Property Appraiser's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Bay County Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Bay County Property Appraiser, management and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

The Honorable Dan Sowell Bay County Property Appraiser Bay County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the major fund of the Bay County Property Appraiser as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to special-purpose financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bay County Property Appraiser's basic special-purpose financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2023, which contains an emphasis of matter referring to a basis of presentation required for compliance with state reporting requirements. Our opinion was not modified with respect to this matter.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Bay County Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Property Appraiser's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Property Appraiser's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. The Honorable Dan Sowell Bay County Property Appraiser Page Two

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Bay County Property Appraiser's special-purpose financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Parr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Chuck Perdue Bay County Tax Collector Bay County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying special-purpose financial statements of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bay County Tax Collector, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to special-purpose financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bay County Tax Collector's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bay County Tax Collector as of September 30, 2022, the changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Bay County Tax Collector and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The Honorable Chuck Perdue Bay County Tax Collector Page Two

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of the major fund only for that portion of the major fund of Bay County, Florida that is attributable to the Bay County Tax Collector. They do not purport to, and do not, present the financial position of Bay County, Florida as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion was not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bay County Tax Collector's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

The Honorable Chuck Perdue Bay County Tax Collector Page Three

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Tax Collector's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bay County Tax Collector's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bay County Tax Collector's special-purpose financial statements. The accompanying combining special-purpose statement of fiduciary net position and combining special-purpose statement of changes in fiduciary net position, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the special-purpose financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the special-purpose financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the special-purpose financial statements or to the special-purpose financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining special-purpose statement of fiduciary net position and combining special-purpose statement of changes in fiduciary net position are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Honorable Chuck Perdue Bay County Tax Collector Page Four

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2023, on our consideration of the Bay County Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Bay County Tax Collector's Collector's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023

Bay County Tax Collector Special-Purpose Balance Sheet Governmental Fund September 30, 2022

	General	Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,12	2,965
Accounts receivable, net	2	1,621
Due from other governments		1,580
Prepaids	10	3,377
Total assets	\$ 2,24	9,543
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments		1,171 8,372
Total liabilities		9,543
Fund balance		
Nonspendable	10	3,377
Unassigned	(10	3,377)
Total fund balance		_
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 2,24	9,543

Bay County Tax Collector Special-Purpose Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Ge	eneral Fund
REVENUES		
Commissions		
Bay County, Florida Board of County Commissioners	\$	4,348,331
Other governmental units		427,144
Charges for services		2,200,835
Miscellaneous		278,013
Total revenues		7,254,323
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
General government		5,175,288
Debt service		
Principal retirement		24,581
Interest and fiscal charges		3,768
Total expenditures		5,203,637
Excess of revenues over expenditures		2,050,686
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Proceeds from issuance of debt		6,599
Transfers out		,
Distribution of excess commissions to the Bay County, Florida Board of County		(1,872,779)
Commissioners		
Distribution of excess commissions to other governmental units		(184,506)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,050,686)
Net change in fund balance		-
Fund balance - beginning		-
Fund balance - ending	\$	-

Bay County Tax Collector Special-Purpose Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Commissions					
Bay County, Florida Board of County					
Commissioners	\$ 4,321,879	\$ 4,321,879	\$ 4,348,331	\$ 26,452	
Other governmental units	¢ 1,521,077	¢ 1,521,077	427,144	¢ 20,132 427,144	
Charges for services	1,951,547	1,951,547	2,200,835	249,288	
Miscellaneous	30,000	30,000	278,013	248,013	
		· · ·			
Total revenues	6,303,426	6,303,426	7,254,323	950,897	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	5,926,200	5,921,261	5,175,288	745,973	
Capital outlay					
General government	-	4,939	-	4,939	
Debt service					
Principal retirement	-	-	24,581	(24,581)	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	3,768	(3,768)	
Total expenditures	5,926,200	5,926,200	5,203,637	722,563	
Total expenditures	3,920,200	3,920,200	5,205,057	722,303	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	377,226	377,226	2,050,686	1,673,460	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	-	6,599	6,599	
Distribution of excess commissions to the			0,077	0,033	
Bay County, Florida Board of County					
of County Commissioners	(377,226)	(377,226)	(1,872,779)	(1,495,553)	
Distribution of excess commissions to other					
governmental units	-	-	(184,506)	(184,506)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(377,226)	(377,226)	(2,050,686)	(1,673,460)	
	¢	ф.		¢	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	
Fund balance - beginning				_	
Fund halance and inc		-	¢		
Fund balance - ending		=	\$ -	=	

Bay County Tax Collector Special-Purpose Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiducuary Funds September 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,265,767
Receivables, net	61
Total assets	\$ 3,265,828
LIABILITIES	
Deposits	\$ 2,102,452
Due to other governments	982,663
Due to others	180,713
Total liabilities	\$ 3,265,828
NET POSITION	
Restricted	
Held for others	\$ -
Total net position	\$ -

	Custodial Funds			
Additions				
Property taxes collected for other goverments	\$	269,866,564		
Funds held for others		29,376,899		
Total additions		299,243,463		
Deductions				
Property taxes distributed to other governments		269,866,564		
Funds held for others		29,376,899		
Total deductions		299,243,463		
Net change in fiduciary net position		-		
Net position - beginning of year		<u> </u>		
Net position - end of year	\$			

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Office of the Bay County Tax Collector (Tax Collector) is an integral part of Bay County, Florida (County) and is an elected Constitutional Office that is governed by state statutes and regulations. The financial statements of the Tax Collector are included in Bay County, Florida's basic financial statements. The Tax Collector operates on a fee system under which the officer retains fees, commissions, and other revenue to pay all operating expenditures, including statutory compensation. Any excess funds after the end of the fiscal year are distributed to each governmental unit in the same proportion as the fees paid by that governmental unit to the total fee income.

The Tax Collector's financial statements have been prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida (Rules). These financial statements are the fund financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). However, these fund financial statements do not constitute a complete presentation because, in conformity with the Rules, the Tax Collector has not presented reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements, management's discussion and analysis, or the pension or the other postemployment benefit related required supplementary information. Also, certain notes to special-purpose financial statements may supplement rather than duplicate the notes included in the County's financial statements. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the Tax Collector. They do not purport to, and do not, present the financial position of Bay County, Florida, as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position, for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with GAAP.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Licenses, operating and capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

The custodial funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements

The Tax Collector reports the following major governmental funds:

General fund – The General Fund is the Tax Collector's operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the Tax Collector reports the following fund types:

Custodial funds – Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the Tax Collector for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and other funds.

Budgetary Information

The preparation, adoption, and amendment of the Tax Collector's budget is governed by Chapter 195.087, Florida Statutes. The budget is prepared and adopted on a basis of accounting consistent with GAAP. Budgetary data presented in the accompanying special-purpose financial statements represent the original and final budgetary data. All budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity

Cash and cash equivalents

The Tax Collector's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Capital assets

Capital assets used by the Tax Collector are accounted for by the County and are included in the County's basic financial statements. Under Florida law, the County holds legal title and is accountable for these assets.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Unearned revenue – Unearned revenue recorded on the governmental fund balance sheet represents amounts received before eligibility requirements are met.

Compensated absences

It is the Tax Collector's policy to grant employees who leave in good standing payment for up to 240 hours of earned, unused paid time off. The paid time off policy allows for full-time employees to accumulate 6 to 10 hours per pay period, depending on the length of service.

Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Categories and Classification of Fund Balance

Fund balance flow assumptions – Sometimes the Tax Collector will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Tax Collector's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund balance policies – Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Tax Collector itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, specifies the following classifications:

Nonspendable fund balance – Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Tax Collector's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Tax Collector that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance.

Categories and Classification of Fund Balance (Continued)

Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned fund balance – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Tax Collector for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board may by resolution authorize the finance director to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned fund balance – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the Tax Collector's fund balance.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, March 29, 2023 and determined there were no events that occurred that required disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. There were no significant impacts of implementing this Statement.

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued statements that will become effective in future years. These statements are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Assets and liabilities resulting from SBITAs should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the fiscal year in which this Statement is implemented. Governments are permitted, but are not required, to include in the measurement of the subscription asset capitalizable outlays associated with the initial implementation stage and the operation and additional implementation stage incurred prior to the implementation of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for (a) accounting changes and (b) the correction of an error in previously issued financial statements (error correction). This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. Furthermore, this Statement addresses how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information (RSI) and supplementary information (SI). The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2022, the Tax Collector's bank balances are covered by federal depository insurance. Monies invested in amounts greater than the insurance coverage are secured by the qualified public depositories pledging securities with the State Treasurer in such amounts required by the Florida Security for Public Depositories Act. In the event of a default or insolvency of a qualified public depositor, the State Treasurer will implement procedures for payment of losses according to the validated claims of the Tax Collector pursuant to Section 280.08, Florida Statutes.

Custodial credit risk – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution a government may not be able to recover deposits. Monies placed on deposit with financial institutions in the form of demand deposits, time deposits or certificate of deposits are defined as public deposits. The financial institutions in which the Tax Collector places its deposits are certified as "qualified public depositories," as required under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Tax Collector will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Accounts receivable, net

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

At September 30, 2022, accounts receivable, net is summarized as follows:

	General Fund		Custodial Funds		
Accounts receivable	\$	21,621 \$		61	
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts		_		_	
Accounts receivable, net	\$	21,621 \$		61	

The Tax Collector considers all amounts collectible; therefore, there is no provision for doubtful accounts at September 30, 2022.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax revenue is recognized when levied to the extent that it results in current receivables. The Bay County property tax calendar is as follows:

Lien date Levy date Tax bills mailed Payments due by Delinquent date Tax sales – delinquent property taxes January 1 October 1 November 1 March 31 April 1 June 1

NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT PLANS

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Description of plan

The Tax Collector contributes to the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. FRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. A comprehensive annual financial report of FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial reports, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Funding requirements

FRS is funded through employee and employer contributions. The Tax Collector is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Rates effective for October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, were 10.82%, 29.01%, and 51.42% for regular employees, senior management, and elected county officials, respectively. Rates effective for July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, were 11.91%, 31.57%, and 57.00% for regular employees, senior management, and elected county officials, respectively. Employee contributions of 3% were required for all participants. The employer rate for eligible employees who elected to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) was 18.34% for October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and 18.60% for July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, with no employee contribution required.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Tax Collector are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Tax Collector's contributions to FRS for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were \$253,812, \$223,627, and \$220,017, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year. The required employee contributions made to the plan for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$54,232.

NOTE 5 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Description of plan

Pursuant to Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, the Florida Legislature created the Florida Retirement Investment Plan (FRS Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The FRS Investment Plan is an alternative available to members of the Florida Retirement System in lieu of the defined benefit plan. There is a uniform contribution rate covering both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans, depending on membership class. Required employer contributions made to the plan during the year ended September 30, 2022, totaled \$172,592.

The obligations and disclosures required under GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, are accounted for and disclosed in the County's financial statements.

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CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Bay County Tax Collector Combining Special-Purpose Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds					
	P	roperty Tax		Tag		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,670,258	\$	595,509	\$	3,265,767
Receivables, net		-		61		61
Total assets	\$	2,670,258	\$	595,570	\$	3,265,828
LIABILITIES						
Deposits		2,102,452		-		2,102,452
Due to other governments		387,093		595,570		982,663
Due to others		180,713		-		180,713
Total liabilities	\$	2,670,258	\$	595,570	\$	3,265,828
NET POSITION						
Restricted	¢		¢		¢	
Held for others	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total net position	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Bay County Tax Collector Combining Special-Purpose Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year Ended September 30, 2022

Custodial Funds

		-	T 1
	Property Tax	Tag	Total
Additions			
Property taxes collected for other goverments	\$ 269,866,564	\$ -	\$ 269,866,564
Funds held for others		29,376,899	29,376,899
Total additions	269,866,564	29,376,899	299,243,463
Deductions			
Property taxes distributed to other governments	269,866,564	-	269,866,564
Funds held for others	-	29,376,899	29,376,899
Total deductions	269,866,564	29,376,899	299,243,463
Net change in fiduciary net position	-	-	-
Net position - beginning of year		_	-
Net position - end of year	\$	\$ -	\$ -

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Chuck Perdue Bay County Tax Collector Bay County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the special-purpose financial statements of the Bay County Tax Collector as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 29, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to special-purpose financial statements. The Bay County Tax Collector was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Bay County Tax Collector has no component units.

The Honorable Chuck Perdue Bay County Tax Collector Page Two

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, and the Bay County Tax Collector and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

The Honorable Chuck Perdue Bay County Tax Collector Bay County, Florida

We have examined the Bay County Tax Collector's compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Bay County Tax Collector's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Bay County Tax Collector's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Bay County Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Bay County Tax Collector complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the examination engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Bay County Tax Collector's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Bay County Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Bay County Tax Collector, management and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

The Honorable Chuck Perdue Bay County Tax Collector Bay County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the major fund and aggregate remaining fund information of the Bay County Tax Collector as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to special-purpose financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bay County Tax Collector's basic special-purpose financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2023, which contains an emphasis of matter referring to a basis of presentation required for compliance with state reporting requirements. Our opinions were not modified with respect to this matter.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Bay County Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Tax Collector's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Tax Collector's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. The Honorable Chuck Perdue Bay County Tax Collector Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Bay County Tax Collector's specialpurpose financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Tommy Ford Bay County Sheriff Bay County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying special-purpose financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bay County Sheriff, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to special-purpose financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bay County Sheriff's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bay County Sheriff as of September 30, 2022, the changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Bay County Sheriff and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The Honorable Tommy Ford Bay County Sheriff Page Two

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of the major fund only for that portion of the major fund of Bay County, Florida that is attributable to the Bay County Sheriff. They do not purport to, and do not, present the financial position of Bay County, Florida as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion was not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bay County Sheriff's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

The Honorable Tommy Ford Bay County Sheriff Page Three

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bay County Sheriff's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bay County Sheriff's special-purpose financial statements. The accompanying combining special-purpose balance sheet–nonmajor governmental funds; combining special-purpose statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance–nonmajor governmental funds; combining special-purpose statement of fiduciary net position; and combining special-purpose statement of changes in fiduciary net position, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the special-purpose financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the special-purpose financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the special-purpose financial statements or to the special-purpose financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance

The Honorable Tommy Ford Bay County Sheriff Page Four

with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining special-purpose balance sheet–nonmajor governmental funds; combining special-purpose statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance–nonmajor governmental funds; combining special-purpose statement of fiduciary net position; and combining special-purpose statement of changes in fiduciary net position are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2023, on our consideration of the Bay County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Sheriff's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Bay County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Parr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023

Bay County Sheriff Special-Purpose Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2022

	General Fund		Inmate Welfare		Crime Prevention		Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,597,301	\$ 2,330,705	\$	243,605	\$	259,395	\$	4,431,006
Accounts receivable, net		1,028,884	123,924		-		6,000		1,158,808
Total assets		2,626,185	2,454,629		243,605		265,395		5,589,814
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments Unearned revenue		495,124 766,279 1,364,782	- -		- -		5,653		500,777 766,279 1,364,782
Total liabilities Fund balance Restricted		2,626,185	- 2,454,629		- 243,605		5,653 259,742		2,631,838 2,957,976
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	2,626,185	\$ 	\$	243,605	\$	265,395	\$	5,589,814

Bay County Sheriff Special-Purpose Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Gener Fund		Inmate Welfare	Р	Crime revention	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 5,46	7,091	\$-	\$	331	\$	197,045	\$	5,664,467
Interest income	-	5,737	-		-		-		5,737
Charges for services		-	1,800,821		-		-		1,800,821
Miscellaneous	28.	3,452	-		-		-		283,452
Total revenues	5,75	5,280	1,800,821		331		197,045		7,754,477
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Public safety	50,35	5,690	990,302		53,573		222,516		51,623,081
Capital outlay									
Public safety	1,57	7,294	100,112		-		13,387		1,690,793
Debt service									
Principal retirement	1,012	2,108	-		20,288		-		1,032,396
Interest and fiscal charges	20),363	-		1,312		-		21,675
Total expenditures	52,96	5,455	1,090,414		75,173		235,903		54,367,945
Excess (deficit) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	(47,21),175)	710,407		(74,842)		(38,858)	(46,613,468)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Budget appropriations from									
Board of County Commissioners	46,62	3.192	-		-		-		46,623,192
Debt issuance		9,122	-		-		-		939,122
Proceeds from the sales of surplus assets),198	-		-		69,493		199,691
Transfer out/return of excess fees		2,337)	-		-		-		(482,337)
Total other financing sources (uses)	47,210	· · ·	-		-		69,493		47,279,668
Net change in fund balance		-	710,407	,	(74,842)		30,635		666,200
Fund balance - beginning		-	1,744,222		318,447		229,107		2,291,776
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$ 2,454,629	\$	243,605	\$	259,742	\$	2,957,976

Bay County Sheriff Special-Purpose Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts						Va	riance with
	C	Driginal		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES	¢	4 2 47 9 22	¢	4 650 644	¢	5 4 67 001	¢	000 447
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	4,347,822	\$	4,658,644	\$	5,467,091	\$	808,447
Interest income		-		-		5,737		5,737
Miscellaneous		-		-		283,452		283,452
Total revenues		4,347,822		4,658,644		5,756,280		1,097,636
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Public safety	4	9,007,201		49,914,383		50,356,690		(442,307)
Capital outlay						, ,		
Public safety		699,674		699,674		1,577,294		(877,620)
Debt service								
Principal retirement		896,677		896,677		1,012,108		(115,431)
Interest and fiscal charges		20,363		20,363		20,363		_
Total expenditures	5	0,623,915		51,531,097		52,966,455		(1,435,358)
Excess (deficit) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	(4	6,276,093)	((46,872,453)		(47,210,175)		(337,722)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Budget appropriations from Board of								
County Commissioners	4	6,276,093		46,872,453		46,623,192		(249,261)
Debt issuance	+	0,270,095		40,872,433		40,023,192 939,122		939,122
Proceeds from the sales of surplus assets		-		-		130,198		130,198
Transfer out/return of excess fees				_		(482,337)		(482,337)
Total other financing sources (uses)	4	6,276,093		46,872,453		47,210,175		337,722
Four other matering sources (uses)		0,270,095		10,072,155		17,210,170		331,122
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	=	-	\$	-
Fund balance - beginning						-		
				•			-	
Fund balance - ending					\$	-		
6				:			=	

Bay County Sheriff Special-Purpose Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2022

	Custodial	Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 76	6,290
Total assets	\$ 76	6,290
LIABILITIES		
Due to other governments	\$ 4	4,075
Total liabilities	\$ 4	4,075
NET POSITION		
Restricted		
Held for others	\$ 72	2,215
Total net position	\$ 72	2,215

Bay County Sheriff Special-Purpose Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year ended September 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
Additions	
Funds held for others	\$ 206,311
Seizures	213,695
Bonds, purges, and levies	98,417
Total additions	518,423
Deductions	
Current	
Funds held for others	206,311
Seizures	208,030
Bonds, purges, and levies	92,468
Total deductions	506,809
Net increase in fiduciary net position	11,614
Net position - beginning of year	710,601
Net position - end of year	\$ 722,215

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Office of the Bay County Sheriff (Sheriff) is an integral part of Bay County, Florida (County) and is an elected Constitutional Office that is governed by state statutes and regulations. The financial statements of the Sheriff are included in the County's basic financial statements. The office of the Sheriff operates on a budgetary system, whereby appropriated funds of the general fund are received from the Board of County Commissioners (Board) and unexpended appropriations are remitted to the Board after the end of the fiscal year.

The Sheriff's financial statements have been prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida (Rules). These financial statements are the fund financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). However, these fund financial statements do not constitute a complete presentation because, in conformity with the Rules, the Sheriff has not presented reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements, the government-wide financial statements, management's discussion and analysis, or the pension or the other postemployment benefit related required supplementary information. Also, certain notes to special-purpose financial statements may supplement rather than duplicate the notes included in the County's financial statements. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position, where applicable, of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bay County, Florida that is attributable to the Sheriff. They do not purport to, and do not, present the financial position of Bay County, Florida, as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position, for the fiscal year then ended in accordance GAAP.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Licenses, operating and capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The custodial funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Sheriff's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others that cannot be used to support the government's own programs. Custodial funds are purely custodial and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The Sheriff reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Sheriff's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Inmate Welfare Fund is used to account for expenditures related to inmate welfare, funded by the proceeds from jail activities.

Crime Prevention Fund is used to account for expenditures to fund crime prevention programs in the County in accordance with Florida Statute 775.083, funded through fines paid by offenders.

Additionally, the Sheriff reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes other than capital projects.

Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the Sheriff for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and other funds. The Sheriff reports the following custodial funds:

Crime scene – to account for cash collected during crime scenes, not considered evidence, as an agent for individuals until investigation is finalized.

Forfeitures – to account for assets held as an agent for individuals until court proceedings are finalized.

Other suspense – to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds received from various sources such as purges from child support, transportation restitution, miscellaneous contracts, and proceeds from court ordered sale of abandoned property, etc. Disbursement of these funds is made in accordance with the purpose of the receipt.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Search & rescue – to account for fees collected and expenses incurred for Search & Rescue training programs as an agent for individuals teaching the program.

Sheriff's fees – to account for fees charged for the service of process in civil cases.

During the course of operations, the Sheriff has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out.

Budgetary Information

The preparation, adoption, and amendment of the Sheriff's budget is governed by Chapters 30 and 129, Florida Statutes. The Sheriff does not budget for proceeds from leases, otherwise the Sheriff's General Fund budget is prepared and adopted on a basis of accounting consistent with GAAP. Budgetary data presented in the accompanying special-purpose financial statements in the final budgeted amounts column represent the final budgetary data. In this column the effects of budget amendments have been applied to original budgetary data. Any excess expenditures over budgeted amounts are a result of unbudgeted revenues with offsetting related unbudgeted expenses or reimbursements. All budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The Sheriff is not legally required to prepare a budget for any funds other than the general fund; therefore comparative budget and actual results are not presented for these other funds.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity

Cash and cash equivalents

The Sheriff's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Unearned revenue – Unearned revenue recorded on the governmental fund balance sheet represents amounts received before eligibility requirements are met.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, leased assets, and right-to-use assets, used by the Sheriff in governmental fund type operations are reported in the governmental activities column in the County's financial statements. Capital assets are defined as all firearms, regardless of cost, and assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value on the date received.

Categories and Classification of Net Position and Fund Balance

Fund balance flow assumptions – Sometimes the Sheriff will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Sheriff's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund balance policies – Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Sheriff itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, specifies the following classifications:

Nonspendable – Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Sheriff's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Sheriff that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Categories and Classification of Net Position and Fund Balance (Continued)

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Sheriff for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board may by resolution authorize the finance director to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the Sheriff's fund balances.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, March 29, 2023 and determined there were no events that occurred that required disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these consolidated financial statements.

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. There were no significant impacts of implementing this Statement.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following statement that will become effective in future years. The statement applicable to the Sheriff's financial statement is as follows:

In May 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Assets and liabilities resulting from SBITAs should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the fiscal year in which this statement is implemented. Governments are permitted, but are not required, to include in the measurement of the subscription asset capitalizable outlays associated with the initial implementation stage and the operation and additional implementation stage incurred prior to the implementation of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for (a) accounting changes and (b) the correction of an error in previously issued financial statements (error correction). This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. Furthermore, this Statement addresses how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information (RSI) and supplementary information (SI). The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

The Sheriff is evaluating the requirements of the above statements and the impact on reporting.

NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2022, the Sheriff's bank balances are covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC). Monies invested in amounts greater than the insurance coverage are secured by the qualified public depositories pledging securities with the State Treasurer in such amounts required by the Florida Security for Public Depositories Act. In the event of a default or insolvency of a qualified public depositor, the State Treasurer will implement procedures for payment of losses according to the validated claims of the Sheriff pursuant to Section 280.08, Florida Statutes.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution a government may not be able to recover deposits. Monies placed on deposit with financial institutions in the form of demand deposits, time deposits or certificate of deposits are defined as public deposits. The financial institutions in which the Sheriff places its deposits are certified as "qualified public depositories," as required under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Sheriff will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Accounts Receivable

All account receivables are shown net of allowances for uncollectable accounts for governmental funds. The accounts receivable and allowance for uncollectible accounts at September 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Accounts Receivable	Unbilled Receivable	Allowance for Uncollectible	Net
General Fund	\$ 1,028,884	\$ -	\$-	\$ 1,028,884
Inmate Welfare Fund	123,924	-	-	123,924
Other Governmental Funds	6,000	-	-	6,000
Total	\$ 1,158,808	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,158,808

The Sheriff considers all amounts collectible; therefore there is no provision for doubtful accounts at September 30, 2022.

NOTE 3 – RETIREMENT PLANS

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Description of plan

The Sheriff contributes to the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. FRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. A comprehensive annual financial report of FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial reports, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Funding requirements

FRS is funded through employee and employer contributions. The Sheriff is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Rates effective for October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, were 10.82%, 29.01%, and 51.42% for regular employees, senior management, and elected county officials, respectively. Rates effective for July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, were 11.91%, 31.57%, and 57.00% for regular employees, senior management, and elected county officials, respectively. Employee contributions of 3% were required for all participants. The employer rate for eligible employees who elected to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) was 18.34% for October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and 18.60% for July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, with no employee contribution required.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Sheriff are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Sheriff's contributions to FRS for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were \$4,784,581, \$4,081,088, and \$4,098,346, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year. The required employee contributions made to the plan for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$591,416.

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Description of plan

Pursuant to Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, the Florida Legislature created the Florida Retirement Investment Plan (FRS Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The FRS Investment Plan is an alternative available to members of the Florida Retirement System in lieu of the defined benefit plan. There is a uniform contribution rate covering both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans, depending on membership class. Required employer contributions made to the plan during the year ended September 30, 2022, totaled \$1,187,196.

NOTE 3 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Defined Contribution Pension Plan (Continued)

Description of plan (Continued)

The obligations and disclosures required under GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, are accounted for and disclosed in the County's financial statements.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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Bay County Sheriff Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2022

		Special ntribution	-	becial Law reement Trust		Chapter 705		Law Forcement Fraining	Total	
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,497	\$	99,313	\$	100,311	\$	46,274	\$	259,395
Accounts receivable, net	ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	- 100,511	Ψ	6,000	Ψ	6,000
Total assets		13,497		99,313		100,311		52,274		265,395
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	E									
Liabilities		-		-		5,653		-		5,653
Total liabilities		-		-		5,653		-		5,653
Fund balance										
Restricted		13,497		99,313		94,658		52,274		259,742
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	13,497	\$	99,313	\$	100,311	\$	52,274	\$	265,395

Bay County Sheriff Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2022

								Law	
		Special	S	pecial Law		Chapter	En	forcement	
	Co	ntribution	Enforcement Trust			705]	Training	Total
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	11,366	\$	34,901	\$	95,561	\$	55,217	\$ 197,045
Total revenues		11,366		34,901		95,561	·	55,217	197,045
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Public safety		9,119		47,111		76,814		89,472	222,516
Capital outlay									
Public safety		-		-		13,387		-	13,387
Total expenditures		9,119		47,111		90,201		89,472	235,903
Excess (deficit) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		2,247		(12,210)		5,360		(34,255)	(38,858)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Proceeds from the sales of surplus assets		-		69,493		-		-	69,493
Total other financing sources		-		69,493		-		-	69,493
Net change in fund balance		2,247		57,283		5,360		(34,255)	30,635
Fund balance - beginning		11,250		42,030		89,298		86,529	229,107
Fund balance - ending	\$	13,497	\$	99,313	\$	94,658	\$	52,274	\$ 259,742

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

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Bay County Sheriff Combining Special-Purpose Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2022

					Custo	dial Fu	nds		
	Other Ispense	F	Forfeiture	S	bheriff's Fees		earch & Rescue	Crime Scene	Total
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,940	\$	611,226	\$	18,456	\$	25,619	\$ 101,049	\$ 766,290
Total assets	\$ 9,940	\$	611,226	\$	18,456	\$	25,619	\$ 101,049	\$ 766,290
LIABILITIES									
Due to other governments	\$ -	\$	-	\$	18,456	\$	25,619	\$ -	\$ 44,075
Total liabilities	\$ -	\$	-	\$	18,456	\$	25,619	\$ -	\$ 44,075
NET POSITION									
Restricted									
Held for others	\$ 9,940	\$	611,226	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 101,049	\$ 722,215
Total net position	\$ 9,940	\$	611,226	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 101,049	\$ 722,215

Bay County Sheriff Combining Special-Purpose Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2022

				Custod	ial Fur	nds			
	0ther spense	Forfeiture	Sheri Fee			earch & Rescue	Crime Scene		Total
Additions									
Funds held for others	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 190	.020	\$	16,291	\$	-	\$ 206,311
Seizures	-	195,023		-		-		18,672	213,695
Bonds, purges, and levies	98,417	-		-		-		-	98,417
Total additions	98,417	195,023	190	,020		16,291		18,672	518,423
Deductions Current									
Funds held for others	-	-	190	,020		16,291		-	206,311
Seizures	-	154,359		-		· -		53,671	208,030
Bonds, purges, and levies	92,468	-		-		-		-	92,468
Total deductions	92,468	154,359	190	,020		16,291		53,671	506,809
Net increase (decrease) in fiducairy net position	5,949	40,664		-		-		(34,999)	11,614
Net position - beginning of year	3,991	570,562		-		-		136,048	710,601
Net position - end of year	\$ 9,940	\$ 611,226	\$	-	\$	-	\$	101,049	\$ 722,215



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Tommy Ford Bay County Sheriff Bay County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the special-purpose financial statements of the Bay County Sheriff as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 29, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report, except as noted below:

Tabulation of Uncorrected Audit Findings									
Current Year Finding # 2020-21 FY Finding #									
2022-001	2021-001								

The Honorable Tommy Ford Bay County Sheriff Page Two

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to special-purpose financial statements. The Bay County Sheriff was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Bay County Sheriff has no component units.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we recommend that management ensure bank statements are properly reconciled and documentation of approval of the reconciliation be evidenced.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, and the Bay County Sheriff and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

The Honorable Tommy Ford Bay County Sheriff Bay County, Florida

We have examined the Bay County Sheriff's compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Bay County Sheriff's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Bay County Sheriff's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Bay County Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Bay County Sheriff complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the examination engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Bay County Sheriff's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Bay County Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Bay County Sheriff, management and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

The Honorable Tommy Ford Bay County Sheriff Bay County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bay County Sheriff as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to special-purpose financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bay County Sheriff's basic special-purpose financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2023, which contains an emphasis of matter referring to a basis of presentation required for compliance with state reporting requirements. Our opinions were not modified with respect to this matter.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Bay County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bay County Sheriff's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described below and identified as 2022-001, that we considered to be a material weakness.

The Honorable Tommy Ford Bay County Sheriff Page Two

2022-001

Condition: Material adjustments to the financial records for cash, revenue, receivables, expenses, unearned revenue, accounts payable, and prepaids, were made in order for the financial statements to conform to generally accepted accounting principles.

Criteria: Internal controls should prevent, or detect and correct adjustment timely to provide materially correct financial information.

Cause: The Sheriff's controls did not identify the adjustments timely.

Effect: Adjustments were required for current year balances.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Sheriff accounting staff continue to strive toward identifying proposed audit adjustments more timely.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: Management agrees with auditors' recommendation.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Bay County Sheriff's special-purpose financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements.

However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants Panama City Beach, Florida March 29, 2023

